TODAY'S WEATHER
FAIR AND WARMER IS THE
LOCAL FORECAST.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS
EDITION

VOL. 118. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 251. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1904.—TWELVE PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

NEWS SUMMARY

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LOCAL.

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Pencoyd Works to Resume.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—The American Bridge Company, which owns the Pencoyd iron works of this city, has announced that the Pencoyd plant will resume work on April 25. The works have been practically closed for several months. About 2,000 men will be employed.

THE WEATHER

Fair and warmer weather today and tomorrow is the forecast of the Washington weather man for Pittsburgh and this vicinity. The maximum temperateur yesterday was 37 and the minimum 30. High wind and snow flurries prevailed during the day. The sun rose cloudy at 6:01 and set cloudy at 6:47 yesterday. The daily report, furnished by the local weather office, follows:

Fair.

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m....	30.21	34	71	N.	Lt. Snow
8 p. m....	30.42	31	59	N.	Clear

Comparative temperature and precipitation for April 3:

	1904	1903		1904	1903
Maximum ..	37	76	Mean	34	60
Minimum ..	30	43	Precipitation .	T.	.27

Nor. temp. 31 yrs. 47 | Nor. precip. 31 yrs. .09
Dfcy. for day..... 13 | Exc. since Apr. 1.. .64
Dfcy. since Apr. 1. 2 | Exc. since Jan. 1..1.26
Dfcy. since Jan. 1.308

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Fair, not so cool Monday; Tuesday, fair and warmer.

West Virginia—Fair Monday and Tuesday, with rising temperature.

Eastern Ohio—Fair and warmer Monday and Tuesday.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Cincinnati .	38	Clear	Indianapolis	40	Clear
Oklahoma .	62	Clear	Washington	38	Clear
Chicago ...	30	Clear	Louisville ...	38	Clear
Nashville .	42	Clear	Kansas City	44	PtCldy
St. Louis...	42	Clear	Philadelphia	32	Clear
Cairo	46	Clear	St. Paul.....	46	Clear
Omaha	46	Clear	Bismarck ...	54	Clear
El Paso ..	70	Clear	Helena	58	Clear
Vicksburg .	58	Clear	New Orleans.	68	Clear
New York..	32	Clear	Denver	54	Clear
Buffalo	28	Clear	Salt Lake....	56	Cloudy
Marquette .	28	Clear	Cleveland ...	28	Clear

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived April 3.

New York—La Touraine, from Havre; Gallia, from Marseilles.

Passed April 3.

Gibraltar—Germania, from New York for Naples.

Scilly—Zeeland, from New York for Antwerp.

St. Michaels—Koenig Albert, from Naples for New York.

Sailed April 3.

Queenstown—Merion, for Philadelphia; Celtic, for New York; Umbria, for New York. Boulogne—Ryndam, for New York.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—Maude Adams in "The Pretty Sister of Jose," 8:15 p. m.

ALVIN—Edward Morgan and Sarah Truax in "The Eternal City," 8:15 p. m.

DUQUESNE—The Orpheum Show, 8 p. m.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Stock company in "All On Account of Eliza," 2 and 8 p. m.

AVENUE—Continuous vaudeville bill of 15 acts, headed by Vesta Tilley, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

BIJOU—Joseph Murphy in "Kerry Gow," 2 and 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—Barney Gilmore in "Kidnaped in New York," 8:15 p. m.

ACADEMY—The Blue Ribbon Girls, 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Skating afternoon and evening; tonight, grand fancy dress carnival.

TOWN OCCUPIED BY JAPANESE

Expect No Further Opposition South of the Yalu River.

LOSSES AT CHENGJU

Russians Had 400 Killed or Wounded and Japanese 30. A Strong Point.

PORT ARTHUR IS WATCHED

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

Ping-Yang, April 3.—The Russians hold the Yalu for 75 miles from its mouth. Their cavalry is concentrated at Wiju.

SHANGHAI, April 3.—(Copyright Cable.)—It is credibly reported here that the Japanese are operating in an irregular lozenge-shaped area, whose corners are intended to be Antung, Niuchwang, Kirin and Vladivostok. One force of 105,000 troops have been landed opposite Takuthan, in southern Manchuria, and is marching north and northwest. Another army of 40,000 men was landed in northwestern Korea and is marching toward the Yalu river. A third force, whose numbers are unknown, has been disembarked in northeastern Korea and is marching west. It is supposed that another force will attack Niuchwang from the southwest, and news of an engagement is daily expected. The ice in the Yalu river is thawing and the Russians are slowly retiring northward. Good authorities here estimate that the Russian force in Manchuria is 290,000 men, but this is probably an excessive estimate.

Another Town Occupied.

TOKYO, April 3, 7 p. m.—The advance guard of the Japanese army in northwestern Korea occupied the town of Seng-Cheng yesterday afternoon without opposition. Seng-Cheng is on the Pekin road, 18 miles west of Chengju and about 40 miles south of Wiju.

When the Japanese drove the Russians out of Chengju last Monday the Russians withdrew in two columns, one going over the Koak San road and the other over the Pekin road. The Japanese advance from Chengju was made very rapidly. It was anticipated that the Russians would resist this advance, but they failed to do so, and now it is not probable that there will be any further opposition south of the Yalu river.

Chengju, because of its superior natural surroundings, is the strongest place between Ping-Yang and Wiju. Besides these natural advantages there is an old Korean fort there which, had it been defended with spirit would have been hard to take. The Japanese are gratified at the comparative ease with which they drove the Russians from this fort.

Russian patrols are reported to be in the country east of the Pekin road, but it is not probable that there is any considerable force of Russians in that section. The patrols are withdrawing gradually to the northward, toward the Yalu. It is reported that the ice on the Yalu is well broken up and in the future the river must be crossed either in junks or over pontoon bridges.

By BENNETT BURLEIGH.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]
(Copyright, 1904, by the New York Herald Co.)

SEOUL, April 3.—Japanese troops are advancing toward the Yalu river. They have had another action, repulsing the Russians smartly. Only a score of Japanese were wounded in connection with the engagement at Chengju in Northern Korea March 28. Much fighting occurred in the town itself, which is a big walled place. It is asserted here that 400 Russians were killed or wounded and that a number were captured. The Japanese losses are given as 30.

Twenty of the soldiers wounded in the skirmish at Kusan on March 26 embarked Thursday last upon the hospital ship Kosia Maru. They are doing well. The Russian losses on that occasion are estimated at 500. It is rumored in the same connection that a Japanese major and 30 men were cut off and captured.

Japanese Move Northward.

The great body of Japanese troops has moved northward from Chinnampo and other harbors used for the landing of troops and stores, which latter are arriving at Chinnampo in huge quantities. A tramway has been laid from the landing place and for two miles on either side of the roadway a thousand coolies were busily adding to the huge piles of war material, even as late as yesterday. The weather is now milder and the land campaign will soon be in full swing. The Japanese fleet is still intact and continues watching Port Arthur. Doubtless the mikado's sailors will succeed in blocking the place. Only a narrow passage is now left. The Russians have taken many of the 12-inch guns out of their ships to arm old and new forts. The northern seas are safely patroled.

It seems reasonable to believe, now that the defenses of Port Arthur have been weakened, that its early capture is to be expected.

FOUR CRUISERS PURCHASED BY RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT

ST. PETERSBURG, April 3.—(Copyright Cable.)—It is stated here that four ships of the cruiser type built for the Turkish government by Germany and also two cruisers built by France have been purchased by Russia at the price of $20,000,000, the terms being that all be delivered here within a short period. An American house is going to supply tinned provisions to the value of 1,125,000 roubles.

SCENES IN PITTSBURGH ON THE COLD BUT JOYOUS EASTER DAY

(Photographed by Emil J. Kloes, Staff Photographer of The Gazette.)

LINE UP AT SCHENLEY PARK TO SEE THE FLORAL SHOW

POOR WERE NOT FORGOTTEN.

WYLIE AVE. DISTRICT OBSERVED EASTER TOO.

COMING OUT OF OLD TRINITY

ALL AWAITING FINAL ANSWER

Leaders in the Dark as to the Governor's Candidacy.

CONFERENCE TODAY

Pennypacker to Meet Penrose in Relation to the Justiceship.

CONVENTION TO BE PLACID

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Press Building,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 3.

"The Republican state convention will be entirely harmonious. There is nothing apparent which can cause friction. The business to be transacted will not take much time, and nominations made will be made unanimous. In Pennsylvania the party was never in better form. It will roll up a tremendous Roosevelt majority in November."

Senator Boies Penrose, Republican state chairman, made this prediction tonight. He did not care to be quoted in reference to the proposed nomination of Gov. Pennypacker for justice of the supreme court. Chairman Penrose said he had not seen the governor since October. For this reason he was not certain whether the governor would accept.

If Gov. Pennypacker says he will accept the nomination it will come to him by acclamation, but, according to the best information obtainable, he has not as yet given such an assurance. His hesitation is prompted by characteristic conservatism, but this does not alter the fact that it seriously handicaps the plans of the organization leaders.

Chairman Penrose will go to Harrisburg in the morning. He expected to be joined there by Senator Quay, but this afternoon Maj. A. G. C. Quay, the senator's son, telephoned Penrose that it was uncertain if his father would be able to go to Harrisburg.

To Meet Governor Today.

Whether Quay goes to the capital or not, Penrose will get in touch with Gov. Pennypacker tomorrow. He then expects the governor to give a final answer. Should the governor decide to serve out his term favorite sons will get into the game. Who would be the choice, after the governor, is now a matter of abstract speculation.

Gov. Pennypacker's chief aspiration has for years been a seat on the supreme bench. It is the wish nearest his heart, save one, and that is to do right. Paramount to all thought of personal preferment is his determination to do his duty, his duty to himself and the state. Should he decide that the justiceship nomination would, even in a remote degree, infringe upon his sense of honor, he would reject it without regret, without a thought of political consequence. Quay and Penrose know this to be true, as do all people who have fairly and justly measured the man who now occupies the executive chair.

For these reasons there is tonight

Continued on Second Page, Fifth Column.

FIGHT SILVER; FAVOR BRYAN

Nebraska Democrats Organizing for an Uninstructed Delegation.

OPPOSED TO HEARST

Resolution Passed by New League to Name Orator a Delegate-at-Large.

LATTER IS AGAINST THEM

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Omaha, Neb., April 3.—The Democratic Success league was organized here last night by the "reorganizers" of the Democratic party with the intention of defeating the 16-to-1 plank in the next Democratic national platform and to send an uninstructed delegation to the national convention. The league will have branches in every county in the state, and every effort will be made to defeat the free silver delegates. As set forth in the call, the object of the meeting was to perfect a state organization. "No Democrat will be refused admittance," states the call. "We don't propose to be caught napping by the Bryan or Hearst men, nor will we be chary about making a flat statement showing where we stand."

The meeting, which was well attended by Democrats from many different counties, passed resolutions declaring for the elimination of the 16 to 1 plank in the next platform, declaring that silver was not an issue and favoring sending an uninstructed delegation to the convention, with Mr. Bryan as delegate-at-large, and placing him on the committee on resolutions. The question of indorsing Mr. Bryan as delegate-at-large called forth great discussion, and the statement, "we ought to kill Bryan at home," was made many times. The resolution, however, was passed.

It was reported from Lincoln today that letters are being sent to hundreds of the faithful from the "Bryan press bureau," calling the attention to the apathy of the regulars and the activity of reorganizers, and calling upon old friends to see that the reorganizers do not win control of the county conventions, and through them the state convention. Mr. Bryan asks, so it is reported, that the reorganizers be watched closely and that everything possible be done to prevent them getting control of affairs. These letters, which are said to bear Mr. Bryan's name, are sent to the faithful only.

CARNEGIE IS READY TO HELP REPUBLICANS

NEW YORK, April 3.—(Special.)—The Herald prints a statement that Andrew Carnegie, before he sailed for Europe, declared to a friend that he is ready to give $500,000 or $1,000,000 toward the Republican campaign fund to elect President Roosevelt in November. The story quotes Carnegie as saying: "The president shall not be beaten by a conspiracy of rich men to defeat him if I can help it."

WANT KING CHRISTIAN TO SETTLE ORIENTAL WAR

Edward and Alexandra, It Is Said, Will Urge Him to Act as Arbitrator of Eastern Dispute.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

COPENHAGEN, April 3.—It is said that King Edward and Queen Alexandra, who arrived here three days ago to be present at the celebration of King Christian's birthday on April 8, are going to try to have the old king of Denmark appointed arbitrator between Russia and Japan. It is thought that the king, as the father of Queen Alexandra, as well as grandfather of the czarina, would prove acceptable to Russia, as well as to Japan, and would be able to render an unprejudiced decision. Princess Waldemar of Denmark has for some time used her influence with the czar to have the differences betwen the two countries submitted to arbitration and it is thought that as soon as Russia wins a decisive victory, the czar will be strong enough to induce the strong war party in Russia to accept the king as arbitrator.

The king personally, while strongly wishing for peace, is said to be in favor of having a younger man appointed as arbitrator, but it is considered beyond all doubt that if he thinks that both countries could be induced to submit to his judgment, he will do everything in his power to end the war. Still more so, as the mobilization of the reserves of the Danish army, which are being held in readiness for all events, has already cost and is daily costing the country a considerable amount of money.

NEW YORK'S CHOICE WILL BE JUDGE ALTON PARKER

Hill Determined to Have Delegates Positively Instructed for His Favorite.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

ALBANY, N. Y., April 3.—From a source so close to former Senator Hill that it may be understood as representing his views, it is learned it is intended that the New York state delegation to the Democratic national convention at St. Louis shall be positively instructed in favor of Judge Alton B. Parker as New York's choice for the presidential nomination.

Senator Hill and his friends now believe they will control at least three-fourths of the state convention, which will be held here April 18.

It has been during recent years an almost unbroken custom for the New York Democratic delegation to go to the national convention with positive instructions. Only in 1883 were there no instructions. In that year Grover Cleveland and Roswell P. Flower, both New York state men, were candidates. The New York delegates voted for Cleveland.

NEW REVOLUTION IN SANTO DOMINGO

Generals Desert Morales for Vasquez—Jiminez Abandons Town During Attack.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

CAPE HAYTIEN, April 3.—A dispatch from Monte Cristi, Santo Domingo, reports that Gen. Epifanio Rodriguez and Clena Navarro attacked that place and that Gen. Jiminez being without ammunition, abandoned the town and embarked on the German steamer Hispania for St. Thomas. The news is confirmed by the Dominican consul here.

It is rumored that Gens. Rodriguez and Navarro, having abandoned President Morales, are trying to start a movement in favor of former President Horatio Vasquez. They are now believed to be marching on Santiago de los Cabellero and Porto Plata.

A score of Dominican refugees, arrested here, were sent back to Santo Domingo today by the Dominican consul.

MEXICAN BANDITS STEAL MORMON ELDER'S WIVES

Pursued Into a Cave Filled With Treasure After Fighting Avenging Angels.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

EL PASO, TEX., April 3.—Prospectors from the lower Sierra Madre mountains, Mexico, southwest of El Paso, bring the story of a raid made by Juan Colorado and John Redhead upon Don Felipe, a newly formed Mormon colony.

The noted bandit and his band pillaged the settlement, carrying away three of Elder Hirmam Johnson's wives, one of whom is the favorite of his large household. A posse of Mexicans, rural police and a squad of Mormons, who as a vigilance committee style themselves Avenging Angels, pursued the bandits for 36 hours and finally surprised them in the fastnesses of the Sierra Madre mountains.

A fight took place in which two of the outlaws were wounded. The band fled, leaving the women. They had been kept two days in a cave, where a considerable amount of bullion treasure was found which is believed was stolen from a pack train recently.

KILLED BY EXPLOSION.

Three Men Met Their Death and Four Buildings Destroyed by Fire.

MARSHALLTOWN, IA., April 3.—An explosion in the Citizens National bank building at Albia, Ia., today resulted in the death of R. Ramsey, Edward Dougherty and Richard Grimes. Several others were injured.

The cause of the explosion is unknown, but it is supposed it originated in the heating plant. Besides the bank building, a clothing and two grocery stores were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

Drunken Man Kills His Wife.

HAZELTON, April 3.—George Wresak of Upper Lehigh was arrested today charged with the murder of his wife, whom he is alleged to have struck on the head with a flatiron during a family quarrel a week ago. The woman died last night. Wresak admits the charge, but claims he committed the fatal assault while in a state of intoxication.

CAMPAIGN FOR ARBITRATION

Dr. Edward Everett Hale Plans Meetings Throughout the Country.

AID FOR SENATORS

Aged Publicist Sees New Hope in Committee of Upper House.

THE WORK ACCOMPLISHED

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.

A supreme court of international arbitration as a substitute for war to settle the perplexing questions which arise between the nations of the world is the dream of Dr. Edward Everett Hale. Although 82 years of age, this being his birthday, he is still bending important energies along this line.

As a leader in the American movement toward international arbitration Dr. Hale sees new hope in the committee consisting of Senators Frye, Fairbanks and Morgan, appointed to formulate a general scheme of practical operation to present to the senate. Dr. Hale, through his Massachusetts commission for international justice, has already made plans to carry on the work of stimulating public opinion to support the efforts of the senators. Meetings will be held throughout the country during the summer.

Dr. Hale said today: "The determined movement for international arbitration in America was first organized in Washington, when a conference was held under the stimulus of Mr. Cleveland's proposed war with England. The resolutions of that conference were received by Cleveland and Olney with hearty approval. The impression made by that great conference in this country and in England was very great. From that moment we heard no more of the war with England.

"On the other hand, the parties at issue referred their contentions to an arbitration board which met at Paris and made its decision—which decision was accepted by England and Venezuela. A treaty was projected between the United States and England to provide for similar reference in the future, but though it commanded a majority of our senate it did not command the two-thirds necessary.

"The conference at Washington last winter was certainly unfortunate because it has been followed by the Russo-Japanese war. But that is a good illustration of the risk, not to say the folly, of leaving to torpedo boats the questions of right and wrong. It was in the power of Russia and Japan, under The Hague convention, to have called together a tribunal of the most distinguished jurists in the world. That tribunal could have heard testimony, could have stated the facts, could have established first a modus vivendi and then an ultimate agreement between the contending nations."

GIANTS FIGHT FOR MILLIONS

Rockefeller and Morgan Carry the Securities War Into the Courts.

DIVISION IS SOUGHT

Oil King's Hosts Demand the Stock Held for Oregon Shortline.

FABULOUS SUM INVOLVED

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

New York, April 3.—Unable to settle their difficulties in the stock market or through arbitration, John D. Rockefeller and J. P. Morgan have carried the war for possession of the Northern Pacific railroad to the courts.

Refusing to accept the distribution of assets by the outlawed Northern Securities Company, as planned by J. P. Morgan and J. J. Hill, E. H. Harriman, manager of the Rockefeller forces, has asked the United States court to compel Morgan to hand back to him the identical Northern Pacific stock which he testified under oath Morgan clubbed him into depositing in the merger.

Harriman's petition was filed in St. Paul late Saturday night. So secretly was it done that the fact did not become known until this morning. It was served on H. G. Grover, E. W. Bunn and George B. Young, attorneys for the Northern Securities Company, and is returnable at St. Paul April 12.

Real Meaning of Suit.

William D. Guthrie, Morgan's lawyer, signs the petition with Judge John F. Dillon, the great Rockefeller-Gould advisor. Both are formally attorneys for E. H. Harriman and Winslow S. Pierce, who bring the suit as trustees for the Oregon Short Line, in whose treasury the Rockefeller shares of the Northern Securities stock are held.

The joining in the same petition of adverse lawyers is done to give the action the outward appearance of a friendly suit, but the battle will be waged none the less fiercely because of this fiction. Harriman, as before said, has sworn he was clubbed into the merger, and Rockefeller has ordered him to get the stock back again.

The formal demand is made now that the Oregon Short Line, as a stockholder in Northern Securities, be permitted to intervene in the suit just decided by the supreme court, and have the decree modified so as to compel redistribution of original stocks put into the merger.

This suit explains much of the feverish buying of Union Pacific stock by Rockefeller and Morgan forces the last two weeks. It was decided 10 days ago to carry the battle to court, and this has now been done.

But before that decision was reached the buying of Union Pacific became heavy. Purchasing on the part of one wing of the Rockefeller hosts was due to the fact that they had sold great blocks of it in the belief that an adverse

on the merger suit would break
k market.
the market refused to break on
ncement of the Northern Securities
any being declared an outlaw, there
a wild scramble to get this stock
k. J. P. Morgan, observing the buy-
also bought Union Pacific for several
ys. At the same time J. J. Hill went
into the market as a purchaser of North-
ern Securities.

All stocks were so closely held, however, that both sides knew there was no hope of deciding the fight in the market at any price, so competitive buying became quiet.

It is quite likely, however, that the stock will be torn with a spectacular fight as soon as the court has decided Harriman's suit. Until then neither side will know where it stands. If those who sold stock to the Northern Securities Company get back in exchange for the cancelled merger stock the same shares deposited originally, as Harriman demands, it will give the Rockefeller party control of the Northern Pacific railroad.

When the Northern Securities Company was formed the Rockefeller party, which was made up of Harriman, George J. Gould and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. factions had control of Northern Pacific, counting preferred stock. But the Morgan board of Northern Pacific exercised its right to retire this stock and issue common stock in its place. The new common stock was distributed in the same proportion as the old common was held and thus the Morgan party was left with a bare majority. The legality of this retirement of the preferred has been established in court, and this act cannot be undone.

How the Oil King Played.

But the Rockefeller party at once laid plans to capture the Northern Pacific, which they accused was taken from them by sharp practices. When the suit was brought by the attorney general of the United States to declare the merger an outlaw, Rockefeller interests aided the government in every way with legal advice and evidence. This was done secretly, of course.

Believing they would win the fight in the supreme court of the United States, Rockefellers began the greatest bear raid on stock exchange values that the world has ever seen, the ultimate object of it being to force out Northern Securities stock in a long panic. This stock was snatched up as fast as it came out and the Rockefellers believe they have enough of it that when it is resolved back into its original elements of Northern Pacific and Great Northern stock it will leave them in undisputed control of the Northern Pacific.

The Burlington road is also in the balance. It is held through bonds guaranteed jointly by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern. Default by either of these companies in payment of its share of the interest on these bonds throws the road into permanent control of the company which pays. Thus Hill and Morgan, if they won in reducing Rockefeller to a minority in both roads, might let Northern Pacific default and thus capture Burlington absolutely for the Great Northern.

Fabulous Sums Involved.

It was because Morgan refused to let Union Pacific shares in the purchase of Burlington that Rockefeller ordered the capture of Northern Pacific in 1901, thus causing the panic and the merger. For each $100 of Northern Pacific stock that was taken into the merger after the panic started on May 1, $115 of Northern Securities stock was issued. For each $100 of Great Northern there was issued $180 of Northern Securities.

Morgan and Hill want to cancel all Northern Securities stock, returning both Northern Pacific and Great Northern in those proportions for each share. Rockefeller insists that none of his friends want any Great Northern stock. He wants each share of Northern Securities stock traced back to its original elements.

Harriman, acting for all the Rockefeller interests, held, when the merger was formed, $37,023,000 Northern Pacific common stock and $41,085,000 preferred. Morgan-Hill interests held $42,000,000 common stock. The balance of the $82,000,000 of common stock was so widely scattered that even the panic price of $1,000 a share on May 9, 1901, failed to bring it out. Much of this was later obtained by Rockefeller. Some was converted into Northern Securities shares. By retirement of the Northern Pacific preferred and sale of new common the Rockefeller party was left with $82,491,000 of the Northern Securities stock.

This, converted according to the Morgan-Hill plan, would return to Harriman only $34,794,000 Northern Pacific common out of a total of $155,000,000. It would give them also $24,887,000 par of Great Northern stock, which they do not want. It would leave the Rockefellers in a hopeless minority in both the great properties for which they have kept the stock market in continual panic since May, 1901. If the Harriman contention prevails the $82,491,000 Northern Securities will yield $71,731,000 Northern Pacific.

That the legal fight will be a long one is shown in J. P. Morgan's plan to sail for Europe this week. He would not dare cross the ocean with a big fight about to be begun in the stock market.

CAR BARN BANDIT TELLS OF ANOTHER MURDER

Neidermeir Confesses He Killed Man for Which Others Were Convicted.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, April 3.—Almost within the coils of the hangman's rope, Peter Neidermeier, one of the car barn bandits, today made what he declared was a true confession to save two other men from the gallows and one from long imprisonment in the penitentiary.

"I killed Patrick Barrett in his saloon at 4216 Wallace street last May," said Neidermeier. "John Lynch and James Simmons, who are under sentence of death for the crime, and also Hugh Reilly, who has been sentenced to the penitentiary, are innocent. They had nothing to do with the raid. I shot and killed Barrett. I make this statement solely to save innocent men."

The attorneys for the convicted men will tomorrow apply for a writ of habeas corpus.

JOKER BEHIND BARS.

Pretended Suicide After Quarrel With Wife, and W. H. Higgins Is Arrested.

"I am going to make an end of it," said William H. Higgins, of 5823 Kirkwood street, yesterday morning to his wife after quarreling with her.

Seizing a revolver, he rushed into the yard, fired three shots, staggered into the house and fell apparently dead. His wife, frightened to distraction, called a physician and the police. As soon as Inspector W. J. Boyle entered the door Higgins suddenly rose to his feet and stammered that "it was all a joke."

The inspector took a different view and ordered the young man arrested. Higgins was accordingly taken to the East End station and by Magistrate E. C. Negley fined $25 and costs for disorderly conduct.

Up to a late hour last night the fine had not been paid. Higgins says that he is employed by the city as a clerk.

To Send Delegates to Pittsburgh.

NEW CASTLE, April 3.—(Special.)—Both the Pride of New Castle and John F. Ward lodges of the Amalgamated association, representing the tin workers of the two local tin plants, held a joint meeting here this afternoon in Mikado hall and decided to send delegates to the conference next Wednesday at Pittsburgh between the Amalgamated association and the officials of the American Tin Plate Company, when the matter of the 20 per cent wage reduction from the present scale will be finally decided.

Mrs. Seynee May Die.

As the result of a bottle thrown through a window during a fight, Mrs. Pauline Seynee of 17 Irwin street is in Mercy hospital in a dying condition, while Joseph Diamond, said to be her husband, and John Mayika are held in jail to await the result of her injuries.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

STORM PALL O'ER PARADE AT SHORE

Gaily Dressed Crowd Shiver, Fearing Rain and from Chilling Wind.

PITTSBURGHERS ALONG WALK

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Young's Ocean Pier.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 3.

Feminine hearts were filled with apprehension this morning when leaden skies threatened rain and consequently the spoiling of the annual Easter display of the country's beauty, wealth and fashion. Hopes of spring creations of the tailors and milliners of the world seemed about to be blasted. The sun was veiled from sight and no glimmer came to reassure the 100,000 visitors, busy with their preparations for the parade. However, the gloom and chilling wind did not daunt the spirit or the courage of the multitude, who decided, it was clearly evident, to brave the danger and risk themselves and their precious costumes to the weather vagaries. Those early gathering on the promenade were clothed in heavy garments, but towards noon the crowd became gayer and brighter and soon there was an aspect of brilliancy.

Roller Chairs Regulated.

Crowds were forgotten in the interest the visitors exhibited in each other and the columns formed in solid phalanxes, moving in opposite directions. Under the regulations enforced the roller chairs did not break up the close formation. The vehicles were permitted only in single file and they were relegated to the extreme sides of the boardwalk. The occupants were hemmed in with people, cutting off any view and as a rule they were given up, owing to the slowness with which they could be propelled. For the first time in history a big detail of picked patrolmen, full-dressed and white-gloved, were stationed on the esplanade to keep the crowd moving and prevent too close crowding. The mercury registered 45 degrees on the beach at 11 o'clock and it gradually increased to 50 degrees. It was rather disconcerting to the maids and matrons, who were ambitious to appear in the review with gowns whose texture was not comfortable in such a temperature. Wraps were extensively worn as a means of protection and somewhat dimmed the lustre of the otherwise brilliant showing.

Pittsburghers in Parade.

Many prominent Pittsburghers were in the big procession or viewed its beauties from vantage points on piers or pavilions. Mayor Fulton was on the esplanade with a party of friends and was greeted by Mayor Stoy of Atlantic City, who spent the morning in welcoming visiting friends. J. A. Aikens, the steel manufacturer, was on the promenade with his family. Murry A. Verner also had his family here, quartered at the Seaside. Mrs. Walter Sidebottom, wife of the proprietor of a big Pittsburgh department store, was with Mr. and Mrs. William Sidebottom and George Lewis Smith. Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Thompson entertained a party at Haddon Hall. J. P. McKinney, Mrs. McKinney, J. P. McKinney, Jr., and Master Robert McKinney, were noted in the throng. Jacob L. Mehr and Miss Clair Mehr and Master J. L. Mehr are together at the Hotel Strand. Mrs. James W. Piatt and Mrs. John Dinglass were among the beautifully dressed women in the big parade. H. E. Porterfield, the well-known Pittsburgh paint manufacturer, was on the boardwalk, accompanied by Mrs. Porterfield.

W. C. LITTLE.

FAVORS TO NEGROES DENIED BY CLEVELAND

Did Not Invite Douglass to Reception or Sign Mixed School Bill.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

RICHMOND, VA., April 3.—In scathing terms former President Cleveland denies charges made by Tom E. Watson to the effect that he invited Fred Douglass, a negro, to his wedding reception and signed a bill providing for mixed schools while governor of New York. His letter is in reply to one from William E. Abernathy of Chase City, Va. It bears date, Princeton, March 27, and reads as follows:

Dear Sir—My attention has been several times called to the statements of Mr. Tom E. Watson to the effect that Fred Douglass was invited to my wedding reception, and further that while governor, I signed a bill providing for mixed schools. I have already written two or three letters denying these allegations, and do not propose to spend any more time denying statements so absurd and emanating from so impossible a source. Each and every one of Mr. Watson's charges (if they can be so called), as they have been presented to me, is false. They are about as far from the truth as they can be, and they were made, I have no doubt, without the least reason to believe them to be true, and certainly in a spirit of which even Mr. Watson ought to be ashamed.

J. K. CLARKE ENGAGED.

Pittsburgh Man Is to Wed Miss Katherine Willoughby of Newport.

NEW YORK, April 3.—(Special.)—The Fifth avenue Easter gossip centered around the engagement of James K. Clarke, former husband of "The Violet Bride," and Miss Katherine Harrison Willoughby of Newport. James King Clarke is a son of the late Charles Clarke of Pittsburgh, who left an estate of $10,000,000. The son came into prominence four years ago by securing a divorce from his wife, Esther Bartlett Clarke of Washington, and settling a sum of money on her. She married Lyman T. Whitehead of Erie.

Miss Willoughby is 18 years old. Her beauty first attracted Mr. Clarke. She is the daughter of Hugh L. Willoughby, a member of the New York Yacht club, well known as an automobilist.

COPPER MINE RESUMES.

Local Capitalists to Push the Work in a Bankrupt Maryland Project.

CUMBERLAND, MD., April 3.—Work at the Liberty copper mines, near Woodsboro, Md., which have been idle since the appointment of receivers for the Liberty Copper Mining and Milling Company, is to be resumed tomorrow. Control of it has been secured by the Virginia Consolidated Copper Mining Company, in which Pittsburgh and western capitalists are interested. Representatives of the company say if the property is properly worked it will yield a good profit.

The shaft has been sunk at an angle of 45 degrees to a depth of 125 feet. The depth will be increased to 300 feet, where, it is believed, a 65-per-cent-grade ore will be found.

PRINCESS EDWARD DEAD.

Morganatic Wife of Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar Dies of Pneumonia.

LONDON, April 3.—Princess Edward of Saxe-Weimar died here today of acute pneumonia.

Princess Edward of Saxe-Weimar was Lady Augusta Catherine Gordon-Lennox and was morganatically married to Prince Edward in 1851. She was a daughter of the fifth duke of Richmond. Queen Victoria granted to her the title of Princess Edward of Saxe-Weimar in England, while in Germany she held the title of countess of Dornburg. Princess Edward was born in 1827.

THEFTS OF NEWSPAPERS TO BE SEVERELY PUNISHED

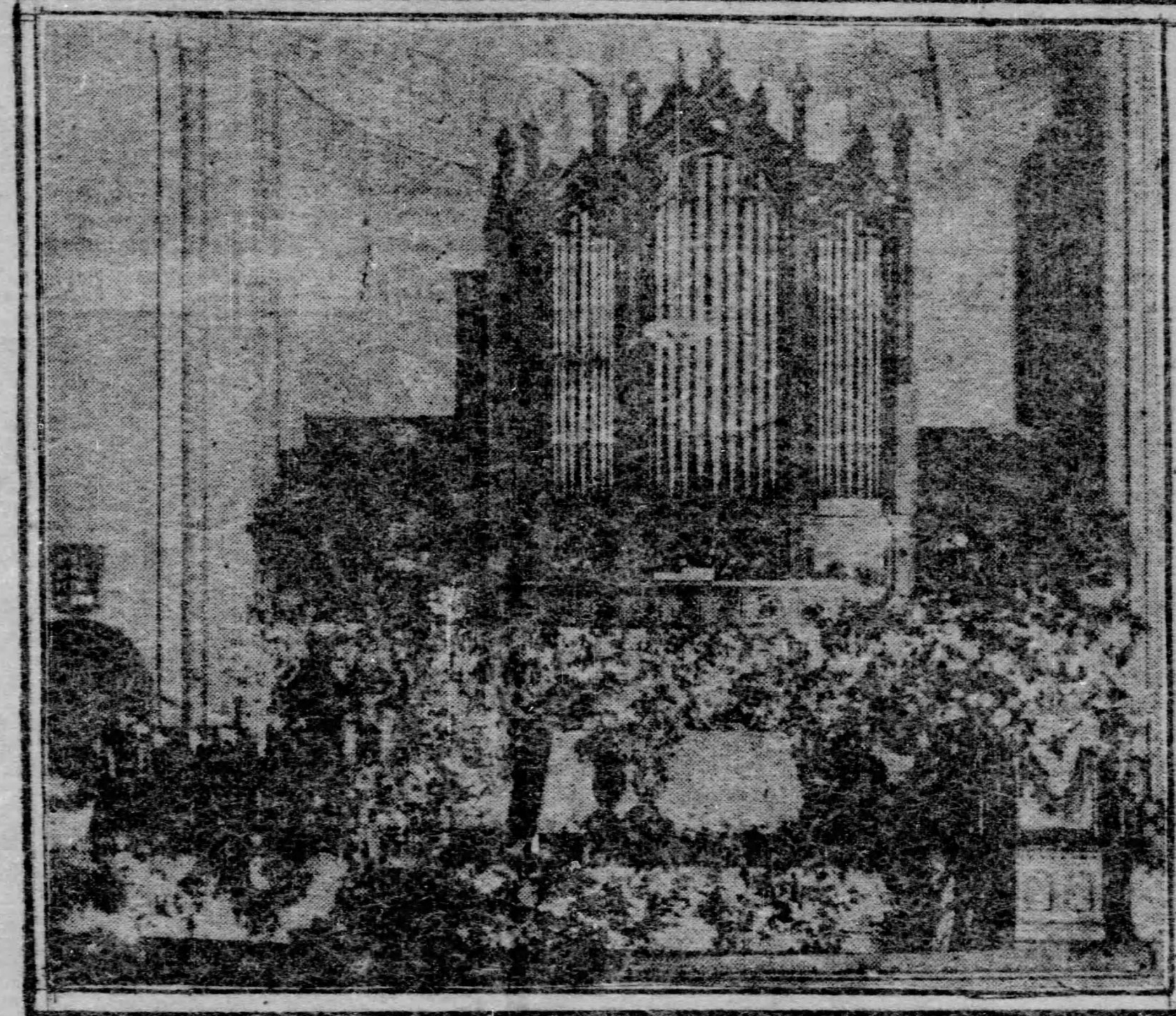
William Watkins, who says he lives in Philadelphia, was arrested by Officers Bernard Corcoran and Ed. Nikirk early yesterday morning for stealing a bundle of newspapers at Penn avenue and Twenty-fourth street. Watkins is held for an investigation, and if the case is proved the police will make an example of him.

EASTER SCENES AT PITTSBURGH CHURCHES

(Photographed by Emil J. Kloes, Staff Photographer of The Gazette.)

IN FRONT OF TRINITY

AT THE EPIPHANY R.C. CHURCH


ONE OF THE FLORAL DISPLAYS

ST. ANDREWS

CRUSH OF 150,000 PARADERS DISHEVELS THE EASTER GIRL

Gowns the Attraction of the Parade on Atlantic City Boardwalk—Violets the Favorite Flower.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

ATLANTIC CITY, April 3.—The Easter girl went tripping down to the walk in her tan bluchers, flatiron toque and all the rest of it. She was redolent with violets, chiffons and things. The tiny gilt prayerbook in her hand would scarcely have been noticed. The Easter girl started to go tripping, but she was fairly carried in the wake of the crush. An hour later, when rescued at the mouth of Haddon's steps, her four-foot veil was awry and her violets showed the effects of the fray. The Easter girl was disheveled but triumphant.

"I think one might say," said she, as she laughingly extricated herself, "that Atlantic City is still on the map."

"For goodness sake," said the other girl, "let's get a chair."

"Chair, my dear. Might as well ask for the moon. There isn't a chair to be had for love or money, and I don't believe we could reach one if it were in sight. But this is nothing. Were you on the steel pier last night? Did you ever see anything like it? They were coming on there in droves at 11 o'clock; and, gracious me! people who didn't come down until Saturday are sleeping on cots in the hotels. They were paynig $3 for sleeping on the billiard tables of the Seaside last night, and then to wait until the second table to eat. What do you think of that? Really, though, it doesn't matter whether they eat, so they have a place to put on their good clothes."

"All the world and his wife in here," said a merry old gentleman in the crowd. "And it would seem that the wife had a new bonnet."

Picture buying bonnets for that throng! Let the milliners give thanks. One hundred and fifty thousand strong in all the newest hats and gowns. The dressmakers will also get down on their knees. There never was such a brilliant show. Everybody knows the scene of the greatest of all Easter parades has moved down from Fifth avenue to the boardwalk. History will record the show of today as the most wonderful yet known. Really, the sight of 150,000 persons, all dressed in their best bibs and tuckers and walking around admiring each other, is a sight worth seeing. All the way from the Rudolf to the Marlborough, a steady, surging, seething mob of clothes. The merriest crowd you ever saw, laughing and flower-decked.

One scarcely noted the individual. Though really it was a question which was the most conspicuous, the fat woman with white picture hat of drooping lace and variegated green plume under the edge of it, or the ermine stole with lampshade beads dangling from the extremities. A girl in black velvet with severe ermine toque and muff attracted admiration. With all the decorative effects of jonquils and tulips, the violet was the flower of the hour. Women overdid it as they always will; seemingly to try how they could outdo one another in the size of such corsage displays. Yet the violet typifies modesty. However, there's where the boardwalk florists will give thanks. Every Easter girl heaves a sigh of security in her four-foot veil. Such veils were the invariable accessories to the Easter hat, almost equalling it in value. So fashion has set the fate of things for another season. After this annual glimpse of the boardwalk, ingenious woman has a bewildered idea that she knows what's what, and the expense—well, what is the expenditure of a million or so by a frivolous world, when such a vital question is at stake?

Charles Murphy, Tammany's leader, was seen visiting with friends in the Wiltshire sun parlor. When asked about politics he laughingly said he had come down to see the style in bonnets. He and his wife are at the Brighton. The nursemaids at the shore are good weather prophets. Anxiety for their charges makes them know which way the wind blows. They talk as learnedly of land breezes as of malted milk. One overzealous maid had the forehead of her little charge sunburned until it peeled Saturday, which speaks well for spring weather at the shore.

How the newsboys on the walk have occult ways of knowing human nature! She was tripping along the walk with considerable self-satisfaction when a small boy paused in his harangue of cities long enough to yell Cincinnati.

"Gracious me," said she, "is there anything the matter with my clothes. How did you know I was from the west?"

"One can tell, Miss, in a crowd like this from the expression. I can spot a person from the west, the south, or far east."

It would be interesting to make the newsboy explain it if he had time. Question: What is the Pittsburgh expression? It was funny how the crowd suddenly cleared out at 1 o'clock. Then the 150,000 ate. Scenes of levity and gorgeousness were transferred to the hotels. "I didn't come down for gaiety," said the blase person. "I only wanted a change and I didn't bring any gowns."

"Well, then you might as well go home," said the Easter girl. "For you won't have much chance to rest, and gowns are the thing. It's a show of clothes and nothing else. When I have to begin the second round on mine I shall take to my heels, too. They'll only last out about two weeks."

GIRLS SLEEP IN HOTELS WHILE YOUNG MEN SIT UP

Easter Sunday Excursionists Lose Their Trains and Are Stranded in Pittsburgh—Few Arrived in Time to See the Flower Show.

While a number of young woman living in towns along the low-grade division of the Allegheny Valley railroad slept in Pittsburgh hotels last night their escorts sat up in Union station. This is how it came about:

Residents of Driftwood, DuBois, Brookville and other towns in the vicinity got on a morning excursion train expecting to come to Pittsburgh to see the Easter flower show. Those from the upper towns of the valley had to get up as early as 6 o'clock to catch the train, but they consoled themselves with anticipation of the beautiful sight in store for them. All along the line people were waiting for the train, some of them having driven seven or eight miles from the country to the stations.

The excursion got a little south of Reynoldsville only to find that a wreck blocked the way. This delayed the train an hour and a half. During that interval many of the persons waiting between Reynoldsville and Pittsburgh returned home, realizing they would have little time to see the flower show. When the travelers arrived at West Penn Junction it was found there was high water between that place and Pittsburgh; so the train was sent into Allegheny over the West Penn railroad, and from Allegheny it was brought over to the Union station. It was just 4:15 when it arrived.

The passengers thought the train was to return at 7:30 p. m. About 15 couples, young men and women, thought they would run out to the conservatory, so they could say they had seen the flower show. They got there in time to take a run through, returned to town and had supper. On reaching the Union station they found the train had left at 7 o'clock. Five other couples, who had not gone to the conservatory, but had stayed downtown looking into the shop windows, were in the same predicament.

There was to be no train going their way until morning, and some of the young folks had brought little money along. One young man had a bright idea. He called up his mother at DuBois on the long-distance telephone, explaining the trouble, telling her that even if there was enough money in the crowd to pay hotel bills, it was thought better, to avoid gossip after they got home, to sit up all night in the Union station.

But the mother had a brighter idea. Acting on her advice, the young man called his friends together, and they, spotting the derelicts by their gloomy expression, although they did not know all of them, suggested that the boys combine their purses and send the girls to hotels, while they themselves should either go to other hotels or sit up all night in the station, if necessary. Most of the boys had money, and they lent some to those who had come not so well provided. The plan was carried out and the girls were escorted to a hotel, and the young men betook themselves elsewhere.

CUT HIS THROAT AFTER SHAVING HIS FRIEND

Coal Valley Miner Commits Suicide — Several Other Sudden Deaths.

"You are the last man I'll ever shave," declared John Miller, a miner in Coal Valley, yesterday afternoon, as he was shaving a fellow workman, as was his custom.

Ten minutes later he was found on the floor of his room with his throat cut. He had used the same razor with which he had shaved his companion. Miller was 35 years of age, single, and boarded at the home of Mrs. Annie Stokes in Coal Valley. He was taken to the McKeesport hospital, where he died at 8 o'clock last night. No reason can be assigned for his suicide.

An unknown man, aged about 35 years, was found dead on the Pennsylvania railroad tracks near Wilmerding at 3 o'clock yesterday morning. The body was badly mutilated.

The infant child of Meter Lutcher, Presley road, near Bridgeville, died suddenly yesterday morning of heart trouble.

Amelia Schuster, aged 28, was found dead in bed at her home yesterday morning. Death was due to heart exhaustion.

Barbers Vote For Strike.

At a special meeting of Local No. 20, Journeyman Barbers' National union, in their hall at 318 Fifth avenue last night, a strike was declared against 22 shops in the downtown district which have not yet granted the demand of the union. The strike will go into effect at 7:30 o'clock this morning and about 80 barbers will quit work. William J. Trishler, president of the local union, last night said that he expects the union's demands to be granted by the master barbers by this evening.

CZAR PROTECTS JEWS DURING EASTER WEEK

Russian Officials Propose to Put Down Attempts at Rioting.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

ST. PETERSBURG, April 3.—Reports received by the ministry of the interior indicate that the precautionary measures taken to prevent anti-Jewish disturbances during Easter week, when the ignorant are easily aroused to a sort of religious frenzy against the Jews by the dissemination of false stories regarding "blood atonement," will result in the avoidance of serious trouble.

The following private telegram was received today from Odessa: "Reports of anti-Jewish disturbances which always are common at Easter time, cause more alarm than usual this year, because of the occurrence last year. The Jews here are nervous, but the authorities have confidence in Gov. Eidhardt, who is in charge of the city, and who is an energetic and humane man, as well as in Baron Kaulbars, commander-in-chief of the troops in Southern Russia. Under the circumstances, therefore, anything like a serious disturbance is regarded as impossible. The official newspapers have published strongly worded warnings and the city is placarded with notices that all who disturb the peace will be severely punished."

No Danger at the Reservoir.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., April 3.—No danger of a break in the Lewiston reservoir now exists, as the wind has abated and the pressure of water against the levees has been reduced.

ALL ARE AWAITING THE FINAL ANSWER

Continued from First Page.

some uncertainty as to who will be nominated for justice. The honor goes to the governor if he will accept, but he has not announced his decision, not even to his nearest political friend, Senator Quay. All of the Republican leaders believe he should accept the nomination. And the rank and file of the party shares the sentiment.

Quay Remains Silent.

It is not because another man is wanted in the executive chair, not for any ulterior reason whatsoever, but because Pennypacker is believed to be the most available, best equipped man for the bench and because his friends know that his personal inclinations are in that direction.

Senator Quay declines to be further quoted on the justiceship. I called on him at his Atlantic City cottage this afternoon. He is feeling some better than when he left Washington, but there is room for improvement. Since going to the shore, the senator has not been on the boardwalk. He sat on his porch a while yesterday, but the weather has not been such as to tempt him farther. If he feels well tomorrow, and the weather moderates, it is probable he will go to Harrisburg, otherwise not.

Quay's cottage is at Pacific and States avenues next to that of James P. McNichol, Durham's right-hand man in Philadelphia politics. McNichol was at the shore this afternoon. He is enthusiastic for the governor's nomination.

"It would be a great mistake not to nominate Pennypacker," he said. "Certainly the organization is for him and so are the Republicans throughout the state, not only Republicans, but every one who knows him. The supreme bench would be greatly strengthened by Pennypacker. He is exceptionally qualified for the place. I know of no reason which would justify his declination of the nomination. It might please a few insurgent newspapers, that's all. They would claim that they had bluffed the governor, pat themselves on the back and continue to misrepresent and malign him for the rest of his term as governor."

Francis J. Torrance of Pittsburgh spoke in the same vein. He said he would like to see the governor serve out his term, but thought it his duty to listen to the advice of his party, which, having taken him from the bench, has the right to elevate him to a higher judicial place.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

ANDREWS ARRIVES AT THE STATE CAPITAL

Republican Secretary at Harrisburg Preparing for the Convention.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

HARRISBURG, April 3.—The first indications of the holding of a Republican state convention here this week came tonight, when State Secretary W. R. Andrews arrived from Washington with the camp equippage and paraphernalia for state headquarters, which will be established at the Commonwealth hotel tomorrow morning. Mr. Andrews says Senator Penrose will be here tomorrow noon, and all the convention preliminaries will be quickly prepared.

He does not know whether Senator Quay will be here, but is of the opinion he will not attend. He has no knowledge of the prospective conference at the executive mansion tomorrow night, between the governor and Senators Quay and Penrose. Gov. Pennypacker, who spent the day at Pennypackers Mills, is expected here some time tonight, and will be at the executive department in the morning.

Secretary Andrews says that Chairman Penrose may bring a platform to Harrisburg tomorrow, but it has yet to be put in shape. The state committee will meet on Tuesday afternoon. Up to the present there are no delegates here, but the indications are that the attendance of old-timers will be quite large.

SERVICES FOR KNIGHTS.

Allegheny Commandery Acted as Hosts of Pittsburgh Templars.

Knights Templar to the number of 200 attended the special Easter services held in the First Presbyterian church, Arch street, Allegheny, last night, under the auspices of Allegheny commandery No. 35, with Ascalon commandery No. 59 and Tancred commandery No. 48 of this city participating. The services included parts of the Masonic and Templars' rituals and were conducted by Eminent Sir Knight T. N. Boyle, D. D., grand prelate of the Grand Commandery of Pennsylvania, who also preached on the text, "He Will Conquer and He Will Put All Things Under His Feet."

Chartiers commandery No. 78, Knights Templar, attended services last evening in a body at the First Presbyterian church of Carnegie. The Rev. J. M. Duff, the pastor, preached the sermon.

Senator Allison Improved.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Senator Allison was very much better today. He received a number of colleagues in the senate. If the weather is good he may attend the session of the senate tomorrow.

EASTER FLOWERS DRAW THOUSANDS

The Phipps Conservatories in Schenley Park Visited by Fully 20,000 People.

SERVICES IN THE CHURCHES

Easter church services and the numerous displays of beautiful flowers in local conservatories drew thousands of people from their homes yesterday, although the day was made somewhat unpleasant by the sharp wind. While the bells in the church spires pealed forth their glad tidings of Easter Sunday morning and the risen Christ, great crowds of people filled the streets.

Phipps conservatories in Schenley park, with their masses of beautiful flowers, never appeared to better advantage on an Easter Sunday than they did yesterday, when the big flower show for the people of Western Pennsylvania was opened to the public. Many people were waiting to view the floral display when the conservatories opened at 10 a. m. From that time till darkness settled over the city, it is estimated 20,000 people went through the big greenhouses. Excursions on the railroads brought about 2,000 people from points as far as 100 miles distant from Pittsburgh to see the show. The flower show will continue for about two weeks and those who could not view the flowers yesterday will have an opportunity to do so during the week and on Sundays.

Keeping the Procession Moving.

In the conservatories 23 employes were stationed to keep the visitors moving and in the regular paths. Progress through the bowers of flowers was necessarily slow, as about 80,000 plants are on exhibition, including the orchids and bulbs. In the display are 15,000 Dutch bulbs, 3,000 lilies, 8,000 azaleas, 1,400 hydrangeas, 2,000 roses, 8,000 familiar plants in the old-fashioned gardens and thousands of genestas, gloxinias, spireas, cinerarias, calceolarias, lilies of the valley and orchids. The great mound of azaleas and the lily display are chief among the many features of the show. The roses are expected to be at their best next Sunday, when another big crowd is expected to view the flowers.

In Allegheny the most elaborate flower show ever attempted by the North Side drew thousands of people to the Phipps conservatory in North park. Among the attractions are the giant azalea, said to be the largest specimen of the kind in the United States, and the great pyramid of many varieties of lilies, hydrangeas, crocuses and hyacinths on display under the large dome back of the tropical garden.

The private conservatories at the home of Henry C. Frick, Penn and Homewood avenues, are abloom with flowers. Although the Easter display there is on a smaller scale than that at Schenley park, it is most elaborate and was viewed by hundreds yesterday, according to a custom established by Mr. Frick some years ago, to admit the public at Easter.

In the present display Mr. Frick has given over his entire conservatory to the show, and the display in each room is distinct from other rooms. The Frick display exceeds anything ever attempted in private conservatories in Pittsburgh.

The impressive services and elaborate musical programs attracted more people to the churches than many of them could accommodate, and in some cases people were unable to gain admittance. The snow flurries and cold weather prevailed upon many to leave their Easter toilettes at home, and the absence of the bright seasonable garments was noticeable on the streets when the big congregations poured out of the churches.

All the prominent big churches were decorated with flowers and foliage.

Churches Filled With Flowers.

At the Protestant Episcopal, Catholic and Lutheran churches the altars were banked with Easter flowers, potted plants and palms. At the Manchester Evangelical Protestant church the feature of the decorations was a floral cross, 14 feet high and 8 feet wide.

At the pro-cathedral, St. Andrew's Episcopal, Trinity Episcopal and the Second Presbyterian church many people were turned away for want of room. In the Catholic church impressiveness was added to the services, as the music was rendered in accordance with the wishes of Pope Pius X. At the Epiphany church solemn pontifical mass was celebrated by Coadjutor Bishop J. F. Regis Canevin, assisted by five priests.

In several of the Protestant churches a feature of the morning service was the admission of many new members. This was due to the recent simultaneous evangelistic movement.

A big crowd also visited the zoological garden in Highland park. Much interest was shown in the two Central American ostriches and two Honduras wild turkeys presented by James T. Deitrick.

FOUR HURT IN FIGHT.

Foreigners at Donora Have a Brawl and Some May Die.

DONORA, PA., April 3.—(Special.)—A bloody riot occurred late tonight among foreigners in a boarding house, as a climax to their Easter celebration, and as a result four men are badly injured, one of whom may die.

The injured are, Zeter Dupen, aged 38, clubbed and cut; in a serious condition. Steve Kumiss, aged 32, cut and bruised; John Zajarich, aged 40, severe contusions on the head, and John Tulonsky, aged 28, cut about the arms and badly bruised.

Two boarding houses are located near each other. Two men from one house went to the other place and started a fight. The two visitors set upon Dupen, throwing at him every object they could lay their hands upon. Even the stove lids were used, and in the end Dupen was pounded almost to a pulp.

This precipitated a pitched battle in the boarding house and the visitors were reinforced from the outside. Fists, clubs and knives were freely used. Constable Campbell and five patrolmen battered in the door and quelled the fight.

City Detective Was Suspended.

Detective Harry Hutchinson has been suspended by Director Harry Moore of the department of public safety for conduct unbecoming an officer. He will be arraigned before the police trial board for a hearing Wednesday. Hutchinson was appointed by Director Moore on the solicitation of Director James W. Clark of the department of charities and corrections. Hutchinson is an active politician of the Twentieth ward and it was largely through his efforts that Select Councilman Dr. E. R. Walters was elected.

All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.

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Agents for the Manhattan Typewriter. Also dealers in all makes of second-hand Typewriters at reasonable prices. Monthly inspection of typewriters a specialty. Rent and repairs all makes of typewriters. F. S. Webster Co. carbon paper and star brand ribbons. Pittsburgh Typewriter Inspection Co.
F. S. WEBSTER CO., Propr's.,
432 DIAMOND ST.

IMPLICATED IN ROBBERY HERE

Former Local Express Driver Gives Himself Up in New York.

HELPER IS SERVING SENTENCE

Telling the story that he was implicated in the robbery of the United States Express Company in Pittsburgh last August, in which a package containing $1,180 was stolen, a man who gives his name as Walter W. Wilson and says he resided in Thirty-third treet, this city, walked into the police headquarters in New York city yesterday and announced that he was ready to come back and stand trial. He said that he and a partner, Peter J. Munsey, were drivers for the United States Express Company here and that Munsey was convicted of the robbery and is serving a sentence.

"I was a clerk in the United States Express Company's office in Pittsburgh," said Wilson through the bars of a cell last night. "Last August Peter J. Munsey, an express wagon helper, stole a package containing $1,180. He turned the money over to me and later we split it even. I left Pittsburgh as soon as the package was missed, but Munsey was arrested and convicted. I came direct to New York and had a glorious time while my share of the spoils lasted. I was a good fellow with a lot of other alleged good fellows, spent money freely at Coney Island and on the Bowery, and, as a result, it was not long before I went broke.

Spent Stolen Money.

"Then my troubles began. I could get no regular work and was usually stone broke. My swift friends were friends no longer, and I have been up against it for fair for months. For days I have been trying to argue myself into going back to Pittsburgh and taking my medicine. I deserve it, no matter what the loss, and the rest of my life is ruined.

"I've been a crook once, and I suppose there will never again be a decent chance for me to be otherwise, penitent though I am; but I'll do the best I can and take my life from now on as fate deals it out to me. It is pretty tough to give up a whole lifetime of happiness for the few weeks of so-called pleasure that can be bought with $500 or $600. And that's what I've done."

The New York police officials wired last night to Superintendent Thomas A. McQuaide that Wilson was under arrest and would be held awaiting his orders. Superintendent McQuaide said that the robbery occurred on August 11, last year, and that Wilson and Munsey worked together, Wilson as the driver and Munsey as his helper. They got a package containing $1,180 from the Pittsburgh & Western depot in Allegheny, which had been sent from Butler, and when they arrived at the company's office in Wood street the money was missing.

Package Had Disappeared.

Wilson said he had put the money on the seat of the wagon instead of locking it in a small iron safe which was always carried in the wagon. He was asked why he did not lock the money in the safe, and he replied that he did not think it was necessary.

Munsey left the wagon and disappeared while the clerk in the office was having a dispute with Wilson about the matter. Wilson was held until the police arrived, but employes of the company said last night that the police did not think at the time that Wilson was guilty and released him. A couple of days after the robbery Munsey was arrested and confined in jail pending an investigation. He threatened to prosecute the police officials for arresting him and called to his aid well-known persons of Wheeling, where he formerly resided.

While in jail he told a negro there, who was to be released in a few days, to go to a certain hotel downtown and get his satchel and keep it for him. The negro told McQuaide, who secured the satchel and found $800 hidden in an old shoe in the satchel.

McQuaide took the shoe to the jail and Munsey said it was his. Thereupon McQuaide took the money out of the shoe. Munsey then confessed and said that he and Wilson had divided the money. Munsey was convicted and sentenced to the workhouse for 18 months. When the detectives searched for Wilson he had left the city.

McQuaide said last night he would consult the officials of the express company, and if they wanted to prosecute Wilson he would be brought back to Pittsburgh.

SERVICES IN HONOR OF SISTER M'CANDLESS

An impressive memorial service was held by Perseverance lodge, No. 117, of the Ladies' Loyal Orange association yesterday afternoon at the Wylie Avenue United Presbyterian church. The service was in memory of the late Sister Elizabeth McCandless, who was a prominent and much-beloved member of the order. John Thresher presided and Sisters Ellen J. Scott, Amanda Sallyard and Mary Buchanan, assisted by Brother William McGrandle, rendered a beautiful responsive service. The memorial address was delivered by William J. Buchanan. Addresses were also made by the Rev. W. H. Knox, John Harvey and George Carlisle. Music was rendered by the choir of the church.

Lecture at the Men's Club.

The principal feature of the meeting of the Men's club of the Fourth Avenue Baptist church tomorrow night will be a lecture by the Rev. C. L. Thurgood, pastor of the Central Christian church, on the observations of his recent trip to Australia, and the great revival at Melbourne. There is a contest in progress between the Reds and the Blues of the club to secure the most new members.

EXPERT LIFE ASSURANCE.

The Equitable First to Establish a Training School for Agents.

Second Vice President Gage E. Tarbell of the Equitable Life Assurance society has just sent a letter to the society's managers all over the country notifying them of the establishment of a general training school for agents in New York and inviting them to nominate candidates for admission.

The success of the society's summer school of life assurance for college graduates has been so great that the extension of the idea has become imperative. The new school will not interfere in any way with the college graduate course. Probably three sessions will be held each year, the first being during the month of May. Men of highest ability in life assurance will give the instruction, and there will also be lectures by the foremost business and professional men in the country on the relationship of life assurance to the various phases of business and professional life and the necessity for expert knowledge in the intelligent placing of it.

Free scholarships will be given to men of ability and promise, who are indorsed by the managers in the cities from which they come. The membership of the school for the first session will be limited to 250. Applications for scholarships must be made through local managers. Students are all to be given a position upon graduation, and many of them will have opportunities to make money even before graduation.

The establishment of this training school marks a distinct advance in the profession of life assurance and emphasizes the positive demand for men of high character and ability in this line of activity—a specialist in the matter of protecting a man's family and estate after he is gone. The life assurance man of today must be an expert in his line. He must be able not only to interest a man in the general subject, but must be competent to advise him as to the best form of policy for his particular needs. The successful life assurance man must have a thorough technical knowledge of his subject, just as the successful lawyer must know law, or the successful physician medicine.

The Equitable has for years been planning and working to elevate the standard of life assurance as a profession and the establishment of the training school is only another step toward that end.

Manager Edward A. Woods of the Pittsburgh agency already has several applicants for scholarships for the opening of the school next month.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

M. K. M'MULLIN TO ENTER SUIT TO GET BOOKS

Member of the Verner Street Railway Faction Declared No Settlement Will Be Made in the Fight With Philadelphia Company.

Suit for the recovery of the books of four street railway companies, franchises for which were gained by Murry Verner, will be entered against the Philadelphia Company tomorrow by M. K. McMullin. A statement to this effect was made last night by one of the Verner faction.

The person in question first said that the preliminary papers would be filed either today or tomorrow by D. T. Watson, who has been employed to represent the plaintiffs. After being more fully questioned he said that nothing would be done today. It is understood that the papers have been prepared. Continuing he said:

"No, sir. There has been no settlement. We are in the fight to the finish. Will I talk after suit has been started? I hardly think it will be necessary, as the papers will speak for themselves."

Asked on what grounds the proceedings would be brought the Verner man said: "That is a question I don't think I should be asked. When we get into court the affair will belong to the public, and it will hear a great deal of interest. We are going to court to fight the case, and until we get there I think it would be unwise to argue."

Concerning the report that M. K. McMullin and T. Hart Given will retire as members of the board of the Philadelphia Company owing to internal troubles, one of them said last night: "Such a thing will not take place with our consent. We have not been notified to withdraw. It's all talk."

HUMP BOND PLAN WILL BE OPPOSED

Leslie and Republican Councilmen Favor Submitting Question to the Voters.

PLANS FOR MEETING TODAY

Max G. Leslie expressed yesterday his opposition to Director Bigelow's plan of incorporating a $2,000,000 bond provision in the ordinance providing for bonds for filtration.

"Let us have filtration and have it as quickly as possible. The people have voted on this question and expressed themselves in favor of it. I am satisfied the Republicans in the new councils will favor the additional bond issue for this purpose, but the hump is a different proposition," said Leslie.

"Personally, I am in favor of removing the hump, but I think that the question should be submitted to a vote of the people. I believe that the Republicans elected to the new councils hold the same view.

"Director Bigelow says it will cost only $2,000,000 to cut down the hump, but I think it will cost not less than $4,000,000, and many others think so, Mayor Hays included.

"When the ordinance for a combined bond issue for filtration and the hump is presented in councils the Republicans will demand that the two propositions be separated, and that the money for filtration be voted without delay, but that the hump question go to the people."

The Republican members-elect of common council, who have held several caucuses, have appointed committees to outline the policy which they will pursue during the next two years. One of these committees is known as the "committee on public improvements" and has decided that the policy in relation to filtration and the hump shall be as outlined by Leslie.

Director Bigelow's ordinance for the $7,000,000 bond issue goes into councils on April 11. According to the statement of Director Bigelow, the program is to put the measure through in short order. He was asked this question yesterday:

"Suppose $2,000,000 is not sufficient to remove the hump, as Mayor Hays and other declare?"

"If we find that the bids on the contract are too high we will wait until we get more money."

Many common councilmen-elect are said to be opposed to afternoon sessions, and it is very probable that this branch will adhere to night sessions. The rules have been changed for both branches to meet in the afternoon, as was done two years ago before the Citizens came into control of the legislative bodies.

The rules of the new councils will be presented this morning in both branches for adoption. Director Bigelow wants them approved without being referred to any committee. The Republicans, however, will probably ask that they be referred to a special committee before being adopted. The standing committees will not be announced today.

FRIGHTENED WOMAN BROKE FROM QUARANTINE

Harassed by the fear that she would contract smallpox Mrs. John Shipp of Trafford City broke quarantine about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and ran off into Westmoreland county. She induced her husband to accompany her. In the same apartment house in which Mr. and Mrs. Shipp reside, James Rawlinson is lying ill of smallpox. The whole building is under quarantine. Mrs. Shipp, it is said, armed herself with a hatchet, determined to break quarantine at any cost. Sheriff John H. Trescher of Westmoreland county, with the assistance of several men, caught Mr. and Mrs. Shipp. The latter refused either to return to her home or to go to the Trafford City pest house. Temporary shelter was found for the two until the health authorities decide what disposition to make of them.

TRAIN CREWS LAID OFF.

Dullness at Mines Causes Slack Business in the Panhandle Carnegie Yards.

On account of the dullness of the mines along the Panhandle railroad, Yardmaster Harry L. Powell of the Carnegie yards has taken off six of what are known as pool crews. The order went into effect last midnight. This places 31 extra men on the brakemen's list, 14 on the firemen's list and nine on the engineers' extra list.

A number of the men have taken a 30-day furlough while work is slack. The crews will be restored when business at the mines brightens up.

GREEK WAS WOUNDED IN STABBING AFFRAY

Although Badly Hurt, the Victim Walked to Allegheny Police Headquarters.

Michael Liberis, a Greek, of 5 Union street walked into Allegheny police headquarters last night and told Assistant Superintendent John Glenn that he had been stabbed by John Parienos of Diamond square, a fellow countryman. He exhibited a certificate, signed by Dr. J. L. Robertson of Washington avenue, in corroboration of his statement.

Liberis could speak very little English but finally gave the police to understand that he had been visiting a friend, Antonia Christanthas of Wayne street. About 7 o'clock last night, he said, Parienos had taken up a position in front of Antonia's home and began to insult the occupants. Liberis remonstrated with him and during the fight which resulted received a slash across the face and was stabbed in the back.

Parienos escaped after the melee and Liberis was taken to the physician's office, where it was found that the knife had penetrated his back just over the left lung, making a wound about four inches deep. The cut on his face was about three inches long and had to be sewed up. Detectives Frank Lee and James McKay were detailed on the case, but up to a late hour had failed to capture Parienos.

BATTLE AT A PARTY.

Four Guests Arrested After a Policeman Had Been Badly Battered.

William, John, Kate and Rosalind Mosser were arrested last night while attending a family party at 2826 Edwards alley. About ten persons were at the party when a quarrel arose over religion.

A fight started and Officer William Carliss went in. When he arrived the four prisoners with two other guests were having a free-for-all fight. The arrival of the officer was the signal for two to make a hasty exit, while the remaining four fell upon Carliss.

A crowd was attracted and several citizens went to the officer's rescue, but not until his uniform had been badly torn and his body covered with bruises. The male prisoners received serious scalp wounds from the officer's club.

RIVERVIEW PARK IN GREAT DEMAND

McIlvain Making Preparations for Season in Allegheny City's Pleasure Ground.

MANY PICNICS SCHEDULED

Director Edward J. McIlvain of the Allegheny department of public works announced last night that, although the picnic season is still a month or more away, practically every date for Riverview park during the coming summer is already taken. The director will also endeavor to have Riverview park decided upon for the holding of the annual school jubilee.

Immediately after taking office, the director conceived the idea of exploiting the beauties of the big playground and its adaptability for picnics and large public gatherings during the summer. With this end in view he arranged special outing days for the different schools, advertised the weekly band concerts extensively and made improvements in the park.

During the entire season he kept the necessity of erecting shelter houses before the North Side people constantly. The results were even better than he had anticipated. Sufficient money was raised by public subscription to pay for two shelter houses, and the erection of these will be started within the next few weeks.

The director has delayed the construction for a short time to allow the making of new roads through Kilbuck and Wissahickon hollows and the completion of other improvements now under way. H. J. Heinz has also agreed to erect a new steel revolving band stand.

The director's methods of booming the park were so successful that applications for picnic dates began to come in before the first of the year. Many of the Allegheny churches and schools will hold their annual outings in the park and requests for dates have also been received from religious and social organizations outside of the city.

At present Director McIlvain is after the school jubilee. For years it has been the custom to hold this festival in West park, but there is complaint annually about the lack of room for the 15,000 children and their parents and friends who gather for the occasion. It is expected that the board of school controllers will take action favoring Riverview park at its next meeting, which will be held the 18th of this month.

Director McIlvain is also urging upon Mayor Wyman the advantages of holding the Fourth of July fireworks display in Riverview, where the people can watch the pyrotechnics without crowding and where there would be no danger from passing trains, as is the case when the celebration is held on Monument hill.

REWARD FOR A BODY.

One Hundred Dollars Will Be Paid For Remains of George Scott Dickey.

One hundred dollars reward has been offered for the recovery of the body of George Scott Dickey, who was drowned in the Allegheny river at Ford City, last Tuesday. The reward is offered by W. S. Dickey court, Glass City, No. 3549, I. O. F., and Unity commandery, No. 339, Knights of Malta.

Dickey was 22 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches tall, with a smooth face and sandy complexion. He wore a dark shirt, black suit and rubber boots, and had a blue handkerchief around his neck. He carried a silver, open-face Elgin movement watch, with a locomotive engraved on the back of the case.

Budweiser

First in Sales
Because
First in Quality

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During 1903

The Largest Sales of any Brand of Bottled Beer

When attending the World's Greatest Fair do not fail to visit
The Anheuser-Busch Brewery
The Home of Budweiser
Orders Promptly Filled by
CRYSTAL WATER CO., Distributers

KISKIMINETAS SPRINGS SCHOOL

The additions to our buildings are now completed, and we have room for a few more boys for the Spring term. Term opens April 5th. College entrance examinations held at the School in June.

For particulars address the Principals,
WILSON, FAIR & MacCOLL,
Saltsburg, Pa.

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IS SO GOOD
It is Necessary to Protect it with an
Airtight, Odor-proof Package
To Retain its Delicate Flavor.

Meadow-Gold Butter is the purest butter made, and there is never any variation in its quality.
No charge for the package.

Ask Your Grocer for it.
THE CONTINENTAL CREAMERY COMPANY,
643 LIBERTY AVE.

Now comes the Spring, and the dangerous change from Winter to Spring underwear. Prevent trouble this year by buying

Kneipp Linen-Mesh Underwear

Every thread is of pure linen; each garment is made with exquisite care.

For Sale by
BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny, Pa.,
who carry a full and complete line; also GREEN BROS., cor. Smithfield st. and Third ave., Pittsburgh. Send for samples and booklet.

There is now the usual influx of Spring novels, but Fox's "THE LITTLE SHEPHERD OF KINGDOM COME" still remains in the lead. More copies have been sold this month than of any other book. Mr. Fox is now in Japan for Scribner's Magazine.
SCRIBNER'S 130th Thousand

Aches

of some kind are the heritage of nearly everyone, from the infant and the colic, the middle aged and the distressing, miserable headaches, to the aged with nervous, muscular and rheumatic pains.

A remedy to relieve in all cases must be founded on the right principle, and that accounts for the wonderful success of

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

They never fail to cure all cases of pain, because they treat the Pain Source—the nerves. By soothing the irritated nerves they lessen the tension, build up the strength, set the blood coursing through the veins, and thus allay all pain.

"Periodic headache, that unfitted me for business several days at a time, has been my life experience. I found first relief in Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, and since then I invariably ward them off by taking a pill when I feel them coming on."—E. M. MOOBERRY, Windsor, Ill.

Sold on guarantee that first package will benefit, or money refunded.
25 doses 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

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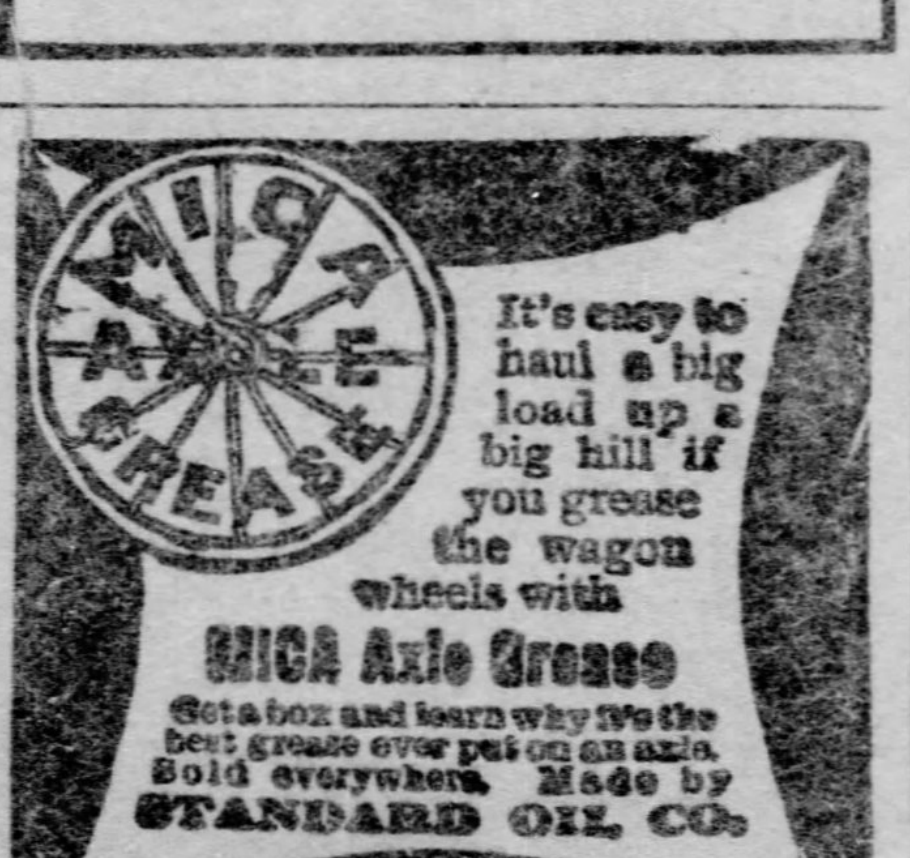

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Get a box and learn why it's the best grease ever put on an axle. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

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ESTABLISHED 1863.
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Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.
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General Offices at
SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS,
PITTSBURGH.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Fair.

Monday, April 4, 1904.

The Greatest Feature of the Week
is the sale of
75c, 85c AND $1.00 GRADES OF
SILK-AND-LINEN CHIFFON
for the remarkable and heretofore unknown price of
28c a Yard.

The sale begins promptly this morning at 8 o'clock in Dress Goods section of West street floor. This fine material can be employed for making party dresses, porch dresses, beach dresses and cool and dressy gowns for any summer event.

The offer is one of those occasions that spring up only at rare intervals. This chiffon, composed of part linen and part silk, is from the looms of Lyons, France. The grounds are in white and various colors and the designs are woven into the grounds in contrasting colors of fancy silk.

We gave a detail of this interesting offer in our news of Saturday afternoon, and we do not particularize again this morning. While we have an immense quantity—some 4,662 yards—we are so sure of the material meeting with a cordial reception that we would advise women who like first choice to see the goods today if possible.

The Spring Rearrangement of the Interior of the Home.

In our display windows today will be found some clever suggestions pointing to many new things that will be required in the home after the annual overhauling—Lace Curtains and Portieres, Rugs and Carpets, Furniture, Brass Beds and Bed Belongings—the whole worth some moments of optical study.

Now if you will follow us to the several departments throughout the store where such goods are on sale for lowest prices, we will endeavor to enlighten you upon our vast collection of such household things that are both practical and decorative.

On the Fourth Floor West.

Here we have our Lace Curtains, our Portieres, our Drapery Stuffs, our Brass Beds and Mattresses and Feather Pillows and Bed Springs, all in variety enough to meet the taste of the most exacting.

Lace Curtains. 45c a Pair and up to $700.00.

Would anyone undertake to say they could not find the wanted article in such a range of curtains? Being in close touch with the world's best manufacturers of this class of goods we are always in a position to furnish everything that is at all desirable.

Taking our Lace Curtains under their several grades the price range on each is herewith given:
Nottingham Curtains from 45c a pair up to $7.50.
Irish Point Curtains from $2.00 a pair up to $18.00.
Battenberg Lace Curtains from $3.50 a pair up to $15.00.
Point d'Arabe Lace Curtains, both imitation and genuine, from $2.00 a pair to $700.00.
Brussels Point Lace Curtains from $20.00 a pair up to $90.00.
Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains from $3.50 a pair up to $25.00.
Bonne Femme Lace Curtains from $3.00 each up to $25.00.
Ruffled Net Curtains from $1,00 a pair up to $10.00.
Sill Lace Curtains from $1.50 a pair up to $10.00.
Madras Curtains from $3.50 a pair up to $10.00.
Muslin Curtains from $1.00 a pair up to $3.50.

This department makes a specialty of making to order Panels and Sash Curtains in any size.

Upholstery Stuffs.

This department carries a great variety of all kinds of upholstery and drapery materials for the making of curtains, screens, coverings for furniture, pillows and cushions.

There are plain and printed Drapery Stuffs; woven and embroidered Muslin, Nets in colors, white and ecru; Insertings, Laces and Motifs; plain and printed Silkolines; printed and lining Sateens; domestic and imported Cretonnes; white and colored Madras; bed Valance brocades; slip cover Linens; Denims in all shades; English Slip Cover Stripes; imitation Leathers; plain and printed Taffeta; plain and figured Burlap; Curtain Fixtures and Trimmings; Window Shades and Awnings—and all these goods are lower in price than such goods can be purchased for anywhere else in either city.

Portieres, of Different Materials.

We have Portieres of latest fabrics, some with plain centers, others with brocades, shown in all manner of color schemes, at prices beginning at $3.50 a pair and rising to $28.00.

We make to order any particular sizes of Portieres, either for windows, arches, doors or partitions, and have at all times complete variety in heavy materials like reps, armures and tapestries.

We also make Rope Curtains to order, either for wide or narrow doors. Make them in any size or color desired.

Brass Bedsteads.

Only best-known makes find entrance into this department. Both the finish and the construction are of notably good workmanship. We have Brass Bedsteads with light, medium and heavy posts. The prices run from $25.00 up to $100.00 each.

Mattresses in All Grades.

None but best grades of Felt Mattresses are sold here, and in every instance the prices are much below the widely advertised mattresses of felt. We also make Hair Mattresses to order, using only best grades of hair.

Bedsprings.

They are shown in woven wire, wire cable, heavy links and wire and upholstered box springs.

Feather Pillows.

We make to order in any size both Feather Pillows and Bolsters, using none but finest feathers and doing the work at most reasonable prices.

Renovation.

Upon postal or telephone request we will bring in any hair mattresses you have and renovate them thoroughly. We also renovate feathers.

On the Fifth Floor, West.

On this floor we carry complete lines of Furniture, and we also have on this floor our department of Interior Decorations, which is in a position to contract for the entire refurnishment of any house, or for putting into any new home its entire furnishment.

But the intent and purpose of this notice is intended, in a preliminary way, to call attention to our

New Porch Furniture.

We have already had many inquiries for this class of furniture, and our first consignment of three carloads of reed furniture is just in the house.

This reed furniture comes from the well-known manufacturer, Heywood Bros., and Wakefield Co., of Gardner, Mass.

This early notice is given so that people who like to buy their porch outfits early can do so and be ready for the balmy weather that is due almost any time now. We are now ready with Reed Chairs, Rockers, Settees, Swings, Tables, etc.

Prices of rockers, 90c, $1.35, $1.75, $2.25 and up to $15.00. Other styles, including rustic, fiber rush, etc., will be ready shortly.

Swings for porch, made of quartered oak in weathered or green finish, built in our own shop, 6 ft. long and complete with ropes and hooks and felt cushions covered with denim at $32.00.

On the Fourth Floor, East.

This is the home of Oriental Rugs, the home of the finest specimens that come to this country. We also show the very best grades of domestic Rugs in all sizes, as well as different grades of imported Rugs other than Oriental. Our Carpets and Mattings and Linoleums and Oilcloths are also shown in this department.

Oriental Rugs.

It is now some eleven years since we established an office in Constantinople, and ever since we have been noted for bringing to this country the choicest rugs that come out of Turkey and Persia.

We have rugs in all sizes, from the pretty little thing for laying before the door, on through a range of sizes to the immense rug 25x18 feet, and the range of prices is just as broad, $5.00 and along and up to $1,500.00. There are specimens of every known rug produced in the Orient.

One of the features connected with this Oriental Department is that of having rugs in odd sizes, something very difficult to secure; for instance, there are Oriental rugs 13 ft. by 12 ft., 12 ft. by 10 ft., 14 ft. by 13 ft., and other irregular sizes.

Domestic Rugs.

Our large stock of Domestic Rugs embodies those of standard qualities. We have the high-grade reversible rugs, 12x9 ft., in Bokhara pattern, best copy yet produced.

We also have Tapestry Brussels Rugs in size 12x9 ft., and Body Brussels Rugs in all sizes from 9 ft. by 6 ft. to 15 ft. by 11 ft. 3 inches.

Velvet Rugs are shown in the popular size of 12x9 ft. and Wilton Rugs are shown in a range of sizes from the door size to the large rug 14 ft. 6 in. by 12 ft. 9 in.

Imported Rugs.

Of Scotch Wool Rugs we have those fine rugs known under the names of Caledon, Celtic and Meaddows, in sizes 12x15 ft., 12x9 ft., and 10 ft. 6 in. by 7 ft. 6 in. These rugs are designed after the Morris style and come in soft mellow tints, the blending and harmony of color amounting to almost absolute perfection. We also have them in plain colors with colonial borders to match. If any special size is required we can promise delivery in from 7 to 9 weeks.

Among the richest of imported rugs are those known as Basra one-piece rugs and selling for $60.00. A rich and beautiful rug for the money, 13x20 feet in size, the patterns and designs being in classic, as well as the popular Art Nouveau effects.

We take orders for English, German and Austrian Hand-Tufted Rugs, and can have them made in any size and in any special design. This proposition enables anyone to carry out any color scheme they have in mind.

Linoleums and Oilcloths.

We have Inlaid Linoleums which we imported direct, and also Domestic Linoleum. These are designed in very pretty effects.

China and Japanese Mattings.

Our Spring importation of these fine mattings is unusually large, and both the Japanese Cotton Warp Mattings and the China Mattings are shown in many different patterns. The prices are very low, considering the fine quality of these goods.

On the Fifth Floor, East.

Here is the most extensive Wall Paper Department in the city. One has only to enter it to note the fact. It is replete with the newest designs in wall papers for the 1904 season. Not only do we have the finest grades of American paper, but we also show in large variety the best production of foreign wall paper manufacturers.

From the collection anyone can choose with satisfaction. The inexpensive papers are here, beginning at 10c a bolt, and from that price the range takes upward steps until the finest hand-made papers are reached, selling at $30.00 a bolt.

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Monday, April 4, 1904.

Bonaparte Wyse, the original holder of the Panama concession, who claims that he is "moved by the loftiest motives," declares that there will be more litigation before the matter is finally settled. The grounds of such litigation, however, will be the relations between the present Panama company and its predecessor, and the United States will not be a party. It will be through with that part of the business when it pays the money and takes over the property. If any questions arise between the company and other claimants as to the ownership of the fund they can be fought out in the French courts, and the decision one way or another cannot affect the position of the United States.

The Hearst movement appears to have acted as a crystallizing agency upon the Democratic party situation. The activity of Hearst's agents and their success in picking up delegates here and there has made such a general stir as to incite a rapid concentration upon Parker. As it now seems settled that New York will send a Parker delegation to the national convention, other states are falling in line. Democratic representatives at Washington are now predicting that Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois and Minnesota will follow suit. The south is now reported to be turning that way and Texas and Missouri are expected to follow the lead of the south and middle west. As matters look now, Hearst and Bryan will have enough to do to hold on to delegates where sentiment has been in favor, and just at this critical period Mr. Bryan is busy fighting for a slice of the Bennett estate against the efforts of the widow and relatives to shake him off.

A Pittsburgh clergyman thanked heaven yesterday that the action of President Roosevelt could not be predicted in any matter in advance of the call for action. He believed, of course, that in any emergency the president would do what he regarded as best for the country. That is a correct estimate of Theodore Roosevelt. He is no man's man to do his bidding. He will do what he believes to be right and good for the whole people. Some persons have not been satisfied with this, and so have called the president unsafe. But he is not unsafe. He is, on the contrary, a very safe man in charge of the nation's affairs, for he is ready to meet each emergency as it arises. He is ready to meet it courageously and intelligently. All that makes for good government and capable administration. We like not the man whose every act can be predicted because he will do what he is told by others who have no right to direct public business.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of a Paris paper, who professes to have official sources of information, says that returns from the general staff at Harbin on March 28 reported the Russian forces in Manchuria as composed of 170,000 infantry, 170,000 cavalry and 256 cannon. The Russian estimate of Japanese strength is that not over 80,000 troops have been landed and that "100,000 are waiting until the commissariat is assured before being transported, as it is impossible to feed them in Korea." The manifest absurdity of this estimate of Japanese strength discredits the estimate of Russian strength. If Russia can subsist her troops by means of over 5,000 miles of railway, how much more easy is the task for Japan, controlling the sea and with her base close at hand. And if the Russians are so superior in force to the Japanese, why are they falling back before them and evacuating their positions in northern Korea? If such statements are genuine expressions of official opinion, Russia has not yet realized her situation.

Motorpathia is the latest in medical nosology. It is applied to the particular type of nervous disease which affects the motorist who insists on tearing about the country at high speed. The doctors of England declare this practice simply tears up the whole nervous system. But while the name is new the disease is rather familiar in its main symptoms. The locomotive engineers have suffered from it more or less ever since fast trains have been popular. Not only is there serious disturbance of the nerves, but indirectly the noble organs of the body become affected and then the cure becomes more difficult. The odd thing is that men of wealth will do for pleasure what the engineman is compelled to do for a livelihood. Fast running on steel rails is not as trying to the nerves as fast running on public roads, but it inevitably breaks down the men who drive the express trains. Motorists naturally break down sooner if they push the speed. And we may take it for granted that the invention of a new name for the malady means that it will cost the motorist more for his treatment.

The Chicago Coal Shippers' association is bringing action in the United States circuit court in that city against six leading railroads whose car service is controlled by the Chicago Car Service association. The bill of complaint alleges violations of the anti-trust law and asks that the railroads be restrained from continuing their membership in the association and from combining to form a similar association. Various grievances are alleged, showing unreasonable and arbitrary regulations for the conduct of the business of the defendant corporation to the injury of the people and in defiance of the law. Actions of this kind will doubtless be stimulated by the recent decision of the supreme court, and quite properly so, but it may be noted that the reasonableness of the regulations imposed by the association is one thing and its existence another. Associated service upon uniform terms may be quite advantageous. Hence in this action the question of reasonableness will be prominent, and the probability is that question will become the decisive point in all cases involving the application of the Sherman act. To the extent that combination facilitates interstate commerce it is justifiable, and to hold that combination is noxious in itself would lead to intolerable consequences.

A local contemporary takes exception to The Gazette giving credit to Attorney General Knox for anticipating the decision of the court of the Seine, handed down in Paris last week. It declares that as the Panama revolution had not occurred when Attorney General Knox investigated the canal, to say he knew anything about the outcome of the contention of Colombia is to impute to him advance knowledge of the intention of Panama to revolt. The point is not well taken. Mr. Knox made a thorough examination of the Panama Canal Company title while negotiations were pending with the Colombian government. He reported that title good. Colombia refused to ratify the Hay-Herran treaty and Panama attained its independence. Colombia undertook to set up a claim in the French courts that the Panama Canal Company could not transfer to the United States its property and rights without Colombia's consent. Attorney General Knox then advised the president that Colombia's contention would fall because his thorough examination of the Panama company's title and franchise convinced him that Colombia could sustain no claim. It was that opinion of March 2, 1904, which The Gazette said was vindicated by the decision of the French court. Obviously this is wholly creditable to the attorney general. It is simply recognition of the fact that Mr. Knox made so thorough an analysis of the Panama Canal Company matters last year that he was able to advise the president accurately upon issues affecting it that were raised after his investigation.

New City Councils Today.

This is the day for the organization of the new city councils. There is general expectation of better things. This is not wholly due to the belief that there must be improvement, because matters cannot be worse than with the old council. There are other reasons. For one thing, the rump committees of select council are to be abolished. For another, there are to be new rules. These things will not create an ideal state of affairs, but they are all in the right direction.

In personnel the new councils are at least the equal of the old. In some particulars they are probably better. It remains to be seen how they will compare in discipline and parliamentary knowledge. Some of the best members of the preceding council were wofully deficient in parliamentary procedure, their lack of knowledge of details being a serious handicap to their usefulness. Orderly processes are necessary to the transaction of legislative business. Many important measures were put in jeopardy by the old council because rules were not observed. Of course, completion of the record covers the defects, but it is unnecessary to incur the hazard of objection before the business is done.

There is no probability that these councils can have as important franchise legislation to deal with as had their predecessors. This will be an advantage. They will, however, be called to act upon highly important city improvements. One of the first things to come before them will be the proposed issues of bonds for filtration and for removal of "the hump." Director Bigelow proposes to ask them to authorize these issues of bonds without submitting them to a vote of the people. The aggregate of both is about $7,000,000. It would not be wise to put such a burden of debt on the taxpayers without giving them an opportunity to say whether they desired the improvements made. The Gazette has indorsed both projects; filtration as an absolute necessity, hump removal as a great convenience. It believes both should be authorized, but it believes it is the business of the people and not of councils to pass finally upon such a large addition to the public debt. Councils have an opportunity to start with a good record in this thing.

A Difficult Task.

Field Marshal Yamagata of Japan says his country has entered upon a very difficult task and that it will require the utmost care in planning to succeed. He appreciates that it is no easy matter to go to war with and defeat a nation that has 3,000,000 soldiers. The Japanese field marshal is right. Even the brilliant achievements of the Japanese navy at the outset do not make the final issue of the war certain. They indicate a lack on the part of Russia of some of the qualities needed in such a struggle, and they prove that Japan was well prepared and has the true martial spirit. But there are other considerations.

Russia's reverses have awakened the government at St. Petersburg to the fact that Japan cannot be annihilated at a single stroke and that it has serious business on hand. Convinced of that truth, Russia has planned for more Japanese victories, but is marshaling its forces and energies for supreme efforts after the Japanese have time to tire themselves with campaigning and fighting. Its strategical orders, creating successive bases from the Yalu back to Harbin, announce to the world that while Russia is prepared to retreat it is not prepared to give up; that though Japan may win battles and invade Manchuria, its progress will ever be met by larger forces and stronger lines. The whole Russian plan is that of the slow monster counting time as its ally. If Japan shall overcome this monster it must be by marvelous bravery, vigilance and activity.

Russia says by its actions that the war is to be a long one. The loss of a part of its navy in the east is to be compensated months hence by sending out its navy now in the west. Its long line of defense is to be strengthened by the continued forwarding of troops by the railroad. The weak spot in the Russian armor is that long, slender line of communication. It is well with its huge army while the stores accumulated at Harbin, Vladivostok and other points are ample, but if the war is long the time will come when the country will be bare and dependence must be put upon the railroad, or sea supremacy achieved. It thus becomes Japan's problem to maintain its control of the sea and to save its energies, or to overcome the giant while he is yet getting ready for the combat. Japan has done well up to the present, but Field Marshal Yamagata makes no mistake in declaring it has yet a most difficult task to perform.

International Arbitration.

Edward Everett Hale gives a well meant boom to arbitration as a means of settling international controversies. It is a subject that will stand much discussion for its educational effect. But there is nothing practical in the suggestions that the trouble between Russia and Japan may be arbitrated at this time. In this case there is truly "nothing to arbitrate," and it is not probable either of the belligerent powers would entertain the proposition for a moment.

The matter at issue between Japan and Russia is one of territorial aggrandizement, commercial advantage and national prestige. Such things are not included among the arbitrable subjects enumerated by The Hague congress. They touch too closely that will-o'-the-wisp called national honor. Besides, the passions of the combatants are roused to the pitch that can be cooled only by blood-letting. After blood has been let in quantities sufficient to stain the soil of Manchuria and Korea, it is possible the warring nations may consent to an arbitration to fix the terms of peace, but not now.

In one aspect, however, the Japanese-Russian war may prove useful in advancing the cause of international arbitration. It can be used as an example of the folly of pouring out precious blood and treasure in the settlement of a dispute that might have been, at an earlier stage, settled by arbitration. War survived only because the world is not fully civilized or because the people forget. In this case Russia is more to blame than Japan, though the latter precipitated the conflict. Russia in its supreme selfishness took for its own a part of the Chinese empire and had begun to reach out for Korea also. Though it promised the world to evacuate Manchuria it did not do so, and the world discovered that it not only intended to hold on, but that it aimed to shut out of that territory the commerce of other nations. Incidentally, its course was strangling, or threatened to strangle, the new life of Japan. This brought on the war. Russia, which called The Hague conference into being, might have submitted its claim to Manchuria to arbitration, but did not. That did not suit its purpose. So, after all, there must be much educational work done before international arbitration will come into general use to settle big questions. Meantime the torpedo boat will be more active.

Since Japan has allowed the American correspondents to go to the front, we are warranted in assuming that they are ready for the juggling to begin. The audience is a little weary waiting, but still much interested.

David T. Watson's boom for the Democratic presidential nomination is a deserved compliment to ability, but we fear it has been started too late to accomplish anything practical.

Breathitt county, Kentucky, has broken out again. This time the feud has selected the nephew of James Harcum for its victim. But justice will awaken down there some time.

Gen. Miles appreciates the good taste of the Prohibitionists in picking him out for the presidential nomination, but he does not see the road to success that way.

While the weather was not very favorable to the display of Easter millinery yesterday, there need be no regret that the new hat is ready for another occasion.

Mr. Bryan continues to insist upon 16 to 1 and the Nicaragua canal. He seems to have lost track of events while absent in Europe.

New councils will begin business today and there is general wonder if they can possibly be worse than the old councils.

Parker and Hearst are the obvious leaders. But the Democracy is yet anxious to learn which is the leader.

Reports of Kaiser Wilhelm's health are so persistently pessimistic as to gain credence in spite of denials.

Reports from the primaries indicate continued active interest of the citizen in affairs of state.

Among the signs of spring is the moving circus advertising car.

Comparative Civilization.

Russia is 50 times as big as Japan in territory, thrice as big in population; and Japan sends three times as many children to the elementary schools.—Everybody's Magazine.

The Quiet Observer

ERASMUS WILSON.

Those oft are stratagems which errors seem,
Nor is it Homer nods, but we that dream.
—Pope.

Dear Old Q. O.—You know it has been said that sometimes Jove nods; so we can excuse you if you doze occasionally. Now that you have wakened up, no doubt you recollect that Alexander Pope did not write "John Gilpin's Ride," but his brother poet, William Cowper.
H. H.

Surely there has been racket enough about this slip to awaken one from a sound sleep, to say nothing of a kindly dig in the ribs by the "All Sorts Man."

And the racket was fully as well merited as it was well meant.

But slips will occur. The very best evidence of this is that they do occur. And that they do occur is shown in "H. H.'s" note wherein he says "Jove nods," referring to the line from Horace in which he says: "Even the worthy Homer nods." Pope uses it again in the lines quoted above.

About the truth of the matter is that the best of us are a bit slipshod sometimes.

* * * * *

And now comes a literary sharp and says that neither Cowper nor Pope wrote "John Gilpin's Ride," and proves it by showing in black and white that William Cowper wrote a piece called "John Gilpin"—just plain "John Gilpin."

So, there you are.

Of course, Cowper wrote it, as a good many of our friends seem to know. And yet it is probable that more of them know it now than knew it before, and that many of those who once knew it but had forgotten it, will not forget it again.

This would seem to verify, in a manner, that line of Pope's: "Those oft are stratagems which errors seem."

Anyway, it is almost, if not quite, worth while to have made the slip just to find out that so many good people read "The Quiet Observer," and to feel that they were interested to the extent of calling attention to the fact that they had read it.

Surely it is an ill wind that blows good to none. Indeed, this may lead some, even many, to read both Cowper and Pope, and better company for an evening or two is hard to find.

* * * * *

It naturally follows that is was Cowper who was melancholy, and morbid, and humorous. These three are often found together—an odd sort of trinity, don't you think?

Pope had a severe attack of scarlet fever, or something of the sort, while he was yet an infant, and it left him in bad shape, for a fact, and he remained in bad shape physically all his life. His friend, Lord Chesterfield, said he was one long disease; and the most irritable of the irritable genus offended with trifles and never forgetting or forgiving them.

But he possessed one virtue, at least, one that will make up for more shortcomings and cover more sins than any other. He loved his mother. Nor was it mere fondness for her, but love based on respect and admiration. He lived for his mother rather than for himself.

And it was Cowper who was so often in love, losing his head, and making lots of trouble for his friends. And yet he was willing, and even anxious, to please his friends, as shown by the number of pieces written at their suggestion. Lady Austen gave him "The Task" to write. And she told him the story of John Gilpin to divert his attention. She also urged him to translate Homer, having found that he was better, both in body and mind, when having something else to think about than himself.

Have you read "The Task?" It is well worth all it may cost you, for there is mighty good stuff in it, and entertaining, too.

* * * * *

"No day without a line."

It was one Apelles, a painter, who made this his motto. And it was he who got off that other trite and true saying: "Let the shoemaker stick to his last." He expressed it more artistically: "Let not a shoemaker judge above his shoe;" or, as a young lawyer would put it: "Ne supra crepidam sutor judicaret."

All of us draw lines every day, and many of them are not above criticism by shoemakers. Some of us are thankful to them, and some feel offended. To the philosopher just criticism is ever welcome. He learns something from it, and that is sufficient compensation for its sting.

But to return to the shoemaker.

It was a custom with Apelles, to which he most tenaciously adhered, not to let any day pass, however busy he might be, without exercising himself by tracing some outline or other—a practice which has now passed into a proverb: "No day without a line."

It was also a practice with him when he had completed a work, to exhibit it to the view of the passersby in his studio, while he himself, concealed behind the picture, would listen to the criticisms.

Under these circumstances they say he was censured by a shoemaker for having represented the shoes with one latchet too few. The next day the shoemaker, quite proud at seeing the former error corrected, thanks to his advice, began to criticise the leg, upon which Apelles, full of indignation, popped his head out and reminded him that a shoemaker should give no opinion beyond shoes—a piece of advice which has equally passed into a proverbial saying: "Let not a shoemaker judge above his shoe."
—Pliny.

* * * * *

But what has all this to do with the kissing question or any of the burning issues of the hour?

Possibly nothing at all as far as you are concerned, and yet there are some who may get a pointer or two out of it, for, to meet these issues successfully, one must be more or less critical, for one has to be diplomatic, and you very well know that one cannot be a successful diplomat without being critical—that is, able to see the good or bad in others, and in himself likewise.

There are those who are forever finding fault with others, but never with themselves. These have a mistaken notion, sadly mistaken, that criticism means finding fault. Primarily it means to recognize and to point out merit in an individual or the work of an individual. In doing this sometimes one cannot well avoid calling attention to defects and lack of virtue.

It is the kindly disposed critic who exerts the greater influence in the world of art. You may have heard would-be critics lampooning the works of honest, conscientious artists, and without excuse or reason. Because the work did not strike them favorably they took it for granted that it was bad, and it afforded their sordid, selfish hearts a lot of satisfaction to cry aloud their views.

To such as these you may recommend the proverb: "Let not a shoemaker judge above his shoe."

* * * * *

"If you hear a song that thrills you,
Sung by any child of song,
Praise it. Do not let the singer
Wait deserved praises long.
Why should one who thrills your heart
Lack the joy you may impart?"

Just, generous criticism is the best of schooling, because from it you learn your standing in the estimation of your fellows.

And there would be more honest criticism were it not that so many of those who most need it won't take it kindly. They say they will, and even invite it openly, but when given they flare up and get mad and place their friendly critics on their list of enemies.

The business of criticising others has ever been a ticklish business. And it seems that none take it in worse fashion than those who are most given to criticising.

We let the tender office long engage
To rock the cradle of reposing age;
With lenient arts extend a mother's breath,
Make languor smile and smooth the bed of death;
Explore the thought, explain the asking eye,
And keep awhile one parent from the sky.

Satire's my weapon, but I'm too discreet
To run amuck and tilt at all I meet.
* * * * * *
But touch me, and no minister so sore;
Whoe'er offends at such unlucky time
Slides into verse and hitches in a rhyme,
Sacred to ridicule his whole life long,
And a sad burden of some merry song.
—Pope.

"It is much easier to be critical than correct," observes Disraeli, and then goes on to say: "You know who critics are?—the men who have failed in literature and art."

Talked of in Gotham

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, April 3.—Easter Sunday is declared a success in New York. There was no fault to be found with the weather, and the church parade in Fifth avenue was a glorious pageant, such as reminded old New Yorkers of the nineties, when Easter clothes were as sure to be new as was Easter music to be worth extraordinary attention. From year to year there has been an attempt to discredit the walk to and from church in Fifth avenue as a thing of beauty. Cynics have said that only cheap people wear new hats and neckties on Easter Sunday. Others have declared that churchgoing is too solemn a matter to warrant its being made the occasion of a flaunting of the pomps and vanities of the world. Still others have held that it is bad form to walk to church at all when you can afford to ride. But the Easter morning trip along the avenue, especially when the day is sunny, is too dear a tradition to be obliterated by any amount of sinister suggestions. So the good folk who joined in the procession today numbered up in the thousands and comprised some of the most prominent men and women in metropolitan society. The talk about a scarcity of eggs had faded away by breakfast time. So far as reports have come in, everyone who could afford a breakfast at all had plenty of eggs for that meal, while the sale of aniline dyes and beets for coloring and pickling the eggs was as large as at any previous Easter. It does not appear that there was a famine in any of the accessories of the great day, and even lilies were procurable at a reasonable advance in cost up to closing time last night, to say nothing of the offerings by street venders this morning while the church bells were chiming. It has been an entirely satisfactory Easter from all points of view.

Delmonico's Is Safe.

It is reassuring to know that there will be no material change in the methods of management of Delmonico's through the death of "Aunt Rosa." The name of Delmonico is a valuable asset, and the palatial edifice in which the gastronomic requirements of wealthy people are satisfied could not well lose prestige while it bears that cachet of good taste unless the chef were suddenly to lose his cunning. The restaurant will be still in the hands of Delmonicos—a nephew and niece of Rosa—and will continue to maintain its friendly but vigorous rivalry with Sherry's across the street, in the good old way.

Chauncey Depew Laughs.

Now that Senator Chauncey M. Depew has buckled down to the work of fighting for new postoffices in New York, people here think they will get something before long. The smiling junior senator from the state of New York can do other things besides making speeches after dinner and cracking jokes with newspaper men. He is an earnest man when he gets into the senate chamber in Washington, especially with a purpose so near to his heart as improving the facilities of his home city. He has the figures at his finger end, too, as he proved to the senate when he talked postoffice on Friday. There is opposition, but he laughs at it.

No Subway Until Christmas.

It cannot be said that people are much astonished over the latest statement of John B. McDonald that the rapid transit subway will not be open to the public before the fall. There is a general apprehension that it will not be running much before next Christmas. Mr. McDonald says that even if it had been in operation by June, as was originally promised, it would reach only as far as One Hundred and Fourth street. This would doubtless cause a great deal of annoyance to patrons, who would object to getting off the trains at that point to continue their journey uptown by some other means. Aside from this, the road will not be ready in time. The tracks are all laid, but there is trouble at the power house at Fifty-ninth street and Eleventh avenue. Only two out of the five immense generators are in place, and as it takes six weeks to put in each one, this will bring it to the middle of August, even if there are no labor troubles to interfere. Take it all in all, the public will be fairly satisfied if they can use the subway for their Christmas shopping.

Easter Services in the Small Hours.

One impressive Easter service took place at 2:30 o'clock this morning, when mass was celebrated for the benefit of the newspaper workers at St. Andrews, in Duane street. A striking feature was the singing of Johnnie Quigley, known as the "Newsboy Tenor." There are several churches in Manhattan, Catholic and Episcopal, where early morning "Newspaper workers' services" are conducted. They have proved to be a great success, judging by the large and reverential attendance each Sunday.

Carnegie's Secretary Busy.

Andrew Carnegie left considerable important work for his secretary, James Bertram, before the latter rejoins his chief at Skibo. It is Mr. Carnegie's custom to leave his secretary in New York for a week or two after he himself goes to Europe, but this time it may be a month or more before Mr. Bertram sails. Mr. Carnegie will not go to Skibo much before the end of May, it is said here, and presumably will not settle down to work, with his secretary at his elbow, until that time. Meanwhile, Mr. Bertram has arranged for the building of four expensive automobiles, which are to be delivered to Mr. Carnegie's new automobile stable in Fifth avenue some time in September.

"Lambs" Are Frisky.

One of the best-used and most popular clubs in Manhattan is the "Lambs" in Thirty-sixth street. Its membership comprises musicians, artists, actors, managers and business men, and it is understood that when one enters the portals conventionality flies to the winds. Comfort and conviviality are the watchwords of the institution. The club is building a new house in West Forty-fourth street, which it expects to occupy by Christmas. It will cost $20,000, and although it will be comparatively small for a modern New York clubhouse, being only six stories in height and 37 feet wide, it will be perfectly equipped. Twenty years ago the crowd which one finds at the "Lambs" was usually at the "Players" in Gramercy park. But Bohemia is moving steadily northward, and Gramercy park is much too far downtown for men who are in the habit of taking their recreation in evening clothes.

Sulks in His Tent.

It is not likely that Hugh McLaughlin, erstwhile boss of the Kings county Democracy in Brooklyn, will again take an active part in the politics of Greater New York. He has just come back from a vacation, and he is not pleased with the way things have been running in his absence. He is down on Senator Pat McCarren and has little use for Charlie Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall. There is much regret that the old warhorse feels so disgruntled, because it was generally felt that his shrewdness has been a balance wheel to the somewhat whirligig machinery of Tammany since Richard Croker moved over to Wantage. The prevailing opinion, however, is that Tammany will have to get along without Hugh McLaughlin hereafter.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
Miss M. Mosbey.
Miss J. Mosbey.
Dr. T. M. T. McKennan.

Holland.
W. W. Blackburn.
Mrs. George W. Reed.
Miss Margaret Reed.
Harry H. Palmer.
Robert Miller.

Manhattan.
E. P. Peacock.
J. E. Ladd.
J. E. Wells.
H. S. Mould.
E. Saunders.

Plaza.
B. D. Bowleson.
D. Rothstein.
Mrs. Rothstein.

Gregorian.
W. C. Park.

Bartholdi.
F. W. Peters.
Charles W. Miller.
J. W. Simonds.

Grenoble.
Ph. B. Hasbrouck.

Marlborough.
H. H. Pease.
G. W. Lillie.

Victoria.
Julius Fleisher.
Theodore J. Schintzer.

St. Denis.
Miss Mary Johnston.
P. R. Kunkel.

Union Square.
J. Weiss.

Belvedere.
H. Ziegler.

Broadway Central.
Gus Trau.
G. A. P. Bowman.
Sam P. Gell.
M. J. Wilson.
S. E. Devries.

Continental.
J. E. Morrow.
F. J. Shaffer.
Mrs. Shaffer.
H. Fickeisen.
J. N. Manwarin.

Imperial.
Charles H. Carlick.
H. Jackson.

The Nation's Capital

L. W. STRAYER.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—The past week has been one of great political activity in Washington. This activity has not been confined to the halls of congress, where the debates have been indulged in for the purpose of trying to raise an issue upon which the Democratic party can enter the campaign, but it includes meetings and conferences and deals among the Democrats looking to the nomination of a conservative Democrat at the St. Louis convention and the adoption of a rational platform. The result has been that the chances of the selection of Judge Parker of New York as the candidate of the Democracy have improved, and there now seems to be no doubt but he will be the man. Someone to beat Hearst and give the conservatives the upper hand is apparently the idea, and with this idea in mind the Democratic leaders have flocked to the standard of Parker. August Belmont came over from New York to sound the prominent Democrats in congress on Parker, and he found them inclined to listen to him.

Gorman to Give Up His Chance.

It is reported that within a few days Senator Gorman of Maryland will throw up any chance of the nomination that he might have and come out in an interview for Parker. What authority there is for this prediction cannot be ascertained, but the rumor was thoroughly circulated about the capitol on Saturday. If Gorman takes this action there will be no further doubt as to Parker's nomination.

Parker Looms Up in New York.

Mr. Belmont assured several senators with whom he talked at some length that Mr. Parker is looming up strong in New York and that there will be plenty of financial backing for a Parker campaign. He also told them that states of the south and west are counted upon to join New York in making the nomination a certainty. For a considerable time there has been a very strong Parker sentiment among the Democratic senators. The word that Mr. Belmont brought them has been of a very encouraging nature. None the less, there is quite a Democratic contingent in congress that holds it would be far better to secure some issue on which to make a good fight than to rush precipitately into the selection of a political candidate over three months before the national convention meets. In the meantime the situation might change materially and the selection of Judge Parker might not seem as desirable as it now does. However, the trend is very strong toward Judge Parker, as far as the Democrats in congress are concerned. While Mr. Belmont has no authority to speak for New York Democrats, he is regarded as an influential man in the party, and his word about the prospects in New York state is regarded as showing that Judge Parker is likely to be agreed upon long before the convention meets. Democrats of the south and of sections of the middle west are now in the frame of mind to join with New York in securing his nomination.

Pennsylvania to Fall In Line.

It is asserted by the Democratic members of the Pennsylvania delegation in congress that the Keystone state will follow the lead of New York in the convention and will likely do in its state convention as the New York state convention does. If New York instructs for Parker, Pennsylvania will do likewise, but if New York contents itself with a resolution indorsing the candidacy of Judge Parker, that is what Pennsylvania will do. The Pennsylvania delegation will train with the conservative anti-Bryan wing of the party and the 68 votes from that state are certain to go for the candidate favored by New York.

Finding Fault With Restaurants.

A vigorous kick is being registered by members of congress against the bill of fare and the services provided in the capitol restaurants. There are two of these eating places, one on the house side and one on the senate side, but they are under the management of the same man. Members claim that not only is the service and menu poor, but the prices are too high. Their indignation found expression yesterday in a resolution adopted amid applause and without a dissenting vote to authorize the committee on accounts to inquire and report to the house at the earliest practicable date as to the desirability and feasibility of conducting the house restaurant by other business methods than those now in vogue. The resolution was offered by Representative Graff of Illinois and is the result of long-standing protests against the bill of fare provided by the men who hold the concession for providing the members with the midday lunch. That the privilege of conducting the house restaurant is a valuable one has long been recognized. One of the concessionaires, formerly the proprietor of a hotel in Washington, was a favorite of the late Speaker Reed and originally obtained the concession from him, and has always managed to hold it. The proprietors pay no rent, nothing for heating and lighting and are required to furnish only the food, the service and equipment. The prices are slightly in excess of the popular restaurant prices outside the capitol, but there are no lunch rooms in close proximity to the building and hence the house restaurant enjoys a monopoly. Since the privilege of selling liquor in the capitol, for which no license was paid, was taken away by the Fifty-seventh congress, the proprietors have declared that there is no money in the business, and accordingly both food and service have deteriorated. The plan now is to do away with the concession and have the house itself enter into the business of running a lunch counter.

Speaker Gets Free Meals.

It is proposed that the committee on accounts shall designate a manager or chef to buy provisions, conduct the restaurant, procure the best the market affords, sell it at cost, receive a salary for his services, and if there is a deficit the same will be made good out of the contingent fund. It is further proposed to limit the patronage to members of congress and their especially invited guests, although it is possible that employes at the capitol may be allowed to eat at the second table, but the general public is to be excluded. It is an unwritten law that a perquisite of the speaker of the house is that he shall have his lunches and whatever other meals he may want from the house restaurant free of charge. Not all speakers have taken advantage of this opportunity, but it is said that one of them went further than getting free lunches. He insisted that he should have three pint bottles of champagne sent to his office every day, and this request was complied with by the concessionaire. In fact, the restaurant man made no kick whatever, for he realized that he was getting along cheap at that. There is no doubt but that before the sale of liquor at the capitol was abolished by the last congress the restaurant privilege was a very valuable one, since the sale of liquor was nearly as great as of solids and the margin of profit much larger.

Some Forgot to Pay Bills.

One can hear some queer tales about the restaurants if he keeps his ears open, bearing principally upon the forgetfulness of some members of congress to pay their eating bills. It would be in bad taste for the proprietor of the restaurant, who is getting his rent free, to refuse credit to a member, and yet it is said that there have been members who went out of office owing bills that amounted up into the hundreds and which proved total losses to the restaurant man. A few such customers as this would naturally discourage him.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Mrs. Younger—How do you give your little boy his health food?

Mrs. Oldhand—Oh, I put it on the mantelpiece and tell him not to touch it.—Puck.

"Did she consult the groom in fixing the date for the wedding?"

"Oh, no; only the dressmaker."—Chicago Post.

Clerk—What kind of a traveling bag can I show you, madam?

Mrs. Runabout—Well, I want to get a real leather $15 bag for about $1.99, or something like that.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

"Another $50 hat this spring?" asks the irate husband. "Why, you got one last year and only wore it once."

"What if I did?" asks the argumentative wife. "You only spent the $50 once last spring, didn't you?"—Judge.

The Death Roll

Marcus Arnfeld.

Marcus Arnfeld, aged 68, for years a clothing merchant in Penn avenue, near Eleventh street, died suddenly yesterday afternoon at his home, 130 Graham street, Shadyside. Mr. Arnfeld's death was caused by rheumatism, from which he had been a sufferer for several years. He was senior member of the firm of M. Arnfeld & Sons and had been in business in Pittsburgh since 1875. Mr. Arnfeld was born in Prussia and came to the United States in 1871. He was married 41 years ago and is survived by his widow and five children—Mrs. Henry Jena, Mrs. Jacob Spandau, Maurice, Abe and Aaron, all of this city. The funeral will take place from his late home at 1 p. m. tomorrow. Mr. Arnfeld was a member of all the local Jewish societies.

Howard G. Wently.

Howard G. Wently, aged 38, a veteran of the Spanish-American war, died last evening at the home of his parents, John and Mrs. Sarah Wently, in Sheraden, after an illness of nearly a year. Mr. Wently was a barge builder and had lived in Sheraden about three years. His father and brother, William J. and James B. Wently, conducted the Superior Ice Company in this city. He served during the Spanish war at Key West and at Havana. Besides his parents, five brothers and three sisters survive. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, Pride of the West council, Jr. O. U. A. M.; Brotherhood of the Union Star, Empire council 60, and of local 255, Carpenters union. Mr. Wently was unmarried.

Policeman Mayer's Funeral.

Funeral services over the remains of Caspar Mayer, a policeman attached to the South Fourteenth street police station, who was shocked to death by picking up a live wire at South Twenty-second and Sidney streets on Thursday afternoon, were held yesterday afternoon from St. Michael's Roman Catholic church in Pius street, South Side, the Rev. B. Boniface officiating. Two hundred policemen in uniform attended the services. The floral offerings were many and beautiful. Interment was made in St. Michael's cemetery.

Mrs. Fannie McKalvey.

Mrs. Fannie McKalvey, wife of Robert E. McKalvey, a prominent merchant of Hancock, Md., died Saturday night of heart failure. She was 34 years old. She was a daughter of the late Capt. Norvell McKinley of Hancock, who was a cousin of the late President McKinley. Mrs. McKalvey was a sister of Walter McKinley of McKeesport and of Rev. A. Hart McKinley, a Methodist clergyman of Sheppardstown, W. Va. Mrs. McKalvey leaves four children.

S. Stacker Williams.

S. Stacker Williams, one of the most widely known Free Masons in the United States, died yesterday at the home of his daughter in Washington Court House, O. He was grand master of the Ohio grand lodge of Masons from 1885 to 1888. He possessed the largest private Mosonic library known and contributed much to the literature of Free Masonry. He represented Licking county in the Ohio legislature from 1896 to 1900.

Mrs. Amos Luster.

Mrs. Hattie Luster, aged 50, wife of Amos Luster, died yesterday morning at her home in Haysville of paralysis. She was a member of the Sewickley Methodist Episcopal church. The family resided in Haysville for about 10 years. Besides her husband, Mrs. Luster is survived by two daughters, the Misses Bernice and Evelyn, and one son, Charles.

Obituary Notes.

John Flynn, a retired ironworker, who was widely known through the Shenango and Mahoning valleys, died at New Castle Saturday night, aged 75 years.

Delay in Building Warships.

Why is it that it should require more time to construct a warship in this country than in Great Britain? Years elapse between the laying of the keel of a big battleship in this country and the date when she is placed in commission. It is safe to say that if ships of the same tonnage and power are contracted for in this country and in Great Britain at the same time that the British ship will be completed and in commission before the American ship is half completed toward launching. In other branches of manufacture and construction we boast of our quickness, but in this one important field of endeavor our slowing is disheartening.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Not Original With Miles.

Now that Gen. Miles has rid himself of the cares of army administration, he is turning with refreshing eagerness to great civic questions. A dinner given by Michigan's Democrats drew from him an ardent letter on the subject of patriotism. The great question above all matters of economics or individuals he asserted, was "whether the spirit of the Declaration of Independence shall prevail or perish." That has a pleasant, familiar ring, and Mr. Bryan has no copyright on it, either.—Kansas City Star.

What a Kansas Editor Is.

An editor is a millionaire without money, a congressman without a job, a king without a throne. He constructs without a hammer or saw, builds railroads without rails or spikes and farms without a plow. He runs a butcher shop in the journalistic world, and deals out brains for cash or credit. The editor is a teacher, a lawyer, a preacher; he sends truth out to save souls and gets lost himself.—Neodesha (Kas.) Register.

Sentiment and Adertising.

There is beautiful sentiment in the observation that "the spinners of cotton are of much more use to the world than the speculators in the staple;" but the speculators continue to get the most copious notice in the newspopers.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

In Chicago.

Prof. Albion W. Small of Chicago university has discovered that Bunyan's Pilgrim was a "cad." This is not so strange when one considers that it was in Chicago that Dowie posed successfully as Elijah.—New York Herald.

Lack of Enthusiasm.

The proposition to let the south pull the Democratic party's chestnuts out of the fire this year is not awakening as much southern enthusiasm as was anticipated.—Chicago Tribune.

An Unpurchasable Commodity.

The sultan has ordered another American-built cruiser, but he cannot buy the American way of fighting it.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Out for Business.

Japan's attitude toward the war correspondents affords fresh evidence that it is out for business and not notoriety.—Washington Star.

Lets Olney Out.

It is not denied that Richard Olney would make a good candidate for president, if the country had not already decided on a better one.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Money Well Spent.

Pittsburghers hesitating between typhoid and a filter plant—the latter costs so much money. Wiping out typhoid is expensive, but it pays—Philadelphia Press.

One Explanation.

"Why doesn't Parker talk?" asks Bryan confidentially. He's deterred by the fate of an Awful Example from Nebraska.—New York Herald.

Reason for Enthusiasm.

Even the conventions that are instructing for Hearst do not believe he should be nominated. They simply need the money.—Kansas City Journal.

Two Points of View.

You will have to do the talking if you have anything good to say about yourself, but you can depend on your friends to spread the bad reports.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

HITCHMAN IS AN EASY WINNER

Fuller Returns from Westmoreland on the Contest for County Controller.

CLOSE FIGHT IN INDIANA

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

GREENSBURG, PA., April 3.—Local politicians are not figuring today on the general results of yesterday's Republican primaries. The winners for the contested nominations were determined after scarcely one-third of the 161 election precincts had been heard from last night. Today it is simply a question of making estimates on the various majorities, and widely varying claims are put forth by the supporters of John H. Brown of Grapeville and John D. Hitchman of Mt. Pleasant, the candidates for controller.

The managers of the Hitchman campaign, after spending the entire day in receiving returns from the various precincts, made the assertion that the Mt. Pleasant banker would win by over 5,000 votes. Returns have been received by them from 88 districts, and the following totals are given out: Hitchman, 9,377; Brown, 3,001. If the figures are correct, Hitchman leads by 5,376. These unofficial returns show that in a little over one-half of the precincts over 13,000 votes were polled, and as the highest estimate places the total vote at 17,000, Hitchman's majority, according to his own calculations, will be greater than was even hoped for by his warmest friends.

Senator Brown, however, has received returns from practically the same sources and tonight said that he would not be beaten by over 2,000. The Grapeville man takes his defeat good-naturedly and says that much illegal voting was done in the strongholds of his opponent.

Hitchman Carried Big Boroughs.

According to the figures given out from the Hitchman headquarters, Hitchman has carried all of the more important boroughs of the county. His home town gave him a majority of 727, and Monessen, which was said to have been lined up for Brown, gave him a majority of 476. In Arnold, Brown received barely enough votes to show that he was a candidate, being given three to Hitchman's 377. At Idle Park, where Booth & Flinn's quarries are situated, the result was practically the same, Hitchman getting 256 to Brown's two. Greensburg gave Hitchman a majority of 179, and the five nearby boroughs swelled his majority in this vicinity to 373.

The following majorities are claimed by Hitchman: Bolivar, 112; Ligonier, 84; Madison, 35; Scottdale, 58; West Newton, 74; Derry, 168; New Alexandria, 59; Suterville, 30; Latrobe, 32; Youngwood, 126.

Brown's figures show he won in Irwin by 296 and that he carried North Irwin by 57, Penn by 48, Smithton by two, New Stanton by 14, Parnassus by 49 and New Kensington by 35. His home town gave him 143 majority.

The returns from the townships are slow in coming in, but the Hitchman forces say that the rural districts will not appreciably affect the estimated majority. Hempfield and Mt. Pleasant, two of the largest in the county, are overwhelmingly in favor of Hitchman. In three precincts of Mt. Pleasant Hitchman is given 768 and Brown 78. All the districts heard from are within the immediate vicinity of Hitchman's home. In six precincts of Hempfield township adjacent to Greensburg Brown is given 116, Hitchman 1,118. The big plants of the Keystone Coal and Coke Company and the Jamison Coal and Coke Company are located in these districts.

Seanor Had a Good Lead.

George J. Seanor of Greensburg, in 80 districts, leads his nearest competitor, E. M. Frye of Monessen by 3,523 in the shrievalty fight. The Seanor vote in all of the larger boroughs, with the exception of Monessen and the community of towns in the Monongahela valley, shows a striking similarity with that of Hitchman, and it is estimated that he will win by 4,000.

Benjamin Steel of Irwin, the third candidate in the race, showed formidable strength only about his home town and nearby townships.

In 40 districts the vote for the leaders in the assembly fight was W. F. Morrison of Mt. Pleasant, 4,759; Charles E. Whitten of Greensburg, 4,717; Guy B. Flyte of Ligonier, 4,543; Joseph B. Heister of New Kensington, 4,165; David H. Rankin of Penn station was fourth with 1,841. The result of the primaries shows conclusively that the corporations are an important factor in Westmoreland county politics.

INDIANA, PA., April 3.—Complete but unofficial returns of the Republican primary held in this county yesterday show that S. J. Telford won the judicial nomination by a plurality of 208 over Samuel Cunningham, his nearest opponent. The vote was the largest ever cast at a Republican primary in the county, and in the judicial contest was divided as follows:

Telford, 3,700; Cunningham, 3,492; White, 300. Telford carried 26 precincts, Cunningham 22, and White but 2, Saltsburg and Cherry Tree. White practically gave up the fight last week and advised his friends to take care of themselves.

There was no contest for any other office. The state delegates will likely vote as John Elkin desires. This contest has practically healed the old factional breach in the county, but there are evidences that new lines will be drawn as a result of the bitterness engendered in the judicial fight.

In the town of Indiana, where the three candidates live, the vote was divided as follows: First ward, Telford 188, Cunningham 99, White 7. Second ward, Telford 120, Cunningham 127, White 4. Third ward, Telford 209, Cunningham 177, White 2. Fourth ward, Telford 123, Cunningham 63, White 6.

FEUDAL PREACHER DEAD.

Long Career of Minister McCarty of the Haydentown District Is Ended.

UNIONTOWN, April 3.—(Special.)—The Rev. John George McCarty, aged 80 years, who perhaps served longer in the ministry than any other preacher in Fayette county and who was the founder of Protestant Methodism in Fayette county, died Saturday at his home near Haydentown. He had been a minister for 55 years. The Haydentown neighborhood is noted for its feud record, but Mr. McCarty was a representative of the religious side. He was the minister last September at the funeral of "Big Bill" Turner, who was killed by James Swaney.

Mr. McCarty preached at Haydentown, Weavers woods, Smithfield, Connellsville, Chalk Hill, Ellictsville, Springhill, and all along the mountainside into West Virginia. During all his ministry he preached without salary. He lived over 40 years on the place where he died. He is survived by his widow and a daughter, Mrs. A. James Lowe of Smithfield. The funeral will be held from the late home Monday morning.

MONEY FOR MISSION.

Fourth Avenue Baptist Church Makes Offering at Easter Services.

The largest congregations in many years attended the Easter services, morning and evening, yesterday in the Fourth Avenue Baptist church. Inspiring music was rendered by a choir of 50 voices under C. Norman Hassler, director, with John Q. Everson as organist. The pastor, the Rev. Dr. Warren G. Partridge, delivered a sermon in the morning on "The Resurrection of Christ," and on "Easter Thoughts" at night. After the morning sermon Dr. Partridge received 40 new members into the church.

A number of the new members were baptized at the evening service. The church raised over $1,500 as an Easter offering to city missions. A song service was held in the chapel in the evening. In the afternoon H. Kirk Porter, a member of the church, made an address to the Sabbath school.

Three Killed in a Wreck.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., April 3.—One brakeman and two tramps were killed and two engines and about 40 cars demolished in the head-on collision of two Vandalia freight trains at Locust cut, 11 miles east of Terre Haute, today. The wreck is attributed to the misinterpretation of a train order.

COUNTESS' FAIR ALSO FOR FOE

Mme. Cassini Says Rich and Poor Are Giving for Affair at Washington.

CONTRIBUTION OF A CHILD

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, April 3.—"To relieve the wounded of friend and foe alike left on the battlefields of the war." In these few words the Countess Marguerite Cassini, the niece of the Russian ambassador, told a correspondent for the Associated Press at the embassy today the object of the fair which, under her direction, will be held in Washington, April 27, in aid of the Russian Red Cross society. A week ago today the countess determined to do something for the aid of the Russian Red Cross society and at once started the cables to Paris and St. Petersburg working, the articles for the fair were ordered and hundreds of invitations for assistance were sent to all parts of the United States. In making her appeal to the American people the countess emphasized the fact that the undertaking was not partisan in its object. "The Red Cross society is an international, humanitarian organization, wholly divorced from politics. It is in the aid of that society that my fair is to be held," said the countess in outlining the plan to her friends. The past week has brought to the countess over $4,000 in cash subscriptions to the Red Cross fund and articles valued at hundreds of dollars for sale at the fair.

Gift of Little Girl.

In the mail today came a letter from a jeweler in New York city. Enclosed was a pair of diamond earrings which his little daughter, removing them from her ears, had asked her father to sell "to help the little children whose fathers are killed in this war." The mother of the child gave her watch, a valuable one, and the father added to the collection a diamond scarf pin. These will be auctioned off at the fair. So many responses are coming to the embassy from poor people and wealthy alike all over the country, that the countess has had to employ a private secretary and each letter and gift is acknowledged the day of its receipt by a note of thanks signed by the countess.

Heading the list of patronesses is Mrs. John Hay, the wife of the secretary of state. The list of patronesses includes Mrs. E. A. Hitchcock, wife of the secretary of the interior; Mrs. Henry Cabot Lodge, wife of the senator from Massachusetts; Mrs. William S. Cowles, wife of Commander Cowles of the navy and sister of the president; Baroness Speck von Sternberg, the German ambassadress; Mme. Jusserand, the French ambassadress; Lady Durand, the British ambassadress; Baroness von Moncheur, the wife of the Belgian minister; Senora Calderon, the wife of the Peruvian minister; Countess Sellers, the wife of the Italian charge d'affaires; Mrs. Ogden Mills of New York, Mrs. Potter Palmer of Chicago and many others.

Leading People to Attend.

The fair will be attended by practically the entire cabinet, the members of the diplomatic corps, the supreme court and members of congress. The countess, however, is desirous that its guests shall not be confined to the official set but that all who feel it in them to aid the Red Cross and give assistance to some Russian or Japanese soldier left wounded on the field either shall be present at the fair or contribute. By special appointment of the Russian ambassador, there will be some person at the embassy at all times to receive any gifts that may be sent there.

Mme. Jusserand, the French ambassadress, will preside at the Russian booth and Mrs. Wadsworth at the French booth. The fair will be held in the largest garden available from 4 p. m. to midnight, in addition to the booths a special troupe is coming from New York to give a polite vaudeville performance in the evening.

"So generously are the people all over the country responding," said the countess today, "that I am sure they will make the fair a success."

Today the countess sent telegrams to Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan and Mr. Andrew Carnegie advising them of the entertainment and its objects. The proceeds of the fair, together with the cash subscriptions, will be forwarded promptly to St. Petersburg for distribution by the Russian Red Cross.

IN ACCORD WITH TAMMANY.

Barr and Howley Say That Pennsylvania's Delegation Should Be Uninstructed.

ATLANTIC CITY, April 3.—(Special.)—Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany, held an important conference here today with Democratic leaders from Pennsylvania. The Keystone State was represented by R. X. Barr and Joseph Howley of Pittsburgh.

The Pennsylvania leaders were extremely reluctant in submitting to an interview. It was learned that they had agreed with Murphy that the Pennsylvania delegation to the St. Louis convention should be uninstructed. When they return to Pittsburgh they will acquaint Col. Guffey with their decision.

TRYING EXPERIENCES OF ANTARCTIC EXPLORERS

LONDON, April 4.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Christ Church, New Zealand, has had an interview with Capt. R. F. Scott, R. N., who commanded the Royal Geographical society's Antarctic expedition steamer Discovery, who says when the party crossed the eightieth degree for the first time in the world's history the compass pointed exactly the wrong way. Owing to the scarcity of food and the average march throughout of 10 miles daily, each man lost about 20 pounds in weight during the six weeks' trip. During the glacier trip the party had an extremely narrow escape, being precipitated into an enormous crevasse.

PRESIDENT SMITH UPHELD BY MORMON CONFERENCE

SALT LAKE CITY, April 3.—(Special.)—President Joseph F. Smith was upheld at the general conference of the Mormon church today for his stand at Washington, declaring he intended to continue to live with his plural wives. He took to task today those persons who think it a sin for the "saint" to claim the world would be better if the laws of God were enforced. He urged his hearers to keep the laws of God and to keep and honor the laws of men.

PRESIDENT PREACHED.

Dr. Cramblett of Bethany College Talks in Bellevue Christian Church.

The Rev. Dr. T. E. Cramblett, president of Bethany college, preached in the Bellevue Christian church yesterday. His subjects were "History Supporting the Resurrection," and "A Voice from Heaven." At the evening service Dr. Cramblett spoke briefly of the work of his college and its objects.

A congregational meeting of the church will be held on Wednesday evening for the purpose of choosing a new pastor.

Suicide Given Military Burial.

The remains of Elmer M. Edwards of Sharpsburg, who killed himself last Friday, were given a military burial by Col. F. H. Collier camp, Sons of Veterans, of Sharpsburg, of which he was a member, yesterday. The funeral services were held at the home of his father in Fourth street, Sharpsburg, and interment was made in Greenwood cemetery. The Collier infantry formed a military escort with drum corps and firing squad. Mrs. Edwards and her four children will leave today for Clifton, O., Mrs. Edwards' former home.

RABBI LEVY ASSAILS THE POLITE SOCIETY

Fears for the Humble People, Who Often Follow Others' Footsteps.

The twenty-second lecture of the present season of Sunday services was delivered in the temple of the Reform congregation Rodeph Shalom, Eighth street, yesterday morning by the Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy. The subject of the address was the seventh commandment, on which he dwelt under the caption "Social Purity." He said in part:

Grave and evil as Mormonism would prove were its advocacy of polygamy successful; grave and evil as such movements as the Oneida community would prove to society were they to spread with any degree of success; they are both insignificant when compared with the disregard for the marriage tie evinced by members of "polite" society. When we are led to believe that so-called "polite" society is almost an assembly for vicious indulgence; when we read of the annual Bacchanalia and Saturnalia of fashionable seaside resorts during the summer; when we read of the divorce proceedings in high society during the winter months, we can but fear for the virtue of the humbler people whose dispositions are to imitate the salacious example of the higher circles and who escape rather because of the absence of provocation than because of the high moral promptings that would lead them to maintain social purity.

Experience has taught us many things and in her function of instructor she will continue to help us to become wise. If we had learned by experience, woman would not be to this day woman's worst foe. There can be no doubt that women condone the sins of men, and so long as the libertine and the rake can find himself welcomed by women who would not tolerate for an instant the presence of the fallen sister, just so long shall we have a double standard of morality which manifests itself so shamefully in the courts of law. To woman we must look for that regeneration of society for which every true friend and lover of mankind longs.

Our prosperity today is plethoric, but our virtues are anaemic. Our impaired moral vitality lays us open to the attacks of the bacilli of vice. Wedded to an ideal of mental culture, we fail to perceive that culture of the mind cannot cure diseases of the heart. If man is ever to rise, leaving behind him the shrouds of vice, the cerements of moral evil, the grave-clothes of impurity, then woman must be prepared to remove the obstacles; for she it is who, under God, can lead him to the heights of social purity and to the religious ideal of domestic fidelity.

CHURCH TEA PARTY.

St. Aloysius Congregation Will Give an Entertainment to Last Two Evenings.

St. Aloysius Roman Catholic church of Wilmerding, of which the Rev. Father Michael H. Ward is pastor, will open the post-Lenten social season in the Turtle Creek valley with the annual tea party and bazar of the church, which will be held this evening and tomorrow evening in the church hall. The women of the congregation will be assisted by a number of women and girls from St. Brendan's and St. Thomas' of Braddock and St. Coleman's of Turtle Creek.

The party this year will be on a larger scale than any of the like events by St. Aloysius congregation. There will be euchre in some of the smaller rooms of the hall, and, following the bazar, at 10 o'clock there will be dancing until about 12:30 o'clock. The women in charge of the supper tables and various booths are:

Supper Table No. 1—Mrs. William Markferding, chairman; aids, Mrs. Rachel Ward, Mrs. Jacob Rauber, Mrs. H. Lewis, Mrs. J. Bailey and Miss M. Brady.

Supper Table No. 2—Mrs. Andrew Beck, chairman; aids, Mrs. Margaret Krum, Mrs. M. Anderson, Mrs. A. Frank, Mrs. John Coyle, Mrs. E. Sweeney.

Supper Table No. 3—Mrs. Andrew Berg, chairman; aids, Mrs Agnes Nied, Mrs. A. Rauch, Mrs. Margaret Noles, Miss Mary Stein, Miss Elsie Neid.

Supper Table No. 4—Mrs. Thomas Beatty and Mrs. John Whalen, chairmen; aids, Mrs. Patrick Miley, Mrs. William Sondon, Mrs. James Arkson and Mrs. Andrew Meckathorn.

Supper Table No. 5—Miss Kate Donnelly and Miss Martha Leger, chairmen; aids, Mrs. J. Holihan, Mrs. Margaret Hoyle, Mrs. C. Mintergerzin, Miss Sadie Boyle, Miss Anna Boyle, Miss Margaret Fate, Miss Annie Smith, Miss Catherine Smith and Miss Elizabeth Caine.

Fancy booth—Mrs H. Otto and Miss Nellie Sweeney, chairmen; aids, Mrs. John McKenna, Miss Elizabeth Boyle, Miss Catherine Lewis, Miss Annie McGinness, Miss Alice Brown, Misses Catherine and Mary Leonard, Misses Mary and Pauline Otto, Miss Ella Casey and Miss Sadie Boyle.

Lemon tree—Mrs. Thomas O'Brien and Miss Nora Barrett, chairmen; aids, Mrs. James Gallagher, Miss Nellie Boyle, Miss Bella Clarke, Miss Mary Fairns, Miss Mary Butler, Miss Elsie Unverzacht, Miss Annie and Miss Margaret Rauch and Miss Lena Mackert.

Refreshment stand—Mrs. Thomas Smith, chairman; aids, Mrs. John Cottef, Mrs. Thomas Flynn, Miss Jane Daugherty, Miss Margaret Cotter and Miss Fannie Boslow.

Flower stand—Miss Margaret Casey, chairman; aids, Miss Margaret Lewis, Miss Annie Frank, Miss Agnes Smith and Miss Ella Butler.

Postoffice—Miss Mary Gilmartin, chairman; aids, Miss Eva Heckathorn and Miss Elizabeth Gilmartin.

Fish pond—Miss Margaret Conley, chairman; aids, Miss Sadie Beatty, Miss Margaret Wilson and Miss Bessie Heckathorn.

Entertainment committee—Daniel Leger, chairman; Michael Roach, William McGough, John Choffatt and Patrick Maloy.

Reception committee—Michael Breen, chairman; William Hennigan, William Gilmartin, John Whalen, Henry Wessel and Frank Stein.

Committee on decorations—William McGough, chairman; Daniel Leger, Sr., William Wise, Frank Stein and Patrick J. Maloy.

The annual tea party at St. Luke's Roman Catholic church, Carnegie, of which the Rev. Father J. J. Brennan is pastor, will open this evening in School hall, Carnegie, and continue for two nights. Supper will be served and there will be dancing. A meeting of the managers was held yesterday afternoon to complete the arrangements.

Nurses to Receive Decoration.

BUTLER, PA., April 3.—(Special.)—The Rev. Father D. A. Carroll of Kittanning has sent a list of the persons who are entitled to the decoration of the White Cross Temperance society of the Roman Catholic church, for volunteer service as nurses and in relieving those in need during the typhoid fever epidemic. The list follows: Mrs. Charles Duffy, Mrs. Loretta McCune, Mrs. Daniel Slater, Mrs. Dunbar, Mrs. Agnes Hilliard, Miss Desdemona Vanderlin, Miss Helen Wagner, Miss Bertha Wagner, Miss Eva Hartman and Miss Margaret Fitzsimmons. Miss Gertrude Vanderlin, deceased, was also entitled to the cross.

COMMISSIONERS WILL BE ELECTED TOMORROW

Pittsburgh Presbytery Will Hold Meeting in the Point Breeze Church.

At the meeting of the presbytery of Pittsburgh tomorrow in the Point Breeze Presbyterian church commissioners will be elected to the Presbyterian general assembly, which meets in Buffalo the middle of next month. The subject of union with the Cumberland Presbyterian church is to be discussed, and among those mentioned as probable commissioners is the Rev. Dr. David Riddle Breed of the Western Theological seminary, who holds pronounced opinions in opposition to the contemplated union. Other ministers who are talked of are the Rev. Dr. Samuel J. Fisher, pastor of the Swissvale church for over 30 years; the Rev. Dr. Anthony A. Mealy of the Bridgeville church, the Rev. J. T. Munford of Mount Lebanon, and the Rev. Herman H. Hezlap, the pastor of the Hazelwood church.

Among the laymen spoken of are Thomas Clay Lazear, an elder for over 40 years, who has never been a commissioner; Andrew Dickson Starrett of Monaca, Thomas S. Bailey of the East End church, and Prof. T. C. Morrisson of the Third church. It is rumored that the Third church will invite the assembly to meet in this city within a few years. It has met in this church several times already, notably in 1869, the time of the reunion of the two former branches of the denomination. It is 30 years this year since the Pittsburgh presbytery has filled the moderator's chair, but it is not yet settled whether the presbytery will claim the chair this year. It may be done, however, by some other Western Pennsylvania presbytery. Arrangements have been made to take the commissioners to Buffalo in reclining chair cars over the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh road.

SELECTING A PASTOR.

Second Presbyterian Church of Wilkinsburg Will Also Erect a New Building.

The congregation of the Second Presbyterian church of Wilkinsburg will meet Wednesday night in Assembly hall to hear the report of the pulpit committee on the selection of a pastor.

Up to last night the building fund committee reported the disposal of 734 $5 shares in the property acquired for the church for a new edifice, making total receipts $3,670, against $8,330 to be realized on the remaining shares.

Talked to Sheraden Y. M. C. A.

H. J. Wilbert of Pittsburgh addressed the Sheraden Young Men's Christian association yesterday afternoon on "The Special Benefits of Belonging to the Young Men's Christian association."

DEATHS.

ARNFELD—Suddenly, on Sunday, April 3, at 2:30 p. m., MARCUS ARNFELD, in his 69th year.

Funeral from his late residence, 130 Graham street, East End, Tuesday, April 5, at 1 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

BLACKISTON—On Saturday, April 2, 1904, THOMAS DAY, infant son of George P. and Florence Day Blackiston.

COAKLEY—On Saturday, April 2, 1904, at 12:30 a. m., ELIZABETH BARRY, relict of Thomas Coakley, and mother of the late Michael A. Coakley, in her 83d year.

Funeral from the residence of John J. Hornett, No. 20 Homestead street, Twenty-second ward, Tuesday morning at 8:45 o'clock. Services at St. Brendan's church, Braddock, at 9:30 a. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CARNAHAN—At parents' residence, 350 Thirty-ninth street, on Sunday, April 3, 1904, at 7 a. m., EDWARD CARNAHAN, son of George and Maggie Carnahan (nee Dirth), aged 1 year 8 months and 2 days.

Funeral at Toronto, O., Tuesday, April 5. [Toronto and Woodfield (O.) papers please copy.]

KOHMEYER—On Sunday, April 3, at 1 a. m., at 418 Dewey street, Knoxville, Pa., KARL M. KOHMEYER, aged 14 years.

Interment at the Scrubgrass cemetery, Venango county, Pa., April 5 at 2 p. m.

LUSTER—At Hayesville, Pa., on Sunday morning, April 3, 1904, at 5 o'clock, HATTIE LUSTER, in her 50th year.

Services at her late residence on Tuesday, April 5, at 2:30 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

M'ALLISTER—On Sunday, April 3, 1904, at 6 p. m., H. SCOTT M'ALLISTER, husband of Jennie McAllister (nee Hays).

Funeral from his late residence, 1520 Market street, Allegheny, on Wednesday, April 6, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family, Zion lodge 1057, I. O. O. F., and Beaver Avenue Conclave No. 83, I. O. H., are respectfully invited to attend.

SATTLER—On Sunday, April 3, at 8:20 a. m., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Robert D. Schulte, 3376 Madison avenue, Pittsburgh, BARBARA, widow of Peter Sattler, aged 76 years.

Funeral services on Tuesday, April 5, at 2:30 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private.

STEVENSON—Suddenly, on Friday, April 1, 1904, at 1 a. m., GEORGE WANDLESS STEVENSON, aged 53 years.

Funeral services at his late residence, 807 Mellon street, East End, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

WENTLY—On Sunday evening, April 3, 1904, at 7:15 o'clock, at his residence, Zephyr avenue, Sheraden, Pa., HOWARD G. WENTLY, son of John and Sarah Wently, in his 38th year.

Notice of funeral later. Members of Pride of the West council, Jr. O. U. A. M., Brotherhood of Union, Star of Empire circle No. 60, and Carpenters union, local No. 255, are respectfully invited to attend.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

99⅞% PURE
Banner Baking Powder
Always the Best.

No One Can See Our Line of
WALL PAPERS
For Summer Houses
without becoming infatuated with the beauty of the Landscape effects, the Dutch scenes, etc.
DEWAR & CLINTON
435 PENN AVE.

BINDLEY HARDWARE Co.
SEVENTH AVE & GRANT ST.
PITTSBURGH.
EVERY THING IN HARDWARE.

SCOTT OLDEST AND MOST RELIABLE
624 PENN AVE.

W. M. Laird Co.
Shoe Bargains for Weeks to Come
Overflow stock must be got from storage. $75,000.00 worth more shoes than we have room for. Come and see the values at the under prices.
W. M. LAIRD CO.
404, 406, 408 Market St.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder
New Patent Top Can. Compare quantity and quality with others. Sozodont is economy.

When there is need—rid the house of all vermin with
DEATH DUST
a guaranteed destroyer of Bed Bugs, Roaches, Fleas, Ants, etc. Always successful. Sold by all dealers. Price 10 and 25 cents.
THE CARROLLTON CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

PURE GRAPE JUICE
Fermented, aged, and bottled under ideal conditions, that's
Great Western Champagne
Standard of American Wines.
It is perfectly pure, and but one-half the cost of foreign wines solely because of its freedom from customs and ocean carriage charges.
"Of the six American Champagnes exhibited at the Paris exposition of 1900, the GREAT WESTERN was the only one that received a GOLD MEDAL."
Pleasant Valley Wine Co.
Sole Makers, Rheims, N. Y.
Sold by respectable wine dealers everywhere.

$90
for solid quartered golden oak BUFFET BOARD—5' 2" high—4' 10" wide. It is exquisitely hand carved and contains two large French Plate Mirrors—a board of grace and beauty.
A very important feature in this Spring's exhibit is the great variety of Buffets, Sideboards, China Closets, etc. Cabinetmakers have exercised rare ingenuity and cleverness in creating the handsome and novel designs we show in Mahogany, Golden Antwerp and Weathered Oak. It is a stock which has been thoughtfully selected to cater to every taste—each production priced as moderately as is possible for furniture which is carefully built from the most worthy materials.
IRWIN'S
(JOHN M. IRWIN & SON.)
635-637 SMITHFIELD ST.

THE OLDEST TRUST COMPANY IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA
THE SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.
OF PITTSBURGH
In every station of life where property is involved, whether at birth, coming of age, marriage or death, and in the intervals between, The Safe Deposit and Trust Company is the faithful counselor and friend of the parties in interest.
Write for Booklet
CAPITAL, $3,000,000. SURPLUS, $7,500,000.
WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE

35 TABLETS FOR 25 CENTS
HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE
CURES COLDS IN 24 HOURS
CURES LA GRIPPE IN 3 DAYS
CASCARA IS THE BEST TONIC LAXATIVE KNOWN.
THESE TABLETS DO NOT CONTAIN ANY OPIATE.
M'F'D. ONLY BY THE W. H. HILL CO. DETROIT, MICH.
HILL'S C. B. Q. TABLETS are always in RED BOX with white letters. None genuine without Mr. Hill's portrait, as above, and this signature W. H. Hill

Charles H. Lloyd,
TAILOR,
503 Market Street, Second Floor.
SPRING STOCK NOW READY.

HAND SAPOLIO
FOR TOILET AND BATH
It makes the toilet something to be enjoyed. It removes all stains and roughness, prevents prickly heat and chafing, and leaves the skin white, soft, healthy. In the bath it brings a glow and exhilaration which no common soap can equal, imparting the vigor and life sensation of a mild Turkish bath. All Grocers and Druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.
ALVIN | TONIGHT 8 Sharp. Mats.—Wed. and Sat.
POPULAR 50c MATINEE WEDNESDAY.
EDWARD MORGAN Supported by SARAH TRUAX
In THE ETERNAL CITY
Seats on Sale for the two weeks.
NIXON— TONIGHT 8:15 MAT. SAT. ONLY.
CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
MAUDE ADAMS
In "THE PRETTY SISTER OF JOSE."
NEXT WEEK—VIOLA ALLEN.
EMPIRE UP TOWN COLLINS AVE. | Reached by all street car lines
THIS WEEK.
BARNEY GILMORE "KIDNAPPED IN NEW YORK"
Mats.—Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.
Next week—Annie Blanke—A Little Outcast.

AMUSEMENTS.
GRAND STOCK CO. DAILY MATS. 25c 35c & 50c EVNGS. 25c 50c 75c & $1.
Com. Easter Monday Mat., April 4, A Succession of Hearty Laughs,
Louis Mann's Great Comedy,
"ALL ON ACCOUNT OF ELIZA"
Next Week—"Shenandoah."
AVENUE — Continuous Vaudeville. — 1:30 to 10:30
This Week | VESTA TILLEY JAMES J. MORTON ZENO, CARL & ZENO | 15 GREAT ACTS
Next Week—First Marine Band of Germany.
Bijou BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY
JOSEPH MURPHY KERRY GOW
Next Week—Royal Lilliputians.
THIS WEEK. | DUQUESNE | POP. MATS. Tues. Thurs. and Sat.
25 and 50 cents.
THE ORPHEUM SHOW.
McINTYRE & HEATH | MERIAN'S DOGS and Other Clever Acts.
Prices 15, 25, 50 and 75 cents.
NEXT WEEK—VAUDEVILLE.
DUQUESNE GARDEN
Skating Every Aft. and Eve.
FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL THIS EVE.
Tomorrow and Wednesday Eves. Special Collegiate Sessions Every Aft. This Week.
HARRY W. WILLIAMS' ACADEMY | Mat. 2. All this week. Eve. 8 THE BLUE RIBBON GIRLS.

B. & B.
PLAID SILKS, 50c.
Plaids aren't Fashionable for waists now.
If they were these would be a Dollar.
They have the texture, but Fashion is against them—rich, elegant Taffetas.
So much the better for those who want extra good, handsome Silks for linings or for Petticoats.
Twelve styles—Blues, Greens, Tans.
Our own direct importation Plain Black Chiffon Taffetas are in—you know the finish—light weight, soft and lustrous—ideal for Shirt Waist Suits, 75c, 85c, $1.00, $1.10 and $1.25.
The fact that we import them direct from France under certain advantageous contracts, renders the opportunity particularly advantageous to those who appreciate such economies.
Hand-made Silks—Shantungs from the hand looms of China and Japan—75c, $1.00 and $1.25—they have a distinctive merit which ultra-fashionable folk who study the effect of unique fabrics will approve—colors, Black, Brown and Navy Blue, Porcelain, Reseda, Gray, etc.
This unusual store situated on the North Shore of the Allegheny River in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, is in a position to assert today with unqualified vehemence that it is possessed of, and ready to submit, subject to your criticism, the choicest and most extensive stock of Silks for Shirt Waist Suits—neat and medium effects—in the whole United States—at a price range between and including 75c and $1.25.
To which your earnest attention is cordially invited.
It is a broad claim and you may doubt it—but put it to the test.

B. & B.
TWINE CLOTHS.
Later developments have given them a vogue of considerable importance, but not totally unexpected.
We provided rather lavishly while this rising demand was yet in the chrysalis.
Note some of the lines:—
44 inch Black, Navy Blue and Tan Twine Cloths, 75c.
47 inch French Twine Cloths—Navy Blue, Tan, Brown, Gray and Reseda, $1.00.
43 and 46 inch Boutonne Twine Cloths—various effects—all exceedingly interesting—Navy Blue, Cadet, Reseda, Tan and Gray, $1.00.
47 inch French Twine Cloth—tailoring texture—Black, Navy Blue, Reseda, Grey, Light and medium Tan, $1.50.
Crepe Twine Cloth the same width—tailoring texture—Black, Navy Blue, National Blue, Golden and Seal Brown, Tan, Gray and Cream, $1.50.
The above lines are entitled on their merits to the special consideration of particular people.
Twenty different lines of Voiles all colors and Black, 50c to $2.00.
Genuine imported Voiles, 43 inches wide—all fashionable 1904 Spring Shades, 75c.
All Wool Veilings—Navy Blue, Marine Blue, Brown and Tan—36 inches wide, 35c.

B. & B.
SILK GINGHAMS
—makers call them Silk Charvet (sharvay) but we like the English better.
Want to ask your attention to a particularly deserving fabric.
Made like usual Novelty Ginghams only they have a silk warp throughout—some with the figures between the stripes—in others the stripes are formed with figures.
Plain White, White and Black, Pink and White, Blue and White, Reseda and White, Tan and White, 50 and 65c—practically as rich as silks and wider.
Superb for Shirtwaist suits.
Important offering White ground Madras—a yard wide, 12½c—Black and colored printings—neat effects—polka dots and other small figures.
Such merchandise must appeal to people who note the differences in costs and values.
Showing of exquisite Imported White ground Mercerized Oxfords—woven jacquard effects and Blue and Black stripes, 50c.
They will demonstrate their own superiority.
BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny

B. & B.
DRESS LININGS.
50 pieces genuine 25c fine moired, silk finish Fast Black Percaline, 20c a yard.
Special fast Black Mercerized Satine for skirts, 12½c.
We think after careful and vigorous investigation that "Yama Mai," "Tearnot" and "Bombyx" Linings are the three best lining values offered for their respective prices in this country today.
"Yama Mai"—19 inches wide, 37½c a yard.
"Tearnot"—19 inches wide, 50c.
"Bombyx"—27 inches wide, 65c a yard.
Each comes in all desirable shades including Black Cream and White—and our guarantee goes with each.

B. & B.
BED CLOTHING.
With house cleaning comes the renewal and renovation of Bed Clothing.
We have made preparations for your Bedding wants at prices that will pay you to investigate.
Spring weight Comforts filled with the best White lofty Cotton, 90c, $1.00, $1.25 and up to $3.50—all covered with the newest designs in silkaline.
Wool Filled Comforts, $2.25, $2.50 and up to $4.00—nothing nicer when you take off the winter blankets.
Light weight Wool Blankets for spring and summer use, each pair cut and blanket bound with silk ribbon, $2.50 to $7.00 a pair.
Crochet Bed Spreads hemmed ready to use, double bed sizes, 65c to $1.75.
Crochet Spreads — fringed corners cut for metal beds, $1.25 to $1.90.
Satin finished Spreads, newest designs, $2.00, $2.25, $2.50 to $4.00.
Satin finished Spreads, fringed and corners cut for metal beds, $2.75 to $7.00.
Our process for cleaning Blankets is such that the results will be highly satisfactory.
The Blankets are returned to you almost as good as new—quite different from the old way—finished soft and fluffy—each pair in a moth proof bag—price for cleaning, $1.00 a pair.
We also clean and renovate Down Comforts—prices regulated by the size and kind of covering.

B. & B.
INDIA RUGS.
Our own importations direc from Amritsar in the Punjab—to our order of a year ago—March 1903.
They are all made by hand which takes a long time, but transportation facilities through the interior of India are so much superior to any other country in the Orient, little time is lost in transit, once the Rugs are off the loom and through the finishing process.
We have great faith in the future of our kind of India Carpets—made under strict surveillance by personal direction and earnes scrutiny of a European Loom master, who watches every detai—particularly the dyes.
It is well known that India is the home of fast dyes, though it is true some Aniline dyes have been unscrupulously used in Rugs made there, because quicker and cheaper, but such Rugs are strictly under the ban.
All the colors in our India Rugs are purely vegetable, therefore perfectly fast—colors last as long as the wonderful hand tufted texture.
We invite attention to a large assortment in the following sizes 8 by 10 feet—9 by 11.6—9 by 12—9 by 12.6—9 by 13—10 by 13—10 by 14.6—10.6 by 14—11 by 14—12 by 15 feet.
Prices $100.00 to $360.00.
The Waldorf-Astoria Hotel New York—largest and fines hotel in the world—uses India Rugs of the same make as ours almost exclusively.

B. & B.
All Easter Cards and Noveltie Half Price today.
BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

ILDREN HELP CITY HOSPITALS

First Report of Contributions to Saturday and Sunday Association Fund.

INCREASE YEAR AFTER YEAR

Year after year the pupils of the public schools of Allegheny county increase their contributions to the Saturday and Sunday Hospital association fund. The first report of the contributions for this year has been prepared by Samuel Harper, secretary and general agent of the society. The total to date is $1,769 08. A number of schools have yet to report, and Secretary Harper expects the total to exceed that of last year, when it was $2,569 90.

There has been a steady increase for the past seven years. In 1897 the schools gave $586 68; 1898, $609 60; 1899, $904 06; 1900, $1,159 78; 1901, $1,595 48; 1902, $2,128 86; 1903, $2,569 90.

The contributions reported so far this year are as follows:

Pittsburgh Schools.

Allen sub-district	$ 56 25
Birmingham sub-district	22 00
Colfax sub-district	36 38
Colfax kindergarten	1 62
Duquesne sub-district	10 00
Forbes sub-district	31 49
Franklin sub-district	25 00
Grant sub-district	15 10
Hancock sub-district	13 24
Highland sub-district	66 94
Humboldt sub-district	15 85
Homewood sub-district	52 00
High schools, academic	40 08
High schools, commercial	25 50
High schools, manual and practice rooms	25 81
Knox sub-district	3 17
Lawrence sub-district	30 00
Liberty sub-district, Liberty school	30 61
Liberty sub-district, Osceola school	23 86
Liberty sub-district, Friendship school	36 33
Liberty sub-district, Shakespeare school	18 06
Lincoln sub-district, Lincoln school	12 30
Lincoln sub-district, Leamington school	8 36
Luckey sub-district	20 25
Morse sub-district	15 05
Moorhead sub-district, Moorhead school	22 46
Moorhead sub-district, Everett school	6 46
Mt. Albion sub-district, McCandless school	12 65
Mt. Albion sub-district, McCleary school	6 85
Mt. Albion sub-district, Morningside school	3 50
Mt. Albion sub-district, Mt. Albion school	4 10
Mt. Albion sub-district, Sunnyside school	2 90
Mt. Washington sub-district	70 57
North sub-district	5 14
Oakland sub-district, Bellefield school	17 63
Oakland sub-district, Soho school	20 84
Oakland sub-district, Holmes school	12 82
Oakland sub-district, Sylvan ave. school	1 90
Peebles sub-district	100 00
Springfield sub-district	12 02
Sterrett sub-district, Sterrett school	34 60
Sterrett sub-district, Linden school	8 97
St. Clair sub-district	5 56
Thad. Stevens sub-district	17 21
Wickersham sub-district	11 29
Washington sub-district	38 25

Allegheny Schools.

Second ward, Observatory Hill school	$ 36 10
Second ward, Sherman Avenue school	26 57
Second ward, Irwin Avenue school	35 00
Fifth ward schools	35 01
Seventh ward schools	35 30
Ninth ward schools	7 00
Thirteenth ward schools	22 75
Fourteenth ward schools	12 23
Fifteenth ward schools	30 10

Borough Schools.

Avalon schools	$ 33 26
Ben Avon schools	10 06
Coraopolis schools	21 42
Crafton schools	37 00
Clairton schools	11 27
Duquesne, First ward schools	15 51
Duquesne, Second ward schools	12 52
Duquesne, Third ward schools	16 71
Duquesne high school	18 20
Elliott school	13 68
Greentree school	3 75
Haysville school	1 00
McKees Rocks school	27 65
Oakdale school	12 50
Osborne school	2 00
Oakmont school	16 50
Pitcairn school	15 00
Port Perry school	11 00
Sheraden school	23 21
Versailles school	2 05
Verona school	20 00
Wilkinsburg, First ward school	16 00
Wilkinsburg, Second ward school	19 74
Wilkinsburg, Third ward school	26 63
Wilkinsburg high school	13 26

Township Schools.

Baldwin, Roosevelt school	$ 10 85
Chartiers, Ingram school	17 75
Chartiers	10 00
East Deer	3 72
O'Hara, Seitz school	3 25
Plum, Logans Ferry school	1 00
Ross, Perrysville school	5 00
Reserve	9 35
Stowe	6 79
Sewickley No. 2	1 30
Union, Banksville school	16 64

HUNDRED NEW MEMBERS ADDED TO THE CHURCH

East Liberty Presbyterian Congregation Now Has 1,500 on the Rolls.

By the additions of yesterday the East Liberty Presbyterian church becomes the largest Presbyterian church in Western Pennsylvania. A round hundred new names were added to the church roll, including 17 Italians, all men, making the membership over 1,500. The Rev. Dr. Sneed, pasor of the church, preached on "The Resurrection" and said: "Easter is a heathen feast and has no countenance in scripture. Taking the revised version for authority we find that it is not so much as named. If a stranger passing up our streets were to ask, 'Wherefore all this display?' he might suppose it was in recognition of some menagerie." Dr. Sneed held that every Sabbath day commemorated the resurrection of Jesus Christ.

Judge James Adams Beaver of the Pennsylvania superior court will occupy the pulpit of the East Liberty Presbyteria church next Sunday morning and will speak on "The Forward Movement" as a member of the committee of the Presbyterian general assembly.

The forward movement is the outgrowth of a pressing necessity for the support of foreign mission work. The Presbyterian board of foreign missions is urging churches to take up this work and to enlist every member in the movement. It is desired to have the churches as well as individual members become responsible for one or more stations in the foreign field, the funds, of course, to be sent as usual through the board in New York, which has special economic advantages and methods of distribution at a minimum cost.

The annual congregational meeting will be held on April 13 and the annual church social on the next evening, the anniversary of the surrender of Fort Sumter and the death of President Lincoln.

EASTER SONG SERVICE WAS DR. PRUGH'S THEME

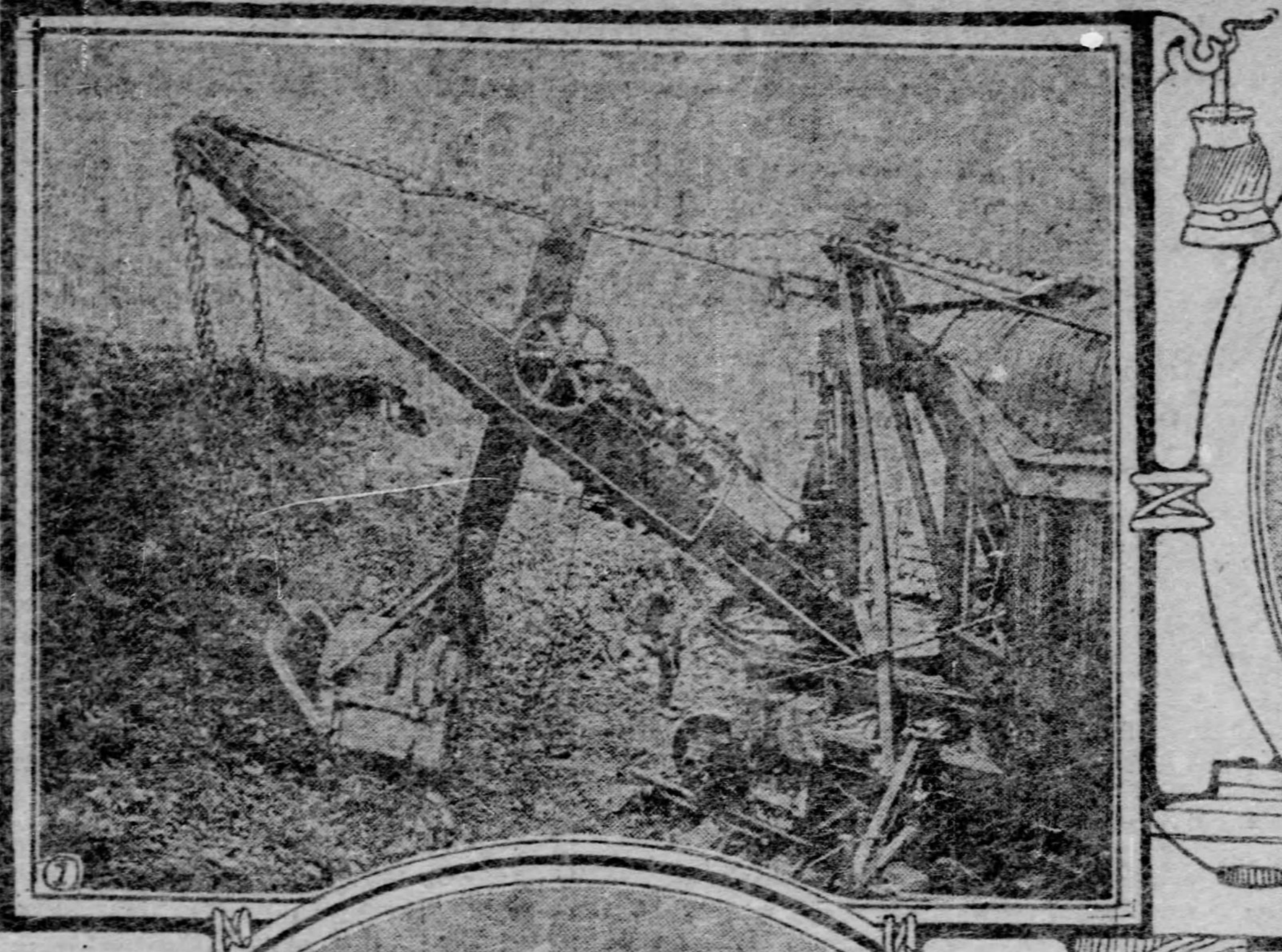
Pastor of Grace Reformed Church Spoke of History's Best Proved Fact.

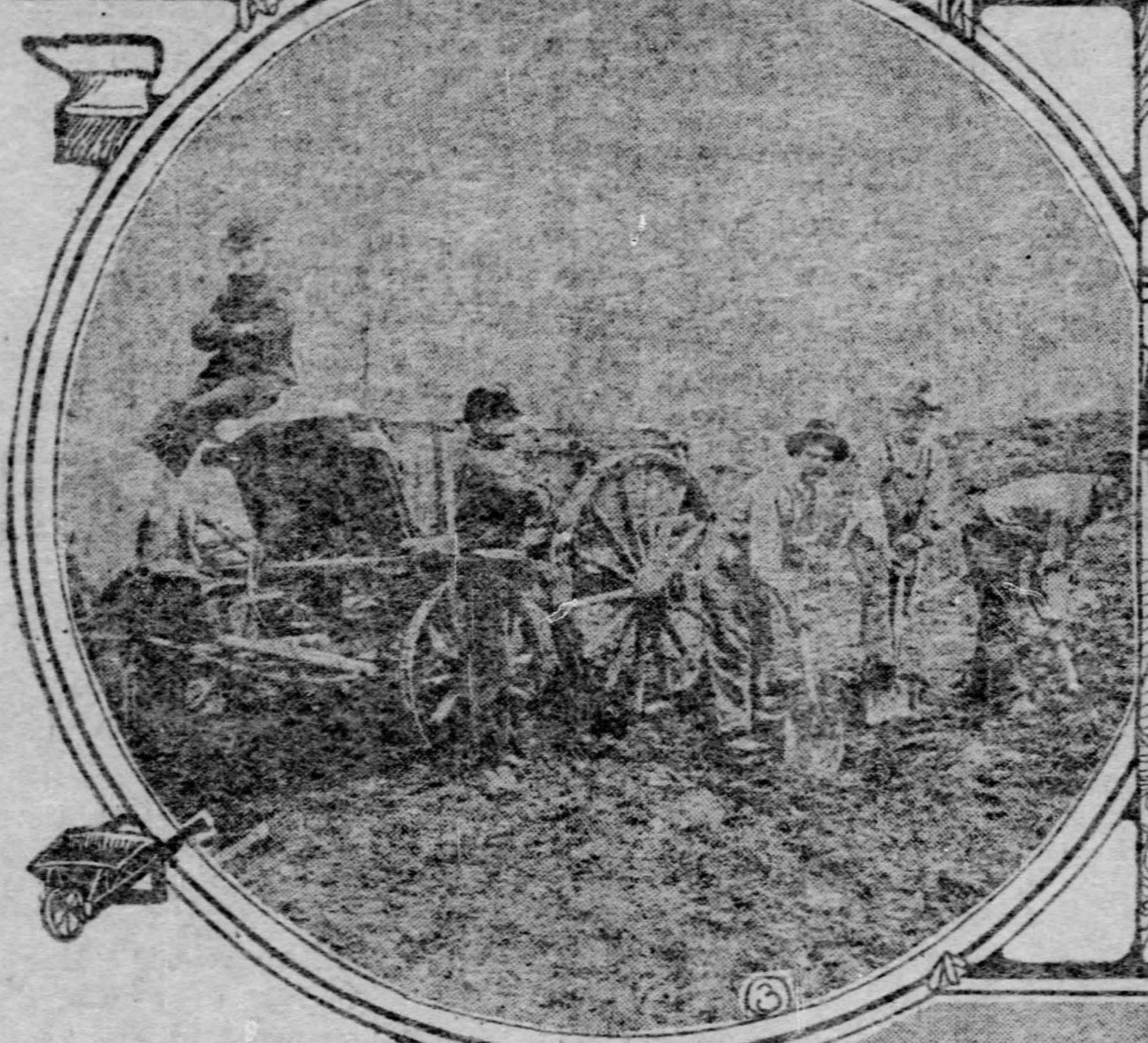
"The Easter Song Service" was the sermon theme last night of the Rev. Dr. John H. Prugh in Grace Reformed church, Dithridge and Bayard streets. Easter hymns were features of the service, and Dr. Prugh referred to the song service as follows:

The music of Christianity gets a peculiar sweetness from the Easter song service. Our belief is in the Christ who lived a beautiful life, who died a wonderful death and who rose again possessing all power and promising to us His constant presence. The resurrection of Christ is the best proved fact in history. Sunday, with its Christian song; the church, with its splendid mission, and the Christian civilization, all attest it. Easter assures us that death does not hurt the Christian. It only transfigures him. The fact that Jesus had risen started the Christian religion. The fact that Christ had risen put Christianity on its feet, gave it marvelous growth and spread it over the three eastern continents. Not faith in a Christ who had lived and died, but faith in a Christ who had died and lived. That was its uniqueness and power. That is its power now.

Try 50c Business Men's luncheon, at Colonial hotel.

RAPID WORK IS DONE IN GRADING SITE OF TECH SCHOOLS





No. 1. Big scoop shovels like this one will soon clear away the big humps.

No. 2.—The first blackcmith shop on the site of the Tech schools. The one to come will be made modern, but this one answers present needs.

No. 3.—The good top soil is being carted away to a storage pile and will be used later to make fine lawns about the Tech school buildings.

No. 4.—In leveling the Tech school site when only three or four feet of soil is to be taken off, big horse scoops are used.

No. 5.—When only a foot or two of earth is taken off, picks, shovels and barrows are used.

TECHNICAL SCHOOLS MAKE A START TODAY

PRESIDENT C. LEO MEES.

Andrew Carnegie's great gift to Pittsburgh, the technical schools, will begin operations this evening, notwithstanding that the site for the buildings is only now being graded. The work beginning today is simply preparatory to the courses of instruction to be given when the buildings are completed. Two lectures will be given this evening. Prof. C. Leo Mees, president of the Rose polytechnic institute, will talk on "Wireless Telegraphy" in the Pittsburgh Carnegie Music hall. His lecture will be illustrated with slides and demonstrated with apparatus that will send wireless messages to different parts of the lecture room. In the Allegheny Carnegie library William D. East, the Pittsburgh architect, will deliver an illustrated lecture on "Ancient and Modern Architecture." These lectures are free.

ONE KILLED; ANOTHER HURT IN SMASH-UP

Pennsylvania Passenger Train Collided With a Freight Train.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW CASTLE, April 3.—(Special.)—One man was instantly killed and another seriously injured in a rear-end collision at 3 o'clock this morning, on the Pennsylvania at Moravia, between a fast passenger train and a freight. The passenger was No. 216 from Pittsburgh to Ashtabula and was running at a high rate of speed when it crashed into the rear of the freight.

Passenger Engineer Charles Gibson of Mahoningtown stuck to his post and was badly cut and bruised about the head and shoulders. He may also be internally hurt. Freight Conductor W. G. McBroom of Freedom, Pa., was sitting in the caboose at the rear of his train and was instantly killed. His body was terribly mangled. It was cut in two at the middle.

The tracks were blocked for several hours. The wreck is supposed to have been caused by a mistake in orders.

Charged With Robbing Councilman.

G. W. Kauf and Geoge Drade were held for court by Magistrate Vitchestain, charged with the larceny of a watch from Councilman Henry Poke at his Shiloh street poolroom.

LEVELING TECH SITE IS A BIG UNDERTAKING

Gillespie Company, However, Is Making Fast Time by Use of a Large Force.

The largest job of leveling that has been undertaken in Pittsburgh for some time, but a job that is itself but a small piece of work for the T. A. Gillespie company, is now being done on the technical schools site. The work has the usual attractions for the idlers who like to see others labor, and there is usually an interested knot of people looking on.

The contract calls for the excavation of between 80,000 and 100,000 cubic yards of dirt, and the contractors expect to encounter but little rock. The area to be leveled off is 400x1,300 feet.

A big tent used as a stable, where about 24 horses feed and sleep, has been erected near the work. From 80 to 100 men are employed every day; so that the payroll amounts to a comfortable sum each week. The work is what contractors consider a "soft snap," because there is no heavy rock work. The chief difficulty encountered is in the grade, up and down which the teams and dinky engines are obliged to travel in disposing of the excavated material.

The seven dinky engines and 24 dump cars travel over a mile of narrow-gauge track running in all directions. The soil excavated is dumped at various places. For instance, there is a depression in the center of the tract, and dirt is deposited there to bring the depression up to the prevailing level. More of the material is deposited at the sides of the big tract belonging to the technical schools site, as far as the right of way of the Junction railroad, thus enlarging the level area of the site. The trustees of the schools were prudent enough to reserve the top soil, and that is deposited by itself, to be spread afterward to make lawns and flower beds. Some that is not needed for that purpose has been secured by Superintendent George W. Burke of Schenley park, who can utilize all the top soil anybody will give him.

A big steam shovel is used in places where the elevation to be removed is considerable. Other work is done by horses drawing scoops and men are employed with pickax and spade. Where scoops and spades are used the hump to be leveled is shallow and the steam shovel cannot be used to advantage.

Mention has been made of the grade. The contracting company does a great deal of heavy railroad work, and on one job not far from the city one dinky engine draws seven cars full of dirt, but on the technical schools site the grade is so steep that four cars are all that one of the powerful little engines can handle in going down the incline.

The laborers are nearly all Slavs and Italians, but none of them sleep in the tents, as some onlookers have supposed. The only men on the site at night are the watchmen and a stableman or two to take care of the horses. The job will be completed by the middle of May, according to the agreement.

Got What He Was After.

John Smith of 420½ Ella street was looking for a fight Saturday night, armed with a revolver and a beer bottle. At Penn and Millvale avenues he met Officer Luke Connors and attacked him with the bottle. The battle was short. Magistrate James F. Kane yesterday morning fined him $25 and costs.

NOTHING IN THE WAY OF NEWS WAS MISSED IN THE SUNDAY GAZETTE

The most exacting person could not find fault with The Sunday Gazette yesterday, for in its 76 pages could be found the news from every part of the world. Some of the news features were:

The recent fight in Thibet is denounced as a massacre by Englishmen. In a battle in Sumatra 541 natives were slain. The loss to the Dutch was 3 killed and 25 wounded. Only a severe operation can save the life of Kaiser William, who is suffering from cancer. M. Pobiedonostozeff, procurator of the Russian holy synod, denies that he is responsible for persecution of the Jews.

The advance guard of the two hostile armies are close together near the Yalu. Marshal Yamagata tells of heavy odds against Japanese success in present war.

Judge Parker's nomination for president depends upon the action of the New York delegation.

Philadelphia's coroner believes "King of Baby Farmers" has murdered an important witness. Philadelphia Republicans are certain that Gov. Pennypacker will be nominated for supreme court vacancy by acclamation. Two men killed and many injured in wreck on Pennsylvania railroad near Pottstown. Advocates of a new court house win a victory in the Somerset Republican primaries.

Prof. Warren P. Laird of the University of Pennsylvania is chosen advisory architect of the technical schools' work. Oriental war causes orders for power equipment of Japanese arsenal to come here. New councils to organize. Larkin investigates legality of Bigelow's filtration bureau ordinance. Women of Civic club may lose $25,000 appropriation for Soho bathhouse. License court is making progress. Allegheny county delegates to the Republican state convention will caucus in Harrisburg. Railway mail clerk arrested at Union station with stolen letters on his person.

The Pirates again defeated the Little Rock team without much trouble. Sebring has a case of charley horse and has joined the team's hospital squad, which is large at present. The final hockey game of the season was a warm affair, in which the Shadyside seven defeated the all-star team after a hard struggle. Young Corbett was awarded the decision over Tommy Mowatt after six rounds of fast fighting at Chicago. President Dreyfuss and Manager Clarke are more than pleased at the clever work shown by the young pitchers of the Pittsburgh team. Naughton writes that the sports out in 'Frisco agree with Referee Graney in his decision in the Corbett-Britt fight. Lively days among the amateur baseball players and hundreds of teams are in the field.

New York bank loans and deposits increase to the largest totals ever reported. Stock markets close dull and listless. Decreased world's shipments helped wheat, which advanced. Corn, oats and provisions gained.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

TREATY WITH RUSSIA FOR AMERICAN CORPORATIONS

Ambassador McCormick Negotiating to Give Them Right to Sue in That Country.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

ST. PETERSBURG, April 3.—Ambassador McCormick is negotiating with the foreign office for a treaty with Russia, which will give to the United States corporations the right to sue in Russian courts and to Russian corporations the right to sue in courts of the United States. Under the Russian law United States corporations can be sued but cannot sue in the courts of the empire. This has caused United States firms great annoyance, as well as losses in the past. In addition, the ambassador hopes to secure in the treaty a broad clause which will automatically give to the United States corporations all privileges of whatever character now enjoyed by the corporations of any foreign country.

Although there are difficulties in the way of the accomplishment of the desired result, the ambassador's advance has been met in the friendliest spirit, and the indications are that his negotiations will terminate successfully. The only countries now enjoying the privileges which Ambassador McCormick is striving to obtain for the United States are Germany, Greece, Bulgaria and Italy.

Easter Monday
The after Easter assortment of Smart Walking Suits—
Top Coats—
Separate Skirts—
Handsome Reception Suits —and Exquisite Hats—
Is just as choice as before the Easter rush—
Due to the almost daily shipments of new and different suits, and the busy fingers of our millinery artists—
J. G. BENNETT & CO.
NEW STORES
Wood St. and Fifth Ave.

PAULSON'S
HAND MADE
$3 HAT
SOFT STIFF
515 WOOD ST.

J. & I. R. KORNBLUM,
Opticians.
ARROTT BUILDING.
Second Floor, Cor. Wood St. and Fourth Ave.

PENNSYLVANIA NOW BUSY IN OLD KENTUCKY

Local Concerns Interested in the Coal, Oil and Timber Lands.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

OWINGSVILLE, KY., April 3.—With the opening of spring a large influx of Pennsylvanians to the eastern Kentucky mountains is looked for. The purchase last week, by a syndicate of Pennsylvania capitalists, of 40,000 acres of coal, mineral and timber lands in Knott, Perry and Litcher counties for $250,000, and the purchase in the winter by Pittsburgh parties of 10,000 acres of coal and timber lands in Morgan county, show the importance of the vast tracts of undeveloped mountain lands is appreciated by the easterners.

Many Pennsylvania oil companies are operating in the Kentucky fields and more are clamoring for admittance. James Pantin & Son and F. L. Harvey of Foxburg, Pa., have leased several thousand acres of land in the Wolfe county field and will begin drilling at once. Their machinery is now being placed in position.

This is in the same territory where the T. M. Beckett Company of Freeport, Pa., have completed some of the best wells in the Kentucky fields.

Negro Thieves Sent to Workhouse.

William Conway and George Washington, the negroes arrested for robbing Miss Nellie Mathews of Putnam street of her chatelaine bag at Penn and Shady avenues Saturday night, were fined $50 each by Magistrate E. C. Negley at the East End police station yesterday morning. Miss Mathews identified the two men as the thieves, but refused to make an information. In default of the fine they were sent to the workhouse for 90 days each.

See that the *Shield of Quality* is on the Box
THE SHIELD OF QUALITY
MANUFACTURERS
WELSBACH CO.
WELSBACH QUALITY
If the light is bad don't blame the mantle but the dealer. He hasn't sold you a Welsbach.
5 Kinds - 15, 20, 25, 30, 35c
WELSBACH STORE, 722 PENN AVE.
All Dealers

$1.00 FOR NOTHING!
Every $25.00 you deposit with us pays you a Dollar a year.
And every dollar of your principal is safe.
We want Savings Accounts—large and small.
We pay 4% interest on Savings and 2% on Checking Accounts.
Write for free booklet No. 20; it gives the names of our directors and tells how to
BANK BY MAIL.
PITTSBURG TRUST CO.
323 FOURTH AVENUE.

PIMPLES
Before Treatment. After Treatment.
Smallpox Marks, Blackheads, Freckles, Enlarged Pores and every Eruption of the Skin, removed by my treatments. I have the medical weeklies as my reference. Consultation free and confidential. Every person receives my personal attention. Office hours 9-6.
Owing to increase of business, I have removed to a suite in the Nixon Theater building. Call or write,
A. SPAN, Dermatologist,
503-504 Nixon Theater Building.
'Phone 2974-R Grant.

Blank Books
Just the right thing in blank books is sometimes hard to find—
The diversity of needs calls for a great variety of styles—
With one large supply of blank books and office supplies We feel confident that we can meet all needs—
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
429-431 Wood Street.

Spring Thoughts
If your thoughts turn to clothes, think also of Dickson, The Tailor—Big line of spring suitings now ready.
420 Wood St.

RIVER PACKETS.

KANAWHA RIVER PACKET.

STEAMER KANAWHA, W. E. Roe, Master; J. H. Wolfe, Clerk, leaves Patterson's wharfboat every Tuesday, 4 p. m., for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Charleston and way points. Finest passenger and freight accommodations. S. R. Patterson & Co., G. H. Christ, Agents, No. 307 Water st. Tel. 428.

Moderate Priced Carpets
We talk a good deal about fine carpets—exclusive patterns and all that—but don't get the idea into your head that we neglect the cheaper grades—
The stock of moderate and low priced carpets is just as complete and varied—just as worthy in its way as are the most expensive carpets—
Bargains in Tapestry Brussels
One of the best carpets you can buy for little money—choice patterns—good colorings—whole pieces—
Judge by the window display—
Window Shade Dept.
The details are the important things in window shades—A little skimping in the material, making the shades too narrow, or too short—A little carelessness in putting up—Use of nails instead of screws—And you'll never get any satisfaction out of them. We watch all these little things—Make the shades right—Even the cheapest of them.
Opaque shades, made up ready to hang—10 colors to select from —sizes 3x6 feet and 3x7 feet—
Busy Season Is Now
But never mind that—Our organization is so complete that we are able to give you prompt and efficient service even in the busiest times—And another thing—When we tell you you can have work on a particular day—You can depend upon getting it just at that time.
Oliver McClintock Co.,
219 FIFTH AVENUE.

"It's a Laundry, Not a Sawmill."
Stop and Think!
How many times has this collar gone to the laundry? Don't always blame the launderer—even a collar wears out—but it will last much longer if you send it to us—try it.
BRACE BROS.,
Launderers, Dyers and Cleaners,
PITTSBURGH.
Both 'Phones, Wilkinsburg 28.
We Do the Largest Laundry Business in America—there MUST be a Reason.

RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh & Cincinnati Packet Line

Strs. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis and way landings. Leave wharfboat foot Wood st., at 4 p. m. as follows: Keystone State, Mondays, Queen City, Wednesdays, Virginia, Saturdays. Fare—Pgh. to Cin. $7; round trip, $12 and $14; meals, berths, included; down by boat, return by rail, $14. For freight or passage apply to Jas. A. Henderson, Mgr. Tel. 1762 Court.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis	* 1.10 am	* 1.45 am
Chicago, Cleveland and Toledo	* 3.15 am	* 2.15 am
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis	* 4.50 am	* 3.20 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 4.50 am	* 6.40 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	† 5.00 am	† 7.25 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5.00 am	‡ 6.55 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	† 5.00 am	† 1.15 pm
Alliance and Crestline	† 5.15 am	* 5.30 pm
Salem and Alliance	‡ 6.00 am	† 9.55 pm
Jamestown and Youngstown	† 6.30 am	† 1.20 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	† 6.30 am	* 5.50 pm
Ohio Valley Express	† 6.45 am	† 8.50 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 7.00 am	* 5.50 am
Tiffin and Toledo	† 7.00 am	† 5.30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 7.30 am	† 4.55 pm
The Forest City Special	* 8.00 am	* 7.40 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8.00 am	* 5.40 pm
Columbus and Indianapolis	* 8.00 am	* 2.15 pm
Mercer and Oil City	† 8.05 am	†10.55 am
New Castle and Erie	* 8.05 am	‡ 5.50 pm
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 8.05 am	†10.55 am
The Toledo Special	*12.00 n'n	* 7.15 pm
Columbus and Chicago	*12.35 pm	* 2.00 pm
Youngstown and Jamestown	†12.35 pm	† 8.20 am
New Castle and Ashtabula	†12.35 pm	† 8.30 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	† 1.25 pm	† 7.25 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	* 1.55 pm	† 1.10 pm
New Castle and Erie	† 4.30 pm	† 8.30 pm
Youngstown and Niles	† 4.30 pm	* 5.50 pm
Mercer and Oil City	† 4.30 pm	† 8.30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 4.35 pm	† 8.40 am
The Cleveland Special	* 5.00 pm	*11.30 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	‡ 5.10 pm	‡ 9.10 am
New Castle and Jamestown	‡ 5.25 pm	‡ 9.05 am
The Chicago Special	* 6.30 pm	* 7.45 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 7.15 pm	* 6.20 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8.10 pm	* 6.00 am
The St. Louis Limited	* 8.10 pm	* 6.00 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 8.10 pm	* 6.20 am
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 8.15 pm	* 6.50 am
Toledo and Detroit	* 8.30 pm	* 5.55 am
Beaver Falls and New Castle	†10.40 pm	† 8.30 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*11.00 pm	* 5.45 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., †6.00 am, †7.30 am, †9.00 am, †9.45 am, †1.30 pm, †3.10 pm, †4.10 pm, †5.15 pm, ‡5.30 pm, †6.20 pm, †10.30 pm.

Leave for Wheeling, †6.45 am, *8.20 am, †11.50 am, †2.30 pm, *6.15 pm.

Leave for Steubenville, *5.40 am, †8.25 am, †2.50 pm, †4.22 pm, †10.55 pm, ‡11.25 am.

Leave for Dennison, *5.40 am, *2.30 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, †8.35 pm.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

Time tables, tickets and sleeping car space may be obtained at 360 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street; at Union station, Pittsburgh, and at Fort Wayne station, Allegheny.

G. L. PECK, General Manager.
E. A. FORD, General Pass'r Agt.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.

CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.
Schedule in effect Nov. 22, 1903.

CENTRAL TIME.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	* 7:00 am	* 9:45 pm
Cleveland "Flyer"	* 7:00 am	* 6:30 pm
Youngst'n and Cleve. Mail	* 8:25 am	* 5:10 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	† 8:25 am	† 7:15 pm
Lake Chaut'qua Fast Line	*12:50 pm	* 6:30 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	† 5:00 pm	* 9:45 pm
Cleveland and Chicago Ex.	* 2:30 pm	*12:50 pm
Boston Special	† 5:00 pm	* 6:35 am
Cleve. and Detroit "Flyer"	‡ 6:00 pm	†11:15 am
Chicago Limited	† 6:00 pm	* 6:35 am
Buffalo and Cleveland Ex.	*10:30 pm	* 6:35 am
Youngstown Accom.	† 5:30 am	* 9:00 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 6:40 am	† 5:35 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 9:00 am	† 9:30 am
West Pittsburgh Accom.	‡12:10 pm	† 4:15 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 3:20 pm	*12:30 am
New Castle Express	† 4:20 pm	† 7:30 am
Beaver Valley Express	† 5:25 pm	† 8:30 am
Brownsville Accom.	† 6:10 am	† 6:45 am
Brownsville & N. Hav. Ex.	* 8:00 am	* 8:00 am
McKeespt. & Brownsville	†11:50 am	†12:40 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	† 3:30 pm	† 4:50 pm
Brownsville & §N. Haven	§ 5:20 pm	* 5:45 pm

P., C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beadling and Beechmont, †5:30 a. m., †10:15 a. m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. §Sunday only. ‡Note.—Daily train (Sunday, Youngstown only.)

City ticket office, 357 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.

J. B. YOHE, Gen. Supt.
L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time.
From Union Station, Pittsburgh.
FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily	3:00 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily, for Philadelphia and New York	3:35 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily	7:15 a. m.
New York Limited, daily	7:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily	7:30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily	8:00 a. m.
Philadelphia and New York Express, daily	12:01 p. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily	12:45 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily	4:50 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	4:55 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily	7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily	9:00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York only	10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily. Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches	10:00 p. m.

For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. daily.

For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 11:00 p. m.

For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week-days.

For Dubois, 6:15, 9:00 a. m. 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.

For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily. "Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," 7:15 a. m. week-days.

For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:00, 8:25 a. m., 12:30 and 5:05 p. m. week-days, and 4:55 p. m. Sundays.

For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:35 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. week-days. For Brownsville only, 6:05, 8:20 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 6:40 and 11:35 p. m. week-days; 7:00, 9:35 a. m. and 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m. Sundays. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 6:05, 8:20, 10:35 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 4:30 (5:25 Monongahela City), 6:40 and 11:35 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:00, 9:35 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY.

For Butler, 6:30, 9:00, 10:00 a. m., 3:00, 5:10 and 8:50 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:03 a. m., 9:33 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at Ticket Offices, No. 360 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street and Union station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traf. Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

(Eastern Standard Time.)
Leaves Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.:

LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom.	* 6:30 am	* 9:25 pm
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas.	† 6:30 am	† 9:15 am
Wash., Balt. & New York	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
Connsv., Un'tn & Fairm't	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
Cumb., Wash. & Balt.	* 1:00 pm	* 2:45 pm
West Newton Accom.	† 9:15 am	† 8:00 am
Consv., Un'tn, Morgant'n	† 1:30 pm	†10 00 pm
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas't	† 1:30 pm	† 2:45 pm
Connellsville Accom.	* 4:00 pm	† 5:05 pm
Morgant'n, Clarksburg and Western	† 5:00 pm	†12:50 pm
Philadelphia and New York (Duquesne Lim.)	* 6:30 pm	* 9:15 am
West Newton Accom.	† 6:40 pm	† 1:30 pm
Wash., Balt. & Phila.	* 9:00 pm	* 7:00 am
LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.		
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	* 7:00 am	*10:35 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	* 8:30 am	* 7:45 am
Whg., Zanesv. & Col. Ac.	* 1:05 pm	* 4:05 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling	* 4:30 pm	* 6:00 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Whg. Ac.	* 5:35 pm	* 8:45 pm
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	* 8:50 pm	* 7:55 pm
LINES WEST VIA AKRON.		
Cleve., Akron & Youngst.	* 7:50 am	* 8:15 pm
Chicago & Cleveland	* 3:05 pm	*12:35 pm
Chicago Limited	* 8:05 pm	* 7:40 am
(Leave P. & W. Station, Allegheny)		
Butler	* 7:30 am	† 7:55 am
Butler, Foxburg	† 8:15 am	† 5:10 pm
Butler, Greenville, Erie	† 8:15 am	† 6:35 pm
Butler	†10:45 am	* 9:40 am
Butler, Greenville, Erie	† 1:15 pm	† 1:00 pm
Ellwood City	† 1:15 pm	† 6:30 am
Butler, Clarion, Greenv'le	† 3:00 pm	†10:25 am
Butler, Ellwood, N. Castle	† 5:30 pm	* 9:40 am
Butler	* 6:15 pm	* 5:10 pm
Ellwood and New Castle	‡ 6:15 pm	* 9:40 am
Butler	*11:30 pm	* 7:20 pm

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Schedule in effect September 13, 1903. Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard time), for Conneaut, O.; Erie, Girard, Meadville and Conneaut Lake at 8:15 a. m. and 1:15 p. m. for Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Keister at 8:15 a. m., 1:15 and 3:00 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday. E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ALL
THE
NEWS ALL
THE TIME

Accompanied by Local, Sporting, Telegraph and Cable Features of Interest to Be Found Only in The Gazette.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1904.—PAGES 7 TO 12.

AMATEUR
SPORTS A
GAZETTE
FEATURE

No other Paper tells so well what the Boys are doing in the Sporting Line—The Gazette is in the Lead.

PITTSBURGH CHAMPIONS HAVE A DAY OF REST

EASTER SUNDAY IS AN ENJOYABLE ONE

Pirates Walk Over Mountains and Seek Other Pleasing Diversions—Diehl Goes Home.

RECORDS OF THE PITCHERS

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., April 3.—A cool but bright Easter Sunday was put in by the Pirates with sightseeing, walks over the mountains and testing to the full capacity the midway of curious attractions which lines a popular walk out of town, known as "Happy Hollow." The best walk over the mountains leads by this route, and the champion ball players were easily drawn into the fun to be gotten out of the catchpenny attractions.

A most versatile ape which stands for a cigar if you hit him with a purchase of three rubber balls was the star performer. Wagner was sure he could spot the creature, but, after spending a quarter's worth of balls, gave up, while the animal had the players in an uproar with the mocking faces he made at Honus.

"He's laughing at you, Hans; I wouldn't stand for that," chimed in Phillippe.

"Suppose you take a try yourself, then. I guess my throwing arm is about gone." The big pitcher was all confidence until he had shot about a dozen of the light, empty rubber balls.

"Well, I guess I'll stand for the monkey's laugh," remarked Phil. "I don't care to throw my arm away on baby tennis balls, though I would like to see some one make that ape laugh the other way."

A number of the other players tried without success, as the balls were too light to throw accurately at any speed, and the wise old ape could dodge above and below. The animal's reward for his sprightly dancing about the platform was a bottle of pop, which he sipped with gusto, to the high glee of the players and the large crowd that had gathered.

The husky Pirates also had their photographs taken on the small Mexican ponies. Phil held the animal with his feet on the ground, and the animal threatened to break down.

An interesting line on the work of the young pitchers is to be found in a resume of their work here up to date. In 11 innings pitched against the Little Rock and Yanigan teams, in four different games, Moren gave 12 hits, one base on balls and had three strikeouts against the same teams in nine innings; Scanlon gave seven hits, three bases and five strikeouts; Miller gave five hits, two bases and three strikeouts; Camnitz eight hits, five bases and no strikeouts. Four of the latter's hits and four of the bases were in the three innings of one game. Veil in 12 innings gave 13 hits, three bases and had six strikeouts. Each pitched three innings a game. Against the regulars Scanlon in five innings gave 12 hits, four bases and three strikeouts. Moren in five innings gave 10 hits, no bases and no strikeouts. In three innings each Veil gave six hits and Camnitz four.

Pfeister has been sick, but is better and may practice tomorrow. Leever strained his knee and Smith and Sebring's charley horse keeps them out for the present. Diehl, the first of the squad to break away, left for Cincinnati today.

PLAYERS HAVE GRIEVANCES.

American Association Club Has Trouble Signing Stars. May Cause Changes.

COLUMBUS, O., April 3.—(Special.)—Columbus, Louisville and Kansas City players have been busy for over a week, and the other teams began work last week.

Bob Wood and Jack O'Brien have steadily refused to join the Brewers, who are in camp at Decatur, Ill. Pat Bohannon and George Tebeau are having some sort of a mysterious quarrel, and the good young pitcher says he will not join the Colonels. Dale Gear is having a little trouble with some of his blues, First Baseman Frantz being the most prominent one of the Kansas City balkers. Columbus fans are happy, as every man on the claim list has put in an appearance. The Toledo situation, dark 10 days ago, is clearing up. Doc Reisling yielded and will, he says, give the team his best pitching services. President Strobel expects to get the Southern league to forgive Billy Phyle. If a pardon is granted Phyle will play short. Doc Hazleton, a former manager of the A. J. and G. team of the New York State league, has been signed to play first, and Charles Frisbie is ready for the outfield. Manager Long is with his men at Norwood inn, near Cincinnati. Jack Sullivan and Jimmy Jackson, who did a lot to help the St. Paul team win last year's pennant, will play with the Saints again. The team is now training at Terre Haute.

Watkins seems to have established a censorship at his Miller camp, Champaign, Ill.

Several sales have been made recently. Columbus gave up some money and got "Dummy" Kihm from Minneapolis. He is a first baseman, but may go to the outfield if Mullaney from Bloomington shows good form. Tebeau has sent Second Basemen Bonner and Childs and Third Basemen Sullivan and Wagner from Louisville to his Kansas City team. He says that Bonner and Sullivan were sold to Gear. Sullivan has not reported, but the other three have bowed to the wishes of their boss. Bonner will probably win out at second, permitting the veteran, Bill Nance, to go to the outfield.

Tebeau, in looking out for the strength of the Louisville team, has secured a claim on Hallman, with the White Sox last season. He expects to get either Odwell or Kerwin back from Cincinnati, but the tip is out that Odwell will stay with the Reds and Kerwin go to the Phillies.

Bill Phillips is plugging away at Indianapolis. He has all his men on the ground, but G. Hogriever is balking on accepting a cut in salary. Phillips has reminded "Hoggy" that he has been offered the same wages that he got before the war. Phillips has made a bid for either Swander or Hulseman of the St. Louis Browns, and expects to get the former. The Hoosiers also have need of a good infielder. For several days it has been said that the Cleveland team will leave Schwartz in Indianapolis, but a report from San Antonio says that the blues will keep the youngster for utility purposes.

PITCHER LEE REPORTS.

Dreyfuss Says He May Sign No More Pitchers This Season.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., April 3.—(Special.)—Wyatt Lee, the new pitcher, arrived tonight in good condition, after four days on the road, having left Washington Thursday morning. Washouts and high water caused the delay. Des Moines wants a game on April 13, but will not accept Dreyfuss' terms. Dreyfuss says positively that no deals are on and that he does not expect to sign another man this season.

AMATEUR BASEBALL GOSSIP.

The Wabash Stars would like to hear from all 8 and 9-year-old teams. Address William Herst, 19 Gist street.

Jacob Mante, formerly of the Pitcairn A. C., will not don a uniform this year, but will go on the stage.

The Oakland A. C. has May 30 and July 4 open for strong out-of-town teams. Address W. F. Prichard, 35 Wilmot square, Pittsburgh.

The Courtland A. C. would like to hear from all 6 to 7-year-old teams. Address James L. W. Morgan, 25 Courtland street, Allegheny.

The Terrible Nine would like to hear from some good players and all 8 and 9-year-old teams. Address K. Donahoe, 22 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

The Fisher A. C. of the South Side would like to hear from all good teams in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio. Address William P. Fisher, 1709 Wrights alley, Pittsburgh.

The Acorns have signed Gorman and King of the last year's Herron Hill team, and Shanfelt of last year's Keystones. They would like to hear from all 17 and 18-year-old teams. Address Robert Shanfelt, 9 Erin street, Pittsburgh.

The Wonders will open their season with the Stein A. C. May 1, and would like to hear from all 15 to 16-year-old teams for Sunday ball only. Would like to hear from some good out-of-town team for May 30. Address Harry Zadiko, 137 Moultrie street, city.

The Marshall A. C. of the West End is fast filling its dates and has games with some of the strongest amateur teams in and out of the city. It would like to hear from some good 16 to 17-year-old teams having grounds for July 2, 9, 23 and August 27. Address Marshall A. C., 22 Singers row, West End, city.

The Tarentum A. C. has the following schedule: April 23, Blairsville at Blairsville; April 30, Vandergrift Heights at home; May 7, Glassport A. C. at Glassport; May 14, Vandergrift at Vandergrift; May 21, Witmer A. C. of Sharpsburg at home; May 28, Hoboken A. C. at home; June 4, St. Casimir at home; June 11, Hoboken at Hoboken; June 18, Camden A. C. at Camden; June 25, open; July 2, open; July 4, two games with Fisher A. C.; July 9, open; July 16, Camden at home. For games address Jesse Staibe, 225 West Ninth avenue, Tarentum.

RALPH ROSE OF MICHIGAN, THE LATEST WONDER IN COLLEGE CIRCLES

He is a young Californian and his performances with the weights, particularly with the shot, have been the talk of the entire college world in athletics. He has broken records right and left. His measurements are found elsewhere on this page.

THIS PITCHER WANTED WEEK'S NOTICE BEFORE A CONTEST

ROSE'S MEASUREMENTS.

[illegible]	6 feet 5 inches
[illegible]	[illegible]
Shoulders, across	[illegible] inches
Neck	15.2 inches
Chest, expanded	47.3 inches
Waist	36.5 inches
Hips	42.8 inches
Right biceps, up	14 inches
Right forearm	12.1 inches
Left biceps	13.6 inches
Left forearm	11.6 inches
Right thigh	25 inches
Right calf	16.2 inches
Left thigh	24.8 inches
Left calf	16.4 inches
Lung capacity	315 cubic inches

PITTSBURGH HIGH SCHOOL TO ORGANIZE LEAGUE

Kerr Elected Captain of Princeton Prep. Nine—Other School News.

Pittsburgh High school is to introduce a new method of trying out the baseball material for the first team. A class league is to be organized with six clubs, having at the head a professor and the clubs managed by students.

The meeting at which the league will be formed will be held next week. The probable clubs are the M. and D. of the commercial department and A, B, C, D. of the academic. There are about 40 candidates for positions on the first team, and those who do not get places will be put on the league teams, but when they show form they will be taken again to the High school nine. The games will be played at Schenley park.

Practice by the High school candidates will begin this afternoon at Friendship park under Coach Wentz and Capt. Spuhler.

William Kerr of Allegheny was last week elected captain of the Princeton Prep. school baseball team. Kerr is a good first baseman and a strong batter. He is a son of Capt. W. H. Kerr, former owner of the Pittsburgh National league club.

Frank Zoch of Pittsburgh is a likely candidate for short stop on the Kenyon college team. He played right end on the eleven last fall.

There will be few new faces in the Interscholastic Hockey league next year. The champion Shadyside academy team will retain most of its men, while Pittsburgh High school, which finished second in the race, will probably have its same lineup. East Liberty academy will lose two and probably three men. Yohe, goal keeper, is the only regular player on the Shadyside team who will be graduated this spring. Ralph Marlin and Clarey Schmertz, substitutes, will leave also this spring. Lew Edwards and Bulger of East Liberty academy go out this spring, while Askin is likely to return again.

"Midget" Spuhler, captain of the High school team, is in his fourth year, but he may return for another year's work, and in that event it is probable he will be re-elected captain. "Pierce" Bunton of East Liberty will probably be back, and he, too, would again take the captaincy. Charlie Ahl has proven himself one of the best captains Shadyside ever had, and considering the excellent showing he made with the team this year, it is felt that he should again be honored with the captaincy.

Kerr Price, captain of the Shadyside academy baseball team, will begin morning practice today, preparing for the Braddock High school Wednesday afternoon.

The East Liberty academy candidates will practice this morning at D. C. & A. C. park at 10 o'clock. Watt Carr has made up two teams, as follows:

Regulars.		Yanigans.
Lytle	2d B.	Bryan
Ruber	R. F.	Chester
Edwards	L. F.	Dunn
Moffett	3d B.	Turner
Diva	1st B.	Mueller
Coyle	S. S.	Winn
Duff	M. F.	Edwards, J.
Carr	C.	Libby
Bailey	P.	Bunton

Wrestling at Newark.

NEWARK, O., April 3.—(Special.)—Jack Newhardt threw Richard Shultz two out of three last evening in the music hall before a large crowd for the local wrestling championship.

Twirler Complained That Don McKim Neglected an Important Function.

HOT FIGHT IS STILL ON

"He would not notify us one week before a game that we were to pitch, so that we could do training for the game."

The above quotation is alleged to have been uttered by one of the Westminster college pitchers of last year's team, when asked why there was an objection to Don McKim coaching that nine again this year.

A Westminster alumnus who has been prominent in athletics at that institution in years past, said yesterday that this was the only excuse the opposition to McKim was able to offer, and it was the laughing stock of all parties interested.

The fight at Westminster is one of the hottest internal affairs that has taken place in any Western Pennsylvania college in recent years, and at the bottom of the whole affair jealousy is charged by the friends of McKim and those who have done the most for Westminster athletics. McKim is an old Westminster pitcher. He coached the team last year and there was a feeling that he should return again this spring. Certain players on the nine, it is claimed, were uncertain that they could again make the team, and when it was announced that McKim would return they opened a fight against him.

The advisory board, composed of three members of the faculty and two students, chose McKim as the coach. Then the fight opened in earnest. The players who did not like McKim were not slow in making public their utterances, and when asked of the ringleader his objection is said to have made the statement quoted above. The fight became so pronounced that a mass meeting of the students was called and when the motion was put before the assemblage that sufficient money be raised to pay the coach, it was voted down. The friends of McKim claim that at this meeting preps. and persons who had no business in the meeting voted, which brought about the refusal to subscribe money.

The leaders in athletics, however, got together and raised the money to pay McKim his salary, which incurred the displeasure of Manager Reed and Capt. Moore. Reed resigned, and there was an election to choose his successor. Campbell, who was opposed to McKim, lost to Menteer, a McKim man, by four votes. This, with the fact that nine of the varsity players are for McKim, it is said, broke down the opposition to a big extent.

The Westminster alumnus, who yesterday spoke of the affair, said: "The whole matter is the result of petty jealousy on the part of two players, who have succeeded in their endeavor to raise trouble for McKim. McKim is a competent coach, and considering the material he had to work with last year, I think he did well. The matter is not settled yet, but the friends of Westminster can rest assured that no one or two sore heads are strong enough to bring her name in athletics into disrepute."

CAPT. CHANCE OF CHICAGO ATTACKS DENVER UMPIRE

DENVER, COL., April 3.—(Special.)—Angered by what he thought a bad decision when Umpire Davis called him out at second in the game here this afternoon, Capt. Chance of the Chicago National league team attacked the official. He caught the umpire by the collar, but the latter broke away and other ball players rushed into the diamond and put an end to the battle.

Matinee Has Close Shave.

The Matinee club defeated the Eclipse team of Carnegie Saturday night at Arcade hall, Carnegie. The lineup:

Matinee Club—14.		Eclipse—13.
Maloney	Forward	Barum
Meenan	Forward	Cavey
Archer	Center	Moran
Clark	Guard	O'Brien
McQuary	Guard	Nelson

Field goals—Archer 3, Maloney 2, Barum 2, O'Brien, Cavey 2. Foul goals—Meenan 4, O'Brien 3. Referee—Frye.

Bennings Selections for Today.

NEW YORK, April 3.—(Special.)—The American and Journal's selections at Bennings:

Best bets—Toscan, Graziallo, Cay, to win.
First—Toscan, Julia M.
Second—First Born, Lily Brook.
Third—Graziallo, Briar Thorpe.
Fourth—Imperialist, Jim Newman.
Fifth—Nine Spot, Setauket.
Sixth—Jessielyn, Pretorius.
Seventh—Cay, W. B. Fasig.

Tim Callahan in Town.

Tim Callahan, the Philadelphia boxer, who is to meet Jack McClelland tonight before the Broadway Athletic club of South Sharon, arrived in this city last evening. He will leave for Sharon this morning. Callahan beat Solly Stroup at Williamsport last Wednesday night in 10 rounds.

FAST INDEPENDENT CLUB TO PLAY AT FRIENDSHIP PARK

Lew Wentz Will Revive P. A. C. Team and Meet Best in This Section of the Country.

GOSSIP ABOUT THE TOSSERS

Pittsburgh is to have an independent team that will be strong enough to cope with all the top notchers in Western Pennsylvania. Lew Wentz, who so successfully managed the Pittsburgh Athletic club a few years ago, has reentered the sport and will be the manager of the new club that will be operated at Friendship Park this summer under the supervision of the professors of the Pittsburgh high school.

Wentz will name the team the Pittsburgh Athletic club, and the season will open in May, or when its games will not interfere with those of the High school schedule in that month.

Wentz means to give this city one of the best independent teams in this section of the country. Games will be arranged with the best in Ohio and he will go after the championship.

Wentz is now coaching the High school baseball candidates.

Bill Bowman, the former West Virginia pitcher with the Philadelphia Nationals early last year, has signed a Spokane, Pacific Coast league, contract. Bowman had been dickering with Marty Hogan, manager of the Ohio Works team.

"Andy" Oyler, the former W. & J. infielder, has joined the Minneapolis American association club. His younger brother, William, has signed with Savannah of the South Atlantic league.

Billy Campbell, the local southpaw, has made a good impression at Louisville, and will be retained.

Al. Comfort, of Allegheny college, is requested to be at this office this evening.

Clymer, the former Punxsy player, who was with Williamsport last year, is now with Buffalo.

Pitcher Alex Jones of Homestead is regarded as the best story teller in the Eastern league. Buffalo is in the south training, and when not pitching he umpires exhibition games. Jones gives Norfolk, Va., the palm for raising businesslike mosquitoes. He declares that they have thinking caps and use good judgment in the pursuit of their game. He declared that the year he played ball in the town it was impossible to get rid of them, even though one slept under a net. He says the only scheme by which he could circumvent them was to let them crawl under the net, then slip out and take to the floor. They waited in vain for his return.

Alex has umpired the majority of the practice games and is all right with the indicator. He is willing to hear the crowd kick, declaring that it is the music an umpire should glory in. It shows that he is in an interesting game and is handling it in such a way as to keep teams and spectators interested in what he is doing. He declares that if he was an umpire and there was no kicking he would throw up his job, knowing that he was a failure.

Fred Hartman, the McKeesporter playing third for Buffalo, tells a tale about starting in professional ball in the peach league. He did not receive his pay until he reached home, and instead of money it was a half carload of poor-grade peaches.

Kissinger says that his first experience was in a league where the towns were close together, and it was up to the visiting team to hoof it from one stand to another.

ALLEGHENY CONFIDENT.

Al. Comfort Coaching Up Country Collegians—Pittsburghers Are Prominent Candidates.

MEADVILLE, PA., April 3.—(Special.)—Practice at Allegheny college will be resumed this week. Al. Comfort, the Pittsburgh boy, who is to play middle field and coach the team, will return from his vacation. That Allegheny will have a winning team this year there is little doubt. The candidates for the team are in the main experienced players, and confidence is felt on all sides.

Capt. Ray Mock will do most of the catching this year, and he will have an able substitute in King of Pittsburgh. Harry Turner, the basketball player, is another backstop candidate. Harry Selkreg of Erie, who was one of the best right-handers in the City league last summer, will do most of the pitching. Lockwood, formerly of Mt. Union college, is another pitcher in college. Smith, thus far, is the only promising south paw. Lewis, captain of the basketball five, and Shields, the latter of Indiana Normal, are fighting for first base.

Robert Russell of Pittsburgh, who played on the East Liberty academy nine last year, and Heilman of Greenville High school, are the leading candidates for second, with the chances favoring the Pittsburgher. If Heilman does not make second it is probable he will be shoved over to short. Haas of Meadville will probably make third again. Wynn of State college is likely to have a sure thing for left, and Comfort will play middle. One of the pitchers will be used in right.

NATIONAL LEAGUERS WIN.

Nichols' Cardinals Beat St. Louis Browns By 4 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, April 3.—(Special.)—In a nose-and-nose finish before 23,000 persons, Kid Nichols' Cardinals outgained the Browns today and won the second game for the World's Fair championship, 4 to 3. It was a heartbreaking windup to an otherwise rather listless game. The American leaguers took what looked like a safe lead in the first two innings. After that Jack Taylor settled down and the Browns ceased batting. On the other hand, the Cardinals hit like fiends, but in pinches Sievers asserted himself and twice struck out three men in a row, each time with men on bases. Taylor's pitching after the second inning and the batting of Farrell and Shannon, the Pittsburgh boy, were features. Farrell hit safely five times, every time up. Shannon made four hits, one a two-bagger. Score by innings:

Browns	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Cardinals	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	*	—4

Barney Oldfield Is Arrested.

NEW ORLEANS, April 3.—(Special.)—Barney Oldfield, the world's champion automobile driver, came all the way to New Orleans to be arrested, for the first time in his life, for scorching on a public street. He paid a fine and left yesterday for Florida, where he is to try to lower W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.'s, record for a mile on Palm Beach.

LEW WENTZ.

Coach of Pittsburgh High School Team, Who Is to Revive His P. A. C. Nine.

RUNNERS FROM BENNINGS GO TO AQUEDUCT TRACK

Added Event Put on Card Today to Accommodate Horses from Winter Courses.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, April 3.—From now on the current meeting may be regarded as on the home stretch run. The last day of racing will be on April 14. The very next day the game opens at Aqueduct with the Carter handicap. However, a consideration of the card at hand affords a prospect of some really good racing during the next few days.

The week's sport is being inaugurated with a bang-up bill. With Toscan, Graziallo and other fair horses carded to go in the seven events, and an added event tomorrow in order to accommodate horses which have come on from the winter racing points and have found the conditions of the fixture book to their liking, the racing ought to be of a decidedly improved character.

The track will be greatly improved over the condition in which it was on Saturday. With clear weather up to post call, the going will be almost at its best. Handicappers and the racing world generally will be pleased to know that the local course is to receive a thorough overhauling and rendered much like that of Sheepshead Bay and Gravesend during the approaching summer.

At present an ordinary rain renders the footing a perfect mire. Worst of all the track does not dry out readily. This condition will be entirely changed before another season rolls round. The course will be scraped and hardened and then overlaid by Welsh sand, especially imported for the purpose.

CAPT. BROWN'S CHANCES.

Will Probably Win Tennessee Derby Today With Proceeds or Conjurer.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 3.—(Special.)—Much success attended the meeting of the new Memphis Jockey club from the very first day, and the week has passed with a dash and go that is encouraging alike to local enthusiasts and to out-of-town turf followers. This presages well for the remainder of the meeting, for the Memphis racing patron never thoroughly gets warmed up or stricken with the racing fever until about Derby day, and as tomorrow will witness the sixteenth renewal of the Tennessee classic, the rest of the meeting is likely to go with a whoop and hurrah.

Whether confronted with rain or shine, there seems nothing in the way of Captain Sam S. Brown of Pittsburgh winning his first Tennessee Derby. Few, indeed, are the turfmen here who have watched the races of the several candidates that are entered in tomorrow's event but what agree that Captain Brown will furnish the top-heavy favorites and the only doubt that has been expressed about either Proceeds or Conjurer from the Brown stable winning comes from the superstitious ones who imagine that the race will prove another Waterloo for the first choices in the speculation and a victory for some outsider, as has been the case in several of the past renewals of this event.

Just where this possible outsider is to come from this year is, however, a difficult problem to answer. Proceeds, Conjurer, Geronimo and Samuari are the only ones carded to go in tonight's entries.

BOBBY WALTHOUR BEATS THE EUROPEAN CHAMPION

BERLIN, April 3.—Bobby Walthour, the American bicyclist, won a 50 kilometre bicycle race at Sport park, Friedenau, this afternoon, defeating the German, Robl, who holds the European championship, and Ryser, Demke, Salzmann and Bouisson.

Burglars Are Very Busy.

In addition to the robbery of four houses reported Saturday, the residence of William T. Kuiper, Beaver avenue, Emsworth, was also entered. The thieves secured $30 and a pair of cuff buttons set with diamonds.

Visitors From Nearby Towns.

The following persons from nearby towns were registered at the Pittsburgh hotels yesterday:

Seventh Avenue—Albert Hatch and son, East Liverpool; Robert Burnes and sister, Altoona, and Earl V. Braden, Wheeling.

Colonial—James Klingensmith, Altoona; W. M. Starr, Butler, and George W. Campbell, Canton.

Monongahela—T. A. Fisher, Ridgway; R. C. MacMillen, Erie, and Edward W. Boyd, Uniontown.

Henry—Thomas Sallers, Grove City.

FAR IN ADVANCE OF ALL CONTEMPORARIES

One of the ablest and best known New York editors, commenting recently on the tabloid editorial section of The Sunday Gazette, enthusiastically declared that in this particular feature The Sunday Gazette is years in advance of its foremost contemporaries. People who aim to be well informed and to keep in touch with the various phases of the world's progress could better afford to dispense with any other periodical than The Sunday Gazette's editorial section.

Among the special articles in the editorial section of yesterday's issue were: "Sex and Suffrage—Its New Phase," by Anna M. Shaw, Carrie Chapman Catt and Maude Nathan, the three foremost advocates of women's suffrage in the world; "Auto Life in Pittsburgh," by Martha L. Root, the most interesting and comprehensive account of automobiling and its followers in this city that has ever been published; "The Perfume of Old Flowers," Maurice Maeterlinck; "The Mongolian Renaissance," Henry Jones Ford; "Great Victories Won by Pennsylvania Railroad," Col. A. K. McClure; "Russia's Siberian Tribes," Henry Newton; "A Limit to Immigration," J. D. Whelpley; "Singular Coincidences," Garrett P. Serviss; "Books and Bookmen," George Seibel; "Plays and Players," Charles M. Bregg; "The Quiet Observer," Erasmus Wilson; "Financial Review," John O. Baglin; Topics of the Week, The Governor and the Supreme Bench, Pension Inconsistencies, Something for Nothing, The Easter Morn.

It is impossible to speak too highly of the departments devoted to Plays and Players and Books and Bookmen. Mr. Bregg, as a dramatic critic, takes rank with the best in the country and has few peers; Mr. Seibel's book reviews are of themselves a literary treat, manifesting a wide and deep scholarship without an atom of pedantry or affectation.

The Home Journal section of The Sunday Gazette this week has a charming Easter cover design by Henning, and is brimful of bright and interesting matter. A few of the most striking features are "The Mannish Woman," by Vesta Tilley; "The Personality of Maude Adams," Mistress Pepys' tales of some local bridals, "The Wooing of O Sasa San," a romance of the far east, by Clive Holland, and a beautifully illustrated article on home gardening, showing some of Pittsburgh's finest effects in gardening, by Martha L. Root.

ALLEGHENY CITY WANTS TWENTY CATS AT ONCE

A Good Price Will Be Paid for Tabbies That Can Drive the Rats Out of the North Side City Hall.

Big, strong, rat-catching cats can be easily disposed of at Allegheny city hall today. James Kline, superintendent of the building, is badly in need of the felines and will pay from 10 to 25 cents for each tabby that fills the proper requirements. The hall has become infested with rats, and it is to rid the place of these pests that Kline decided upon his offer yesterday.

The building is becoming so old that in many places the floor beams have rotted away, furnishing delightful apartments for the rodents. It has been customary to keep about a dozen cats in the place, but when the administration changed about a year ago, many of the old city employes took the pet Tommies and Marias home with them and since then the building has been overrun with the vermin.

The rats became so numerous and so hungry that they did not hesitate to even scamper through the different offices in broad daylight. In one or two instances valuable papers were dragged from desks and carried under the floors to be used for nests. About a week ago a crusade against the pests was inaugurated and liberal quantities of rat poison were placed in different parts of the building.

A few days later water pipes began to burst, and it was discovered that the rodents, after eating the poison, had gone in search of water, and, unable to find any, had gnawed through the lead piping in a dozen places. Plumbers were busy in the building all of yesterday repairing the leaks.

When it was found that the poison process only increased the difficulties, it was decided to advertise for cats.

"We want to get about 20 full-grown cats," said Supt. Kline yesterday, "and are willing to pay as high as 25 cents apiece for them. We don't care where they come from as long as we get them by tomorrow night. Any persons having cats to sell can find me in Mayor's Wyman's office all day tomorrow. The city will look after the tabbies and they will be well taken care of here until every rat has been driven from the building."

GERMANS REAP CRUELTIES SOWN

Horrible Atrocities of Southwest African Natives a Method of Revenge.

DENIED BY A MISSIONARY

By MALCOLM CLARKE.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

BERLIN, April 3.—No one is probably more anxious for the speedy return of the kaiser than the minister of colonies. Reports are current of the most hair-raising cruelties committed by Germans in Southwest Africa, and it is evident that something must be done to stem the tide of criticism beyond putting all the blame on the natives and sending troops to shoot them down. It may be true, as has been stated by the government and reported in letters from colonists, that hundreds of Germans have been murdered in remote districts, their arms and legs cut off, their wives and daughters hung up on branches of trees head downward and beaten to death in this position, but it cannot be concealed that the German colonists are reaping only what German officers have sowed. To strengthen its case, the government recently published a letter from a colonist, Adolph Tuebener, in which he says:

Charges Awful Atrocities.

"I want to open your eyes to the real nature of our black brothers. They are not men, but wild beasts. Words fail me to describe the cruelties they practiced on our countrymen, on helpless women and children. Farmers who fell into their hands in this district were tormented to death and their bodies were mutilated, their arms being cut off with axes. The women were treated still more cruelly. Frau Lange saw her husband thus done to death, and was then compelled to watch her 4-year-old child butchered. The Herreros placed the child in a doorway and slammed the heavy door until the life was crushed out of its body. I could relate hundreds of similar cases here. In the immediate neighborhood of Okahandja alone 113 persons were thus tormented to death. God grant that some of these black demons may fall into our hands. There will be grim revenge then."

The effect of this letter, which may or may not be genuine, is, however, offset by a statement from a very prominent missionary in the Reichsbote, one of the most conservative papers of Berlin, which absolutely denies the truth of the report of the cruelties committed by the Herreros.

Missionary Defends Natives.

"The natives," he says, "had opportunities to massacre women and children, but did not. Those who have been reported killed are all alive." The missionary gives their names and present residence. He further reports that native Christians assisted men and women to safety, on one occasion themselves furnishing transport at risk and expense. Those whom the natives killed were those whom they had reason to hate and distrust. The rebellion this missionary attributes to cruelty by German officials and to "the disregard of the Germans for the sacredness of the marital relations of the natives. What German count or prince," asks the missionary in conclusion, alluding to the misconduct of Prince von Arenberg, "would leave his sister's wrongs unavenged?"

Nothing will probably be done until the kaiser returns; but when he does, it is thought that many high officials will be called to account, and an entirely new administration will probably be put in charge of the colonies.

The Three Rivers

CINCINNATI, O., April 3.—(Special.)—The stage of the river at 6 o'clock this evening registered 38.2 feet and falling slowly; weather partly clear and cloudy, growing warmer. There were no movements of craft today, except the local packets, which were in and out as per schedule, and doing fair business.

LOUISVILLE—River stationary; in canal, 18.7 feet; on falls, 16.5 feet; below locks, 43.8 feet. Clear and cold.

MARIETTA—River 33.5 feet and rising; cold; Virginia down, 3 p. m.; Lorena, 5 p. m.

HUNTINGTON—River 30 feet 6 inches and rising; Greenwood for Cincinnati, 3 a. m.; Queen City for Pittsburgh, 4 p. m.; much colder.

STEUBENVILLE—River 31 feet and falling; cloudy and cold; passed up, Ben Hur, 7 a. m.; Kanawha, 1 p. m.; Keystone State, 5 p. m.; passed down, Volunteer, 1:30 p. m.; Tom Lysle, 1:30 p. m.; Dave Wood, 1:45 p. m.

POINT PLEASANT—River 29 feet 6 inches and rising; cloudy and cold; down, Helen White.

PARKERSBURG—River 33.6 feet and rising; clear and cold; the Virginia down for Cincinnati, 5 p. m.

GALLIPOLIS—River 26 feet and rising; up, Queen City, Tacoma and Clyde; cloudy and cold, with snow flurries.

WHEELING—River 32 feet 9 inches and falling; cloudy and cold; up, Ben Hur, Kanawha and Keystone State, Pittsburgh; down, Lorena, Zanesville; Virginia, Cincinnati; down with coal, B. D. Wood, Volunteer, Dave Wood, Tom Lyle; up with empties, J. C. Risher.

OIL CITY—River 7 feet 6 inches and falling; clear and cold.

WARREN—River 6 feet 8 inches and falling; light snow and cold.

The stage of water at Davis island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 15.4 feet and the river was falling one-tenth of a foot an hour.

SHIPPING STAGE TODAY.

Rivermen Expect to Send Out Some Coal During This Week.

While the local rivers were falling fast yesterday, the water was still too high for coal shipments. There was every indication last night that a good shipping stage would prevail today, and the impression among rivermen was that this stage will hold for several days at least. The River Coal Company has no boats ready for shipment today, but will begin shipments tomorrow and continue as long as the shipping stage prevails.

The Dave Wood, with one flat and four coal boats, was the only boat going down yesterday, while the P. M. Pfeil, with five empty coal boats, and the Rival, with six empty barges and three empty flats, came up the river. The packet Ben Hur came in from Parkersburg and reported a hard trip.

KRUG SEES POPE FOR THE KAISER

Ex-Abbot at Beatty (Pa.) Said to Bear Letter Asking Nuncio for Berlin.

HE MAY GET THE POSITION

By MALCOLM CLARKE.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

BERLIN, April 3.—From a very reliable source at Naples I hear that the kaiser, who recently left that city for Sicily, is very anxious to cement the friendship between Germany and the papal court. While at Naples the kaiser had a long conference with Boniface Krug, the abbot of the Benedictine monastery at Monte Cassino, who came to Naples at the special request of the kaiser, and left immediately afterward for Rome, where it is said he will deliver to Pope Pius an autograph letter from the kaiser suggesting that a papal nuncio be appointed to Berlin.

It is also said that the kaiser would like to see Abbot Krug appointed to that position. It is thought very probable that the pope, who is exceedingly pleased at the defeat of the law which excluded the Jesuits from Germany, will grant this request, and the appointment of a German ambassador to the vatican must necessarily follow. In view of the growing enmity of the French government to the Roman Catholic church this event would be greeted with delight by all Catholics. Boniface Krug, who at present is the head of the Benedictine monastery at Monte Cassino, is a German by birth but has spent several years in America as abbot of the Benedictine monastery at Beatty, Pa. The kaiser met him for the first time during his last visit to Rome when he was shown through the institution at Monte Cassino.

It is beyond all doubt that the Protestants of Germany, who are already greatly dissatisfied with the repeal of the anti-Jesuit law, will strongly object to the idea of having the vatican officially represented at the German court. Several Protestant states have already put themselves on record as unalterably opposed to the invasion of Germany by the Jesuits.

PORTO RICANS LOOKING FOR FUNDS FOR ISLAND

NEW YORK, April 3.—Among the passengers on the steamer Coamo, from Porto Rico, were W. F. Willoughby, treasurer; R. Post, auditor, and Manuel S. Domenech, member of the house of delegates, who come to consult the secretary of the treasury about placing a loan for general improvements in Porto Rico. D. S. Lindsay, commissioner of education, who was also a passenger, will try to raise a fund to send 600 Porto Rican school teachers to take summer courses at various universities.

Protection for Drunkards.

Frank McKenna, said to have robbed a drunken man in Market street, was sentenced 60 days to the workhouse in default of a fine of $25 and costs yesterday morning.

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)

Furniture For Library Or Den

There is nothing so much in demand just now for library, den or hall as furniture of the best Mission type.

Of course, one should use even greater care in the selection of such furniture than is necessary for the more ornate styles.

In the case of Mission furniture the result is bound to be one of two things—either strikingly artistic or absurdly crude. Therein lies the great advantage of making your selections in this establishment, where every design is artistic and exclusive and where the greatest possible range of choice consistent with such requirements is afforded.

The Mission chair shown in the illustration is made of weathered oak, with removable leather cushions. Its merit lies in the perfectly artistic proportions, purity of line and careful finish as to detail.

This chair is moderate in price and you will invariably find that it pays to come to

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
526-527-529 Penn ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

EASTER

Easter has come and gone but the spring season has only opened—

"A good appearance is one of the best assets of a young man in business or any profession."

Don't mix cheap hats with hats that are cheap.

Our hats at $2 are cheap in price, but all right otherwise.

Don't spoil the effect of the new Spring Coat by wearing a hat of past vintage—

Visit our hat department.

JACKSON'S
954 and 956 Liberty St.

Koercher's
439 WOOD ST.
"Our 'Ads' Are Truthful."

IN THE LITTLE WINDOW
BROWN & SHARPE MFG. CO.'S
Improved Hardened Cast Steel
TRY SQUARE

Length of blade from inner edge of beam 36 inches. Length of beam 19½ inches. PRICE, $40.00.

This improvement in making large Try Squares consists in securing the blade to the beams by means of screws, whereby they are made more permanent and accurate and can be more readily and economically repaired.

IN OUTSIDE SHOWCASE
YALE NIGHT LATCH.
Enameled steel case and strike. Two flat steel keys.
Price 50c.

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 9,
6:30 to 10 P. M. Only.
STARRETT'S
6 Inch Combination Square With Hardened Blade.
40c

DON'T be humbugged into buying cheap soft-blade squares "soft as lead," claimed to be as good.

On Friday Only We Will Sell
Home Combination Tool Set,
Conveniently arranged in polished hardwood case.
Contents.

1 Ratchet Screw Driver, 6 in.; 1 Ratchet Screw Driver, 1½ in.; 1 Hand Shave, 1 Hack Saw Frame, 6 Coarse Teeth Blades, 3 Fine Teeth Blades, 2 Extra Fine Teeth Blades, 1 Polished Bone Saw, 1 Cocobolo Handle Automatic Drill, 8 Drills for same, 1 Universal Tool Handle for holding, 1 Gouge, 1 Gimlet, 2 Chisels, 1 Reamer, 1 Screw Driver, 1 Saw, 2 Brad Awls, 1 Nail Set, 1 Prick Punch, 1 Saddlers' Drive Punch, 1 Solid Punch, 1 Oil Stone.
PRICE, $4.25.

325th SPECIAL WEEKLY SALE.
MONKEY WRENCH.

This week we are selling a good 10-inch wrench, made from a solid steel bar. This is not only a useful, but a first-class house tool.
Price, 15c.

Koercher's, PITTSBURG.

HYGEIA ICE
IS MADE FROM
Hygeia Distilled Water
BY THE
CONSOLIDATED ICE CO.
OF GREATER PITTSBURGH.

PASSION-A-T-A
NERVE TABLETS
will quickly and permanently cure all Nervous Diseases, Insomnia, Failing Memory, Despondency in either sex. No matter what you have used in vain, we urge you to give these tablets a trial and guarantee you'll not be disappointed. Price 50 cents per Box; 3 Boxes $2.50. Mailed in plain package on receipt of price. For sale only in Penn'a by JOS. FLEMING & SON, Druggists, 412 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

There's Merit in
THE PITTSBURGH
BREWING CO.'S
BEER—ALE—PORTER.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Suppose your home had burned last night—would you have lost or the Insurance Co.? A Western Policy means protection.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.
501-5 ARROTT BUILDING.

WANTED.

Agents.

AGENTS—Something new, and needed by every man and woman, our combination accident and sick benefit policies; issued by this company only, covering all accidents, diseases and occupations; costing $6 per annum each, payable quarterly; over $300,000 already paid in benefits. Agents wanted everywhere, large permanent commissions allowed. Address National Accident Society, 320 Broadway, New York.

ORGANIZER—Competent fraternal insurance organizer; manager Western Pennsylvania; combination health, accident and death policy; cost members $1.00 monthly; organizers make $50 weekly. 808 Tacoma Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Agents residing in towns outside of Pittsburgh and vicinity, sell hardwood mantels and act as local managers. Address East End Mantel and Tile, 5914-5916 Baum st., East End.

Male Help.

DRIVERS—Experienced drivers for teams for freight depots and city deliveries. Apply 6 o'clock in the morning, Sixteenth st. and Liberty ave., Pittsburgh.

DRIVERS—Must have experience in freight depot and city deliveries. Apply 6 o'clock in morning, 840 West North ave., Allegheny.

EARN $50 to $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; $5 column for work in spare time; no canvassing. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

JOHN BRINKMAN—If this reaches his attention will he please communicate with Henry Chaney, 165 Forty-third st., Pittsburgh, Pa. If so he will hear something which will interest him.

MACHINE BOSS—Man that understands both air and electric machine; married man preferred. Inquire Verner Coal and Coke Co., Carnegie, Pa.

PUDDLERS—A few competent puddlers can have steady employment. Apply Pittsburgh Forge & Iron Co., Ninth ward, Allegheny.

SALESMEN wanted to sell jewelry for manufacturer who makes the finest line of salable articles; big profits can be made by men or women in their own territory; no charge for samples, whether you are holding a position at present or not. Write at once to the Liberty Jewelry Co., 403 Water st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SALESMEN—An established cereal food company desires the services of a few good local and traveling salesmen for Pennsylvania. Address B 99, The Gazette.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps—Able-bodied, unmarried men, between 21 and 35, good character; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea on men-of-war in all parts of the world, on land in our island possession, and at naval stations in the United States. Apply Recruiting Officer, room 414, Postoffice building, city.

WANTED—Bookkeeper, stating wages. Address P 86, The Gazette.

YOUNG MEN to learn telegraphy for railroad positions; day or evening; apply immediately; we are recognized by railroad and telegraph companies; typewriter instructions free. Pittsburgh School of Telegraphy, 506 Home Trust Bldg., 541 Wood st.

YOUNG MEN to learn telegraphy and railroad business for railroad positions; day and evening classes; terms reasonable. Apply immediately Pennsylvania Telegraph College, 600-601-602-603 Lewis block.

Female Help.

A FIRST-CLASS COOK, laundress and chambermaid for private family; highest wages paid. 18 Ninth st.

GIRL—In small family, for downstairs work; one who understands cooking; good wages. 928 St. James st., near Fifth ave.

SALESWOMEN—A cereal food company desires a few saleswomen and demonstrators; good pay to good people. Address C 100, The Gazette.

WANTED—Working housekeeper for widower and two children. 18 Ninth st.

YOUNG LADIES to learn telegraphy; day or evening; for steady positions; only school recognized by railroad and telegraph companies. Pennsylvania Telegraph College, 600-601-602-603 Lewis Block, 605 Smithfield st.

Male and Female Help.

MEN OR WOMEN can make $3 to $5 per day; goods guaranteed; every sale brings duplicates. Amber Specialty Co., Station Q, Dept. G., Philadelphia, Pa.

Situations—Male.

14-YEAR-OLD boy desires a home on a farm. Address 26 South Twenty-second st., South Side.

Situations—Female.

SITUATION wanted by competent Swede; housework in small family; good cook; two years' reference. 18 Ninth st.

Pupils.

RENO SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 432 Wood st. A school of the highest type, making a specialty of preparing students for ordinary and professional shorthand work. Day and evening sessions. Post-graduate course.

TELEGRAPHY thoroughly taught; day and evening classes. Pittsburgh School of Telegraphy, 541 Wood st.

FRENCH INSTRUCTION; native teachers; open all summer. BERLITZ SCHOOL, Nixon building.

Real Estate.

Wanted, House.

Advertiser desires to rent 5 or 6-room house with conveniences; state location and rent. Address R 84, The Gazette.

WANTED.

To buy small farm, 10 to 20 acres, with buildings; close to city. Address F 86, The Gazette.

Students.

MODERN commercial education; English instructions; Gregg's shorthand; day and night school for young and middle-aged men and women; positions secured; established 1880. ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, 310 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh. (Big 10-Cent Store Bldg.)

Business Opportunities.

SIX good photographs for 50 cents for a short time only. Atkinson Bros., Beaver ave. and Locust st., Allegheny, Pa.

Mortgages.

WANTED—A mortgage of $1,800 on new building worth $4,000, in prosperous town in Washington Co., Pa. Address Box 22, Bentleyville, Pa.

ED WITTISH, 424 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh, buys mortgages; city preferred.

Miscellaneous.

NORTH AVE. CARPET CLEANING CO.—Cleaning, scouring, laying. Bell 578-4 North.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

BEDFORD AVE., 1913—Nicely furnished second floor room, gentlemen only; all conveniences.

BEDFORD AVE., 1519—Furnished room, suitable for two men; 10 minutes from court house.

BROWNSVILLE AVE., 168—Nicely furnished rooms, gas and bath.

CENTER AVE., 2310—Two nicely furnished rooms in new house; gentlemen only.

CLIFF ST., 1514—Neatly furnished front room for two or more gentlemen; call or write.

FURNISHED room at Bellevue, second story front; desirable location; short walk to street cars or station. Address D 1, The Gazette.

GENESTA ST., 162, Hazelwood—Nicely furnished front room.

LARGE furnished room in Bellevue, with private family. Address D 75, The Gazette.

MARIA ST., 1324—To let, one furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen.

NOBLE AVE., 124, Crafton—Furnished room; gas and bath; convenient to railroad station and car lines.

OCCUPANTS for rooms—Jucunda st., 337, one or two gentlemen for nicely furnished room with board; all conveniences.

PENN AVE., 402—Fine large rooms, newly furnished; possession at once.

PEEBLES ST., 642, W. Wilkinsburg—A furnished room in private family, with home comforts.

REBECCA ST., 406, Wilkinsburg—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping.

ROOMS—WE HAVE THEM.

A complete list; best locations; either city; all prices; locate you FREE OF CHARGE.

CARMACK REALTY COMPANY,

327 Park Bldg.

ROOMS—Two finely furnished rooms; light housekeeping or singly; best Knoxville location; eating house opposite. Mae, Box 155, city.

SIXTH AVE., 489—Two extra large unfurnished connecting rooms, suitable doctor or dentist.

SIXTH AVE., 414, opposite Nixon theater—Three large second floor rooms.

SOHO ST., 2, near Fifth—One furnished room; modern house; gentlemen only.

STEVENSON ST., 58—Two unfurnished rooms and one furnished room.

East End.

ALPHA TERRACE, 24—Well furnished, second-floor front room; stone-front house, lawn, porches, trees, etc.; private adult family; take Highland cars to Stanton ave. and proceed one square to left. Call forenoons, evenings or Saturdays.

ALBERT APARTMENTS, 12, Stevenson and Colwell—Three neatly furnished rooms, all conveniences.

ALDER ST., 6205—Furnished rooms.

ALDER ST., 5945—Nicely furnished second-story room, all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

ATWOOD ST., 353—Nicely furnished front room; price $12; suitable for two.

ATWOOD ST., 329—Nicely furnished, attractive second-story front room; all conveniences.

ATWOOD ST., 427—Nicely furnished third story room, all conveniences.

BEATTY ST., 719, NORTH—Three nicely furnished rooms; gentlemen only; board near by.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

East End.

BOND ST., 6036—Nicely furnished pleasant rooms, double or single; near car line and also park.

CENTER AVE., 5432—Furnished rooms, single or en suite; gentlemen preferred.

COLLINS AVE., 616—Furnished or unfurnished housekeeping rooms; single or together; reasonable.

ELLSWORTH AVE., 5871—Two well-furnished rooms; all conveniences, telephone, breakfast, dinner.

ELLSWORTH AVE., 5966—Two unfurnished front rooms; all modern conveniences; near Highland.

FOR RENT—Two connecting rooms, second floor; will rent one or en suite; good location; near cars; gentlemen preferred; references. Address B 86, The Gazette.

FRANKSTOWN AVE., 7048, Corner Lang—Two furnished front rooms for one and two gentlemen; all conveniences.

EMERSON ST., 216—Three nicely furnished rooms, every modern convenience; gentlemen only.

FRAZIER ST., 2530—Two furnished light housekeeping rooms; $15 mo.; all conveniences.

HAMILTON AVE., No. 7642—Four unfurnished rooms, light and heat furnished.

IVY ST., No. 514, below Ellsworth ave.—Nice large room, bath adjoining, at reasonable rent. Small family; no other roomers; Shadyside district. Call any evening. 514 Ivy st., below Elizabeth ave.

IVY ST., 803—Comfortable, cheerful room; lawn and trees; board nearby; gentlemen only.

IRVING PLACE, 2, cor. Graham and Ellsworth—Two furnished connecting front rooms.

IVY ST., 720—Nicely furnished room, one or two gentlemen; reference required.

KENNETT SQ., 3001—Large, light second floor furnished room for light housekeeping.

KIRKWOOD ST., 5805, near Euclid—Neatly furnished first floor front room; gentlemen preferred.

LINCOLN AVE., 333, near Frankstown—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; breakfast optional.

MARCHAND ST., 6336—Three neatly furnished rooms; all modern conveniences; desirable location.

MARCHAND ST., 6323—Nicely furnished rooms, all modern conveniences, near good boarding.

MARYLAND AVE., 500—One second and third floor front; all conveniences; car line; breakfast optional.

MARCHAND ST., 6332—Desirable second and third floor furnished rooms, single or together.

MARGARETTA ST., 5910—Two neatly furnished housekeeping rooms, near all cars.

N. BEATTY ST., 713, E. E.—Two furnished rooms on second floor for housekeeping.

NORTH ST. CLAIR ST., 518, East End—Wanted, young men for nicely furnished rooms.

OAKLAND SQUARE, 2—Nicely furnished, attractive second-story room; conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

FARRAGUT ST., 818—Two finely furnished rooms, every convenience; gentlemen; reference required.

RIPPEY ST., 5907—Two furnished light housekeeping rooms; all conveniences; handy to cars.

SOUTH HIGHLAND AVE., 213—Nicely furnished front room, suitable for one or two gentlemen; private family.

SOUTH BEATTY ST., 170—Nicely furnished room, with board; suitable for two gentlemen; two minutes' walk to all street car lines and railroad.

SPAHR ST., 335—Four handsomely furnished second-story rooms; gentlemen only, board optional.

S. NEGLEY, 727—Nicely furnished second-story front room; all conveniences.

ST. JAMES ST., 811—Two nicely furnished rooms with board; all conveniences.

SCIOTO ST., 4908—Furnished front room; take Liberty and Bloomfield cars.

WALNUT ST., 6106—Connecting rooms; bedroom furnished; sitting room unfurnished; also furnished room on second floor.

217 S. HIGHLAND AVE.—Furnished rooms; two second floor, one alcove; one third floor.

Allegheny.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1313—Lodging rooms en suite or separate; boarding across the street; also housekeeping rooms; all conveniences.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1023—Neatly furnished front room for gentleman; all conveniences; $2.50 a week.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1216—Two furnished rooms to reliable lady, willing to assist in housework as part pay.

ARCH ST., 418—Front room for two gentlemen; bath, both gases; terms moderate.

ARCH ST., 508—Neatly furnished front room; bath, gases; private family; gentlemen preferred.

ARCH ST., 711—Large, nicely furnished front room; also two connecting rooms for April 1st.

ARCH ST.—609—Very desirable furnished front room; every convenience; central location.

ARCH ST., 812—Desirable furnished second-floor front; bath, gas; gentlemen preferred.

BEECH AVE., 950, Allegheny—Parlors furnished; light housekeeping; other large rooms.

BUENA VISTA ST., 1239—Furnished front room for two gentlemen; all conveniences.

BUENA VISTA ST., 1239—Furnished parlor, suitable for class room or physician's office.

CRAIG ST., 317, near Rebecca—Two desirable furnished front rooms; $2.50 per week.

FEDERAL ST., 1411—Two nicely furnished front rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

E. NORTH AVE., 338—Furnished second floor front room; laundry, bath, gases; housekeeping.

E. DIAMOND ST., 322—Front room suitable for gentlemen; all conveniences.

FAYETTE ST., 1311—Two connecting furnished rooms, light housekeeping; no children; $15 month.

FAYETTE ST., 1207—Two cheerful furnished rooms, second floor; all conveniences; reasonable.

FEDERAL ST., 826—Second floor, Herron bldg.; two elegantly furnished connecting front rooms, steam heat, electric light, both gases, bath, hot and cold water, elevator; fronting on Federal st., suitable for four gentlemen; $12.50 a week.

FEDERAL ST., 1330—Two second floor front rooms, furnished for light housekeeping or singly; all conveniences.

FEDERAL ST., 1216—Large furnished front room, bath, gas; 'phone; every convenience.

HEMLOCK ST., 327—Two furnished rooms; conveniences; gentlemen or couple.

JACKSON ST., 311—Two newly furnished front rooms, all conveniences; gentlemen preferred; $2.50 and $3 week.

KIRKPATRICK AVE., 1014—Furnished front room; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred; Avalon car.

LOCUST ST., 1401, corner Manhattan—Three or four unfurnished, one furnished, including gases; reasonable.

MARTIN AVE., 523—Furnished front rooms suitable for married couple or ladies; bath, gases; hot and cold water.

MARTIN ST., 625—Second-floor front room; bath same floor; gentlemen preferred.

NORTH AVE., W., 948—Very desirable furnished rooms; bath; both gases; 10 minutes to Pittsburgh; convenient to good board; reasonable.

OHIO ST. W., 207—Second door from Arch st., "The Day Nursery" has been remodeled for physician's office and lodging purposes. Strictly modern; walking distance from Pittsburgh.

OHIO ST., W., 207, second door from Arch—Neatly furnished rooms; all conveniences.

PALO ALTO ST., 1220—Furnished room, second floor front, all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

PARK WAY, 15—Opposite Boggs & Buhl; furnished rooms for light housekeeping; conveniences.

PENNSYLVANIA AVE., 1135—Furnished rooms, all conveniences; housekeeping if desired; Western ave. car.

PLEASANTLY located and well furnished front room, with alcove, bath, gas and steam heat; private family. 212 Jackson st., near Arch, Allegheny.

RIDGE AVE., 607—Three furnished rooms; every convenience; $2.50 to $4 week.

SANDUSKY ST., 1306—Neatly furnished second floor front room, all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

SANDUSKY ST., 1411—Furnished front room, every convenience; gentlemen preferred.

SAMPSON ST., 118, cor. Arch—Furnished front rooms, bath, gas.

SHADY AVE., 271—Large furnished front room, all conveniences.

SHERMAN AVE., 1329—Large second floor room; all conveniences; gentlemen; terms moderate.

ST. CLAIR TERRACE, 1921—Neatly furnished front room for gentlemen; all conveniences.

STOCKTON AVE., W., 106—Very desirable furnished rooms, with board; every convenience; 8 minutes' walk from Pittsburgh; terms moderate.

SHEFFIELD ST., 1133, Allegheny—For rent, nicely furnished room.

SHERMAN AVE., 620, cor. Ohio—Two furnished rooms; every convenience; gentlemen or couple.

TO LET—Rooms, elegantly furnished; everything new; price $20 to $40 a month. 12 Stockton, West, Allegheny.

W. NORTH AVE., 6—Three rooms for housekeeping; also furnished rooms by day or week.

W. DIAMOND ST., 917—Newly furnished front room, conveniences; gentlemen only.

WESTERN AVE., 919—Large second story front room; all conveniences.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

NORTH HIGHLAND AVE., 7 Highland Place—Room and board; large front alcove room and a small room.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

ATWOOD ST., 312—One nicely furnished room, board optional; man and wife, or gentlemen.

THE POINT BREEZE.

FIFTH AVE., 6716—Large porches, yard with shade trees, rooms, table board.

REBECCA AVE., 507, Wilkinsburg—Furnished rooms with board; all modern conveniences.

ROOM AND BOARD—One or two persons; all conveniences; private family; good location. No. 7143 Hermitage st.

WYLIE AVE., 2828—Large furnished second floor front; all conveniences; board; gentlemen.

WANTED—Cottage boarders at Ocean View, the miniature Atlantic City; short distance by steamer to Old Point Comfort, Va., by trolley to Norfolk, Va.; finest bathing on Atlantic coast; bath houses on cottage lot; no mosquitoes; good boarding; low rates; season June to October 1; engage rooms now; take the delightful steamer ride from New York, Baltimore or Washington. Address, until May 20, A. B. C., Lock Box 336, Verona, Pa.

WYLIE AVE., 2805—Three neatly furnished rooms; all conveniences; board optional.

East End.

CENTER AVE., 5518 (Shadyside)—Large alcoved second floor front; five car lines; Roup station; board optional; also small rooms.

FORBES AND MEYRAN AVES.—A pleasant room for a couple at the Meyran; excellent table board.

LIBERTY AVE., 5106—Wanted, table boarders; first-class home cooking.

PARKER ST., 5735—Nicely furnished front rooms, breakfast optional, near Roup station.

SHERIDAN AVE., 310—Nicely furnished front rooms; conveniences; good location and table board.

ST. JAMES ST., 809—Nicely furnished rooms on second floor; excellent board.

THE LURAY, OAKLAND AVE., 305—Nicely furnished second-story rooms; board if desired.

Allegheny.

PENNSYLVANIA AVE., 1219—Two gentlemen or ladies to room and board; conveniences.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

FIVE unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping to refined couple or small family; part of a modern house occupied by owner; reference; situate near Schenley park.

S. A. DIXON,

411 Fourth avenue.

PENN AVE., 320—Two unfurnished first-floor front rooms, suitable for doctor's offices or dressmaking.

PENN AVE., 949—Two large unfurnished rooms, with lavatory; suitable doctor or dentist's office; central location.

East End.

AURELIA ST., 6416—Two or three large unfurnished rooms, gases and bath.

BRUSHTON AVE., No. 410—Three unfurnished rooms.

BOQUET ST., 3610, Oakland—Two furnished and two unfurnished rooms; Atwood car.

DARRAH AND ALLIQUIPA ST.—Part of a large house; gas and bath and large grounds.

PARKER ST., 5747—Two unfurnished and one furnished room; all conveniences.

SELMA ST., 425—Three unfurnished second floor rooms; all conveniences; no children.

TERRETT ST., 536, nr. Lincoln ave., E. E.—Two unfurnished rooms, $15 per month; young couple preferred.

Allegheny.

CABINET ST., 1608, Allegheny—Two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences. Bell 'phone 559-4 Brady.

FREMONT ST., 1616—Four first floor rooms; bath, gas, range; to responsible party.

FULTON ST., 1115—Three desirable unfurnished rooms; all conveniences; terms moderate.

WEST LACOCK ST., 619—Four nice rooms, first floor, water in kitchen; $15.00.

SIGEL ST., 37—Four unfurnished rooms; bath, gas; good party without children, $16.

TAYLOR AVE., 408—Four unfurnished rooms, first floor; bath, gases; rent moderate.

Elliott.

THREE unfurnished rooms on car line, Elliott; upstairs; rent reasonable. Address Y 84, The Gazette.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

HOUSE of 8 rooms; large grounds; fruit and shade trees; gas and water in house; fronting Ft. Wayne R. R.; 5 minutes' walk to Haysville station; 42 trains daily; 20 minutes to city. J. S. YOUNG, 108 Park way, Allegheny.

SEND for my rent list of East End houses. F. O. Van Gorder, 6212 Penn ave. Tel. 301.

East End Residences.

FOR RENT—Euclid ave., E. E., furnished house of 10 rooms, all modern conveniences, $75 per month.

GEO. E. KELLY, 6200 Penn ave.

Bell Phone 144 East.

SEND card for complete list of East End houses and apartments and map, free.

S. H. LLOYD,

6022 Penn ave., E. E.,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Offices.

OFFICES FOR RENT.

EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice offices on 11th and 12th floors at reduced rates.

KENNEDY LAW BUILDING.

Diamond st. and Cherry alley.

Single offices or suites of 2 and 3 rooms.

JOHN E. SHAW,

428 Frick Building.

CHOICE OFFICES FOR RENT.

From single office to suite consisting of entire floor of 7,000 ft.

New fireproof building. Downtown district. Unusually low rates to desirable parties.

S. E. KINGSLEY, 717 FRICK BLDG.

'Phone, Court 14.

FOR RENT—Fine, well lighted offices, single or en suite; heated by steam; electric lights, janitor service, elevator; new Apollo Bldg., Fourth ave., near Wood st.; rates reasonable; for plans and further information see

HOME TRUST CO.,

541 Wood st.

ON account of removal to an eastern city, a suite of three very desirable offices for rent in a large office building. Inquire 207 Westinghouse building.

Business Properties.

LIGHT MANUFACTURING SPACE TO LET.

A few thousand feet of the choicest space in Pittsburgh in new modern fireproof building; unusually light; fast passenger and freight elevators; low rates to selected tenants.

S. E. KINGSLEY, 717 FRICK BLDG.

'Phone, Court 14.

BUSINESS ROOMS in new Washington National Bank building, corner Fifth ave. and Washington st.; finely equipped business rooms, with heat; suitable for any wholesale manufacturing or jobbing business; freight and passenger elevator; any space desired; fireproof building. Inquire at bank.

Furnished Houses.

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED HOUSE in Shadyside district, large reception hall house, 12 rooms, finished hardwood, with every modern convenience; large lot; completely furnished; rent $125 per month; possession April 15; house alone is worth $125 per month.

H. A. SHAFFER COMPANY, 430 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT—Family away for the summer desires to rent their home furnished from April 1 to September 1. Location is the best and most convenient in the East End. References required. Apply to F 6, The Gazette.

FOR RENT—Furnished house for summer months, desirable part of Sewickley, 12 rooms, modern; about half acre of ground. Address H 99, The Gazette.

FOR RENT—Furnished house, 6 rooms, desirable, $35. Orlando Wood, Emsworth.

TO LET—Part of well-furnished house in best East End district. Address E 1, The Gazette.

Apartments.

FOR RENT—$37.50—Unfurnished apartment, four rooms and bath, first floor, in private residence; front and back porches; large back yard; hot water and steam heat free; excellent neighborhood, at 415 Center st., Wilkinsburg, or address V 91, The Gazette.

HOMER ST. APARTMENT, $26. Take Negley ave. cars to Homer st., East End.

Flats.

FOR RENT—$14—First floor flat, 331 Robinson st., Oakland, four rooms, bath.

HOME TRUST CO.,

541 Wood st.

DOCTOR'S FLAT—Four rooms and bath; elegant location. 612 Arch st.

Storerooms.

DOWNTOWN STOREROOM FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—VALUABLE WOOD ST. GROUND FLOOR OFFICE or storeroom; No. 541 Wood st., Home Trust Bldg.

Manufacturing Sites.

FOR RENT—Good, light room for manufacturing; near depots; ground floor, with or without power; long or short lease; both gases and water on premises; two rooms, 40x40 feet; one 25x50 feet; also one 2-story frame bldg., 25x42 feet.

P. RIESECK,

Allegheny ave. and Rebecca st., Allegheny.

Lodge Rooms.

PERFECTLY equipped lodge room in the new Washington National Bank building, corner Fifth ave. and Washington st.; heat, light and janitor service free; elevator. Inquire at bank.

FOR RENT.

Stables.

FOR RENT—Stable room for 15 to 20 head of horses; gas and water. Apply Pittsburgh Soda Water and Supply Co., corner Watt and Wylie aves.

ATLANTIC CITY—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—11-room house, corner Rhode Island and Pitney aves.; completely furnished; $560. Apply to Mrs. Horton, Carlsbad hotel, Atlantic City, N. J.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

GREAT BARGAIN.

SUBURBAN COLONIAL HOME.

For Sale—$12,750; 14-room new solid brick center hall house, on lot 169x235 ft.; greatest bargain in Allegheny county; contract for the building alone three years ago was $13,600 (building is more expensive today); four minutes from electric car line; 30 minutes from heart of city; hardwood finish throughout; library, hall and dining room quartered oak paneled; cemented cellar, laundry, furnace, electric light; very large rooms; large billiard room; everything strictly modern; nicely terraced grounds, with large shade trees; $35,000 property across the street; a real combination of city and country home; can be handled with $5,000 cash. For permit to see property see

HOME TRUST CO.,

541 Wood st.

HOUSE—$300 cash will buy a 7-room house; rent $20 per month until paid for; no interest on $1,100; this is a bona fide offer.

MT. WASHINGTON SAV. & TRUST CO.

$300 CASH will buy 7-room house, rent $20 per month until paid for. This is a bona fide offer. Mt. Washington Savings and Trust Co.

SMALL HOUSES—4 rooms; $50 down and $10.50 payments.

MT. WASHINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.

Allegheny Residences.

A NICE LITTLE HOME

In Spring Garden borough; only $2,500; easy terms; frame, 5 rooms, finished attic; inside w. c.; near street cars.

RELIANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,

417 Fourth ave.

Lots.

LOTS.

HIGHLAND PARK DISTRICT.

BAYWOOD PLAN.

Situated at Negley ave. entrance to Highland park.

R. B. KING, 1108 Arrott Bldg.

FOR SALE—In Princeton, Mass., 180-acre farm (rich land), 20 acres timber, 13-room house; barn 40x60; carriage house, ice house holds 40 tons; abundance fruit; one mile from center; price $5,000; new catalogue of 100 farms; send 2-cent stamp. A. L. Walker, Leominster, Mass.

ED WITTISH, 424 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh, offers for sale, of convenient access to Pittsburgh, a large variety of desirable farms and homesteads. Call for details and description.

Farms.

Ask for our 1904 farm catalogue.

THE JAS. MURTHA CO., 339 Fifth Ave.

For Sale or Exchange.

WHY not exchange your idle lots for a home and save rent or for good investment property? Lots taken in exchange for houses in price from $1,500 to $25,000. Send description of your lots and state if clear and what you want.

HOME TRUST CO.,

541 Wood st.

LOTS to exchange for anything of value. P. O. Box 1695.

GOOD FARM to exchange for a grocery store. 237 Brighton ave., Rochester, Pa.

For Sale or Rent.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Lincoln ave., residence, 12 rooms, 2 bath rooms, late fixtures; stable on alley in rear. Very reasonable Price will buy it. See

COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST COMPANY,

327 and 329 Fourth ave.

Business Opportunities.

CIGAR STAND—Located in one of the best office buildings in Pittsburgh; doing an average business of $18 a day, and clearing not less than $100 a month; the lease alone is worth more than price asked; price $550.

HOWICK THOMPSON CO.,

336 Fourth ave., Office 616 Times bldg.

BUSINESS of all kinds bought and sold; partners secured for established business, etc.; all transactions strictly confidential.

KIRK & VOGEL, 1109 Arrott Building.

IF YOU want to buy a business and want to buy it right, see

THE JAS. MURTHA CO., 339 Fifth ave.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

Machinery.

MACHINERY.

AIR COMPRESSORS for all duties.

ROCK DRILLS.

GAS PUMPS.

STEAM PUMPS, single and duplex.

POWER PUMPS.

DEEP WELL PUMPS.

In stock and built to order.

HALL STEAM PUMP COMPANY,

215 Grant Ave., Allegheny, Pa.

Near Union Bridge.

Bell 'Phone 554 North.

P. & A. 'Phone 155 North.

ROLLING MILL MACHINERY.

1—32" blooming mill, with tables.

1—Blooming mill shears.

1—Pair 28x48" blooming mill engines.

1—22" sheet bar mill.

1—18" muck mill.

1—16" three-high bar mill.

1—9" three-high bar mill.

1—8" three-high bar mill.

1—48" Lloyd Booth squeezer.

Alligator shears.

Squaring shears.

Rotary shears.

1—No. 2 Mesta pickling machine.

Engines suitable for rolling mill work.

Boilers new and second-hand.

Pumps, cranes, hammers, etc.

WICKES BROTHERS,

Both 'phones. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Warehouses, Forty-fifth st. and A. V. R. R.

BOILERS,

DYNAMOS,

SHAFTING,

GAS ENGINES, ETC.

We carry the largest stock of gas engines of any house in Pittsburgh. We have them in all sizes and styles, from a two-horse power to 1,000-horse power. Can furnish them for general power purposes, electric light, pumping, etc. Also vertical and single flue boilers, steam pumps, dynamos, steam engines, steam pumps, hoisting engines, shafting, hangers, couplings, pillow blocks, iron and wood pulleys, belting, ejectors and jet pumps, iron pipe and fittings, valves and general supplies.

TRANTER MFG. CO.,

MACHINISTS AND MANUFACTURERS,

105 WATER ST..........PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock, shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large lot miscellaneous machinery, second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.

JOHN S. YOUNG,

108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—Belting, leather, rubber and canvas; new and second-hand; bargain prices. J. S. Young, 108-110 Park way, Allegheny.

New——GAS ENGINES——Second-hand.

236—THE FAIRBANKS CO.—238 3d ave.

1-2, 1-20, 1-35 h. p Otto Horizontal and Vertical.

GAS ENGINES and Woodworking Machinery. BRIGGS MACHINERY CO., 4th and Liberty.

Horses and Vehicles.

—100—

VEHICLES AT AUCTION,

April 6, 7 and 8.

The chance of your life to buy good first-class work at your own prices.

25—TWENTY-FIVE—25

New Rubber Tire Runabouts—1904 designs, the latest styles, handsomely finished.

10—TEN—10

New rubber tire bike wagons, up-to-date in every way. These jobs will interest the buyer who wants something extra nice.

SURREYS AND CARRIAGES.

Several very fine surreys and carriages will be sold, all rubber-tired and new. A great big bargain for somebody in these.

DEPOT WAGONS,

TOP BUGGIES,

DOCTORS' STANHOPES,

TRAPS.

10 or 12 of these styles will be offered to the Highest Bidder; they will Positively be Sold.

HARNESS.

We will sell from 20 to 25 sets of harness. A good stock to select from.

RIVERSIDE SALE STABLES,

End of Sixth st. Bridge, in Allegheny.

AUCTION SALE.

FORTY HEAD of draught and general purpose horses weighing from 1,200 to 1,600 each; several matched pairs among them; anyone having horses, harness or vehicles of any description to sell will find ready sale for them at the regular weekly (Thursdays) auction sale at the Exposition Horse and Mule Exchange, 306-308 Duquesne way. Auction sale next Thursday, April 7, 1904; 100 head of choice pit and draught mules constantly on hand. Philip Steinmiller, proprietor.

SEVERAL good general purpose horses, a good work team, a pair good driving horses and one fine, large coach horse; good style and good actor. Wm. M. Craig, 7632 Frankstown ave.

A NUMBER of old wagons for sale.

WARD-MACKEY CO.

FOR SALE.

Oil Production.

ED. WITTISH, 424 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., offers for sale several good, settled productions. For particulars, call.

Pianos.

TEN sample pianos, mahogany cases, sweet tone quality; good, realiable action; all the latest improvements, including patent muffler pedal, and full swing music desk; regular $300 style; will be sold this week at $190 on easy terms; $15 down and $8 per month. These pianos are exceptional values and must be seen to be appreciated.

HOFFMANN'S, 537 Smithfield st.

FOR SALE—PIANO CHANCES.

Square pianos of all makes at $15, $25, $35, $40, $50; good condition; just the thing for beginners.

KLEBER'S PIANO MANUFACTURERS,

221-223 Fifth ave.

$400 Fischer upright piano, has been used; in good condition; $165.

HOFFMANN'S, 537 Smithfield st.

PIANO—$450 upright, cover, stool, before moving, $150. Box 1669.

Sewing Machines.

SPECIAL attention to SEWING MACHINES—REPAIRING and adjusting family and manufactory machines by first-class workmen. GENUINE needles, attachments and parts. LOWEST PRICES; all work warranted.

CARTER SEWING MACHINE CO.,

131 Sixth st., Next Bijou.

Typewriters.

"BLICK" typewriters; No. 7, $50; No. 5, $35; second-hand typewriters at moderate prices. BLICKENSDERFER MFG. COMPANY, Removed to 211-212 Lewis Block.

Household Effects.

BREAKING UP HOUSEKEEPING?

See Goldsmith; he buys second-hand furniture. 934 Penn ave.

Miscellaneous.

Soda Fountains.

We have a perfect line of new and second-hand fountains.

We will sell or rent. Easy terms if desired.

All kinds of repair work done.

Free city delivery.

PITTSBURGH SODA WATER & SUPPLY CO.,

Cor. Watt st. and Wylie ave.

Bell 'phone Park 230; P. & A. 3571 F.

SODA FOUNTAINS.

New and second hand fountains for sale or rent; all makes repaired. Pittsburgh Soda Water & Supply Co. Both 'phones. Corner Watt and Wylie aves.

FOR SALE—Hardwood counter, about 20 feet long, second hand, but almost new. Apply Chronicle Telegraph, 347 Fifth ave.

BARGAINS in fixtures and showcases. Geo. A. Butt, 146 Sixth st., Jackson building, Pittsburgh.

DIVIDENDS.

The Union National Bank,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 30, 1904.

QUARTERLY AND EXTRA DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank have this day declared a regular dividend of SEVEN AND ONE-HALF (7½) PER CENT on the capital stock and an extra dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT, out of the earnings of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of tax. Checks will be mailed.

C. F. DEAN, Cashier.

Commonwealth Trust Company of Pittsburgh,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 30, 1904.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NO. 5.—The board of directors of this company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT on the capital stock, payable to stockholders of record at the close of business March 31. Checks will be mailed.

GEORGE D. EDWARDS,

Secretary and Treasurer.

The Lincoln National Bank,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 29, 1904.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT and an extra dividend of ONE-HALF OF ONE (½) PER CENT, on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the last three months, payable April 1. Checks will be mailed.

W. R. CHRISTIAN, Cashier.

The Safe Deposit & Trust Co. of Pittsburgh,

Fourth avenue and Wood street,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 31, 1904.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT ($4.00 per share), on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the past three months, payable forthwith, free of tax. Checks will be mailed.

EDWARD E. DUFF, Treasurer.

The Peoples National Bank,

United States Depository,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 31, 1904.

DIVIDEND NO. 86—The directors today declared the regular quarterly dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT and an extra dividend of ONE (1) PER CENT, payable at once. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

W. DWIGHT BELL,

Assistant Cashier and Secretary.

Office of The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh,

No. 337 Fourth ave.,

March 31, 1904.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors has this day declared a dividend of FIFTEEN (15) PER CENT out of the earnings for the past three months, payable April 2, 1904, to stockholders of record March 30, 1904.

H. W. GLEFFER, Treasurer.

Monongahela National Bank,

Sixth ave. and Wood st.,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 29, 1904.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the past three months, payable on and after April 1. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

German National Bank of Allegheny,

709-711 East Ohio st.,

Allegheny, Pa., March 31, 1904.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have declared the regular quarterly dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT out of the earnings of the past three months, payable April 1, 1904. Checks will be mailed.

ALBERT HELM, Cashier.

German Savings and Deposit Bank,

Carson and South Fourteenth sts.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 31, 1904.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT, out of the earnings of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of tax.

J. F. ERNY, Cashier.

DIVIDEND—The directors of The Colonial Trust Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT on the capital stock of the company, payable April 1 to stockholders of record March 29. Books will be closed March 30 and 31. Checks will be mailed.

HOMER C. STEWART, Treasurer.

Diamond Savings Bank,

of Pittsburgh, Pa.,

March 31, 1904.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT, payable April 1, 1904. Checks will be mailed.

L. E. HUSEMEN, Cashier.

Farmers Deposit National Bank,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 31, 1904.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT out of the earnings of the past three months, payable forthwith, free of tax. Checks will be mailed.

J. W. FLEMMING, Cashier.

Western Savings & Deposit Bank,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 25, 1904.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT out of the earnings of the past three months, payable April 1, 1904. Checks will be mailed.

CHARLES E. SCHUETZ, Cashier.

Third National Bank,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 29, 1904.

DIVIDEND NO. 74—A quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½) PER CENT has this day been declared out of the earnings of the past three months, payable April 1. Checks will be mailed to shareholders.

OGDEN RUSSELL, Cashier.

Duquesne National Bank,

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 31, 1904.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT, free of tax. Checks mailed to shareholders April 1, 1904.

A. H. PATTERSON, Cashier.

The Diamond National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.,

March 31, 1904.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have today declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT out of the earnings of the last three months. Checks will be mailed.

D. C. WILLS, Cashier.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THOS. J. FORD, Attorney-at-Law, 520 Frick bldg., Pittsburgh. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on Thursday, April 28, 1904, by Charles L. Flaccus, Conrad G. Flaccus, John B. McAdoo, Jacob B. Unvergagh, Alfred Martin, Cyrus S. Stewart and John M. Wanner, under the act of assembly, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and its several supplements for the character of an intended corporation to be called C. L. Flaccus Glass Company, the character and object of which is the manufacture and sale of glass, glassware and drug sundries, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and supplements thereto. Thos. J. Ford, solicitor.

H. A. GIBANSKY, Attorney-at-Law, No. 129 Bakewell building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of William Louis Deuschle, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. William Gilson, executor, Elliott borough, Pa.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Don't Pay More Than 6 Per Cent

Nearly everybody needs money just at this time of year, but there's plenty to go around, and if you come to the right place for it you can get any amount you wish at 6 per cent, the lowest rate in Allegheny county. We accept as security diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, furs, clothing, etc. We have fireproof vaults protected from burglars by electricity.

Six Per Cent

Market Street Loan Office, 214 Market Street.

Near Third Avenue.

CAPITAL, $250,000.00.

THE OLD RELIABLE LOAN OFFICE LENDS MONEY. ANY AMOUNT AT

6% SIX PER CENT 6%

(No extra charges of any kind)

ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC.

JOS. DeROY & SONS,

307 SMITHFIELD ST.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE

In our location nearly half a century.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on household furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on good collateral security; easy payments; confidential.

J. Q. H. SMITH, 413 Fourth ave.

MONEY LOANED salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 48 principal cities. Tolman, 408 Smith block.

MONEY TO LOAN on easy payments.

Building loans on same terms.

B. H. BLACK, 243 Fourth ave., second floor.

WE HAVE plenty of MONEY for good mortgages. Bring deed. Fidelity Home & Realty Co., 312 Fourth ave.

INDIVIDUAL loans; money 6 per cent; second mortgages, notes or good collateral. P. O. Box 1695.

Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGES—On business property at 4½ per cent; fine residence, 5 per cent; any good property in Allegheny county, 6 per cent. Realty Mortgage & Insurance Co., 615 Ferguson block, Pittsburgh.

LOANS on residence property, $5,000 and over, 5 per cent. J. M. Drill, 309 Fourth ave.

INDIVIDUAL will loan money at 6 per cent, 2d mortgages, notes or heirs to estate. Box 663.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the court of common pleas No. 2 of Allegheny county, at No. 961 April term, 1904, on the 23d day of April, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the merger of "The Pittsburgh Baptist Association" and "The Church Aid and Extension society of the Pittsburgh Baptist association," under the corporate name of "The Pittsburgh Baptist Association," the object and purpose of which shall be, first, to take, hold and loan in trust a certain fund heretofore created and set apart strictly as a church extension fund, and to furnish it in the extension of regular Baptist churches within the said county of Allegheny; second, to preserve to the Baptist denomination any property in which it may be interested within the borders of said Pittsburgh Baptist association, and to aid weak and disorganized churches of said association in discharging debt or incumbrances; third, to promote the preaching of the gospel within its boundaries; fourth, to cultivate fraternal union and sympathy among the members, and a mutual co-operation in Christian effort; to foster institutions of learning; to establish and sustain out-stations and missions within its boundaries, and to secure property for their use; to assist weak churches and to aid the various benevolent objects of the regular Baptist denomination; and to this end, it shall have power to take and hold any property, real or personal, that may be conveyed, assigned, devised or bequeathed to it; and to sell, lease, improve and incumber the same to promote the objects and aims of the corporation; to take legal title to any church property that may now or hereafter be held by individuals in trust for any Baptist church or organization within the bounds of the Pittsburgh Baptist association, and to hold the same subject to the same trust or trusts, and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the right, benefit, privilege and powers conferred by the act of assembly approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto. Application is now on file in the prothonotary's office at above number and term. Edwin L. Mattern, solicitor, 230 Frick Building.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will make an application to the governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the 27th day of April, 1904, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for a charter for a corporation to be called the Metropolitan Trust Company. Said intended corporation is one of the second class enumerated in said act of assembly and the object thereof is engaging in and carrying on the business of the insurance of owners of real estate, mortgagees and others interested in real estate from loss by reason of defective titles, liens and incumbrances. The names of the subscribers to the application for said charter are Clarence P. Tiers, George V. Milliken, John Runnette, Charles L. Flaccus and Winfield K. Shiras. Shiras & Dickey, solicitors for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on Thursday, April 28, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., by F. M. Rankin, R. L. McMillen and W. C. Tomkins, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called The Peoples Store of Bridgeville, Pa., the character and object of which is to buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly, and supplements thereto.

LYON, M'KEE & MITCHELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 1015 Park bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of John T. Bishop, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Grace Bishop, Administratrix, 5709 Rural ave., Pittsburgh.

JOHN E. KUHN, Attorney-at-Law, No. 435 Diamond st., Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Albert Lutton, late of the city of Allegheny, in the county of Allegheny and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the same will make them known without delay. Lillie Lutton, executrix, Fleming ave., Allegheny City, Pa.

J. M. FRIEDMAN, Attorney-at-Law, No. 400 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Morris H. Danziger, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Rebecca Danziger, executrix, No. 67 Frankstown avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE—Application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on April 27, 1904, under the provisions of the general corporation act of April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto for a charter for the proposed corporation to be known as "Pittsburgh Stove Supply Company," whose objects will be the manufacture of articles of commerce from metal or wood, or both, or from any other material, by David Bevan, Warner Marshall and W. M. Lindsay. A. M. Neeper, solicitor.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 202.)

AN ORDINANCE—Granting P. Wall and J. P. Wall the right to construct and maintain a railroad switch along Preble avenue, Ninth ward, from track of the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago railroad to their property on said Preble avenue.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That P. and J. P. Wall be and are hereby granted permission to construct and maintain a railroad switch along Preble avenue, in the Ninth ward, from track of Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago railroad, beginning sixty (60) feet north from Edison street and running to the southerly line of property of P. and J. P. Wall, according to the accompanying plan.

Sec. 2. Said switch shall be constructed and maintained and the payment of the required license fee shall be made in accordance with ordinances now or hereafter enacted and in accordance with the directions of the department of public works and the committee on public works. Provided, That said P. and J. P. Wall shall keep said switch and Preble avenue at the place where it is constructed in good repair as long as said switch is maintained, and in case the same shall at any time be removed, shall thoroughly repair the injury done by such removal. Provided further, That said switch must be constructed within three months from the passage of this ordinance.

Sec. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 17th day of March, A. D. 1904.

F. J. TORRANCE,

President of Select Council.

Attest:

LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.

SAMUEL McELROY,

President of Common Council.

ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., March 26, A. D. 1904. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,

Mayor.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.

FINE FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, CURTAINS, PICTURES, MAHOGANY FOLDING BED, BRASS BEDSTEAD, HAIR MATTRESSES, DISHES AND GLASSWARE, FINE UPRIGHT PIANO, BEDDING, ETC., THE FURNISHMENT OF A FINE RESIDENCE MOVED TO THE STORE FOR SALE TUESDAY, APRIL 5, AT 10 O'CLOCK, AT THE ROOMS OF THE HENRY AUCTION & STORAGE CO., 124 AND 126 NINTH STREET.

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U—Roy Umbours, David Uldin, Domer Ulsh.

V—Mr. Vance, C. L. Vance, A. W. Varney, Louis Vercellino, A. W. Vernon, John P. Virtian, Cataffo Vincenzo, J. Vogt, Fred Voegtle, Jakob Vuljock.

W—Wm. Wade, Warren Waggle, A. R. Ward, Mike Waisikonis, E. R. Wall, Paul Waller, J. A. Wales, Dr. Wm. Walker, John Walker, Louis B. Walker, Jas. B. Wallace, Henry Walter, Dr. J. A. Walsh, Jas. P. Walsh (D. L.); C. M. Warner, John Ward, Fred C. Wasson, John Washington, Frank Washington, Geo. Watt, Dr. G. D. Watson, C. E. Weaver (2 letters); R. W. Weatherby, Arthur Weaver, Jas. M. Weaver, Geo. M. Webster, Harry Weiss, Geo. Weitzel, W. C. Wells, F. S. Wellsmere, W. C. Weldon, G. B. West, Geo. Whitney, Andrew White, Chas. White (For); E. M. White, Jas. White, W. L. Whitecamp, Wondevloch Wietech, Henry Wilkinson, D. V. Williams, Geo. Williams, Walter Williams, Fred Willie, E. Wilnot, Anderson P. Wilson, Chas. Wilson, Geo. Wilson, R. L. Wilson, R. S. Wilson, S. H. Wilson, Ocle B. Wineland, Jos. Winkler (For); E. W. Wolfe, Jas. R. Wolkurtz, J. B. Wood (2); Maurice

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

Wood, E. F. Woodward, Wm. Woodward, W. Wray, Thos. Wright.

Y—A. Young (2), Chas. E. Young (2), Richard Young.

Z—Vincenzo Zimmara, Wm. L. Zoller, Antonio Zupano.

FIRMS.

Alpickenbeime Bros., Auerbach & Schneider, H. H. Ballard & Co. (For), P. B. Blakeston, Son & Co., B. B. Calander & Co., E. B. Cole & Co., M. & S. Danzell Bro., Eiseman Bro. & Co., T. Field & Co., W. N. Frederick & Co., Gill & Co., Hausman & Wimmer, Haslet, Flanagan & Co., Hartroy Bros., D. A. Holden & Co., Hoover & Kuhn, Janeway & Co., Jones, Wallingford & Co., Adolph Loeb & Co., Lindsay & Irvin, Lincy & Co., Lowery & Grearson, C. S. Mersick & Co., Martin & Co. Inc., Miller & Leideneck, J. M. McCleary & Co., Nelson & McCan, Arthur H. Page & Co., Parson & Brown, Patterson Bros., Parker & Perkins, Pennell & Hart, D. Reiter & Co. (For), Siegle & Cooner, Smith & Co., Sunderman & Newman, Tomkins & Urlick, Walter & Co., Philip Wolf & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS LETTERS.

Am. Flint Bottle Co., A. T. Co., Atlantic & Pacific Express Co., Big Sandy Coal & Mineral Co., Bill Board Printing Office, Chamberlain Co., California Oil Development Co., Chicago Mfg. & Mdse. Co., Clerk Fifth Ave. Hotel, Curtis Leger Fixture Co., Dolly, 1324 Frick Bldg. (D. L.), Est. Mrs. Mary K. Caruthers, Electrical World, E. S. Press Branch, Miss Emma, 505 Wylie ave., Eureka Leather Dressing Co., Enterprise Water Co., Farmer Co., Ft. Pitt Malleable Iron & Gas Light Co., Giant Company, Hecks Company, Home Contract Co., Cole Humphrey Photograph Co., Investors Brokerage Co., Kiehl Mfg. Co. (2), Keystone Water Meter Co., Keystone Drill Mfg. Co., Meehan Boiler & Const. Co., McQuaid Amusement Co., Mulberry, Pittsburgh Auction Co., Pittsburgh & Allegheny Florists & Gardeners' Club, Pittsburgh Inter-Urban Park Co., Pittsburgh Aluminum Co., Pittsburgh Coal & Coke Co., Pgh. & Ohio Mining Co., Pittsburgh Publishing Co., Pittsburgh Roofing Co., Pittsburgh Sheet Steel Co., Auditor, Pittsburgh Portrait Co., Pittsburgh Type Foundry, Pittsburgh Steel Nail Co., Peake & Ross Brass Co., Perfection Mfg. Co., Park View Laundry, Potter Wall Paper Co., Publisher of the Lumberman, P. & T. M. for the P. T. & A. R. R. Co., A. S. Ross Co., Scott Dry Goods Co., St. Josephs Journal, Sterling Manufacturing Co., Spahr Pressed Brick Works, Tenement Improvement Co., The Tracy Wells Co., Union Lumber & Supply Co., U. S. Moral Society, Victor Steel Company, Western Savings Fund Society, West Penn Mus. Pub. Co., Wheeling Warehouse, Woman's Missionary Magazine, Willis Mfg. Co., Wood Glass Co., Young & Seiden Co., 619 Wollewna, 4780 A. st., 45 Colwell st., 47 Carline st., 119 Catherine st.

ITALIAN LETTERS.

1. Giovanni Alamki; 2, Gerardo Albansze; 3, Marcello Bonaddio; 4, Antonio Casciola; 5, Luciano Corona; 6, Domenico Cristiano; 7, Pietro Cina; 8, Gherardo Cremonese; 9, Vincenzo Coniglio; 10, Abramo Ciarrocchi; 11, Giovanni Crusato; 12, Francesco Demase; 13, Domenicantonio Demasi; 14, Nicola Di Nicco; 15, Francesco De Fazio; 16, Nicola Di Valesio; 17, Gennaro De Nunzio; 18, Giuseppe Ferro; 19, Mrs. Anna L. Fabbri; 20, Giuseppe Fosoia; 21, Enrico Fanellie; 22, Leone Giovacchino; 23, Pasquale Garipali; 24, Giovanni Guadagna; 25, Giuseppe Gebbia; 26, Antonino Loschiavo; 27, Domenico Litterio; 28, Raffaele Magnatti; 29, Giuseppe Mongel; 30, Rafaele Maciaoni; 31, Pasqualino Marissio; 32, Domenico Mancini; 33, Carmelo Mazzola; 34, Giuseppe Marcucci; 35, Paolo Martello; 36, Raffaele Pezzuti; 37, Giuseppe Pascuzzi; 38, Digiosepe Pesagenadeto; 39, Francesco Pellegrino; 40, Luigi Restivo; 41, Josph Rosse; 42, Giuseppe Russo; 43, Giovanne Restivo; 44, Giuseppo Scinte; 45, Giovanni Vincenzo Senise; 46, Raffaele Spierto; 47, Carmine Soriano; 48, Carlo Tremari; 49, Giuseppe Tenco; 50, Nicola Taddeo; 51, Francesco Taddeo; 52, Giovanni Taibi; 53, Michelo Tebesco; 54, Nuzio Trivison; 55, Francesco Trimboli.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

1, Toma Antonow; 2, Adam Aulukanis; 3, Henri Akuratnij; 4, Baron van Asbeck; 5, Maria Aszonysago; 6, Macelj Bogdan; 7, Jozef Bada; 8, Dominik Bilas; 9, Iiko Benewiat; 10, Meri Blahut; 11, Enni Bertos; 12, John Bics; 13, Augustin Bartoszewicz; 14, Jozepa Banachowska; 15, Mate Basta; 16, Jozef Czimeraman; 17, Nickolas Ciggrin; 18, T. Cohn; 19, M. Crantz; 20, Michal Carik; 21, Antoni Chorjnowski; 22, Jan Dziengeleszki; 23, J. H. di Carpentier; 24, Dzo Daral; 25, Jan Dambrowski; 26, Teofil Esman; 27, Caup Ferri; 28, Beny Faccowd; 29, Eny Fratyn; 30, Agnieszka Gurszka; 31, Vinko Gidio; 32, Szczepan Gajewski; 33, Antonina Gierlach; 34, Maciej Gaus; 35, Stanislaw Grysztav; 36, Julie Gembel; 37, Friederich Hutter; 38, Jan Hrusovszki; 39, Nikola Huziak; 40, Horvat Istvan; 41, Kovacs Istvan; 42, John Kyruri; 43, T. Kramer; 44, Mihal Kozloski; 45, Jonas Kartanas; 46, Abramu Kantorouriczu; 47, Jozef Kozak; 48, Tededor Kahan; 49, Cesnos Kepien; 50, Antanas Kizis; 51, Agata Kocan; 52, Ignaci Kozeriniaski; 53, Jozapas Kivalita; 54, Juzapas Kimortas; 55, Stanislawa Kuhvanska; 56, Agnes Kratky; 57, Sigmund Lichtner; 58, Jakov Lapcevio; 59, Leokdyia Lizik; 60, Janos Lihi; 61, P. Lazarowitz; 62, Jozef Marcinaak; 63, Jan Michajliszyn; 64, Franciszek Maciejowski; 65, Jozef Mucha; 66, Wladyslaw Mrozinski; 67, Mary Nemmer; 68, Stanislaw Oszewski; 69, Franciszek Ordakowski; 70, Mill Obradovic; 71, Antoni Pyrc; 72, Tam Parilo; 73, Aleksander Pawloski; 74, Constantin G. Parimeros; 75, Pechacs Pavlin; 76, Vladimir Rosenberg; 77, Aleksander Rydzewski; 78, Endi Renscko; 79, Frantisek Rajczyk; 80, John Ramountos; 81, Piotru Sawickemu; 82, Mitru Sabarn; 83, And Sziller; 84, Moris Schapiro; 85, Haim Sztres; 86, Jozef Szotkowski; 87, Juzef Sunik; 88, H. Seneisky; 89, Doba Szulo; 90, Jozef Szikora; 91, Franciszek Totharczyk; 92, Turgis Tamulias; 93, Maria Talaber; 94, Anna Wahlstrom; 95, Franciszek Wichrowsky; 96, Franciszek Wisznevski; 97, Pietr Wasiewski; 98, Adolf Yarnelovsky; 99, Franc Zordani; 100, John Zukowski.

GERMAN LETTERS.

1, Joseph Frey; 2, Henry Grasz; 3, Jozef Grzanka; 4, T. Heiddegger; 5, George Hohlfeld; 6, William Palzer; 7, M. Schwarz; 8, Rudolf Ungermann; 9, Maria Anna Volker; 10, Georg Vandalin.

THIRD AND FOURTH CLASS MATTER.

P. Dymerski, Georg W. Fink; Mar Gotz (For); B. Heentz (For); Sara Frazer Hillman, Liquiod Los Co., Mrs. Pearl Martin, Joe McGillen, Mrs. Annie B. Roberts, Charles W. Roepper (For); Katie Schaffer, A. A. Staley, W. C. Swovelin.

EAST LIBERTY STATION.
LADIES' LIST.

Mrs. M. Allen, Miss Kate Ambrose, Theresia Angele, Mrs. Allen Bowman, Mrs. Carlile, Miss Cassidy, Lottie Christ, Mrs. Lucy Christy, Miss M. Churchill, Miss Mary B. Clarke, Miss R. F. Clarke, Miss Cook, Miss Mary Conner, Miss Maggie Daise, Miss Agnes Devlin, Miss Maggie Dillon, Mrs. Charles Demmel, Mrs. R. C. Dunn, Miss M. Egan, Mrs. T. W. Fargo, Miss Elizabeth Fee, Miss Estella Flood, Mrs. Andrew Foetwaugler, Miss Katherine Foster (2); Miss Ellen Fox, Mrs. Fulton, Miss Laura Grace Frye, Mrs. Gallagher, Mrs. Cecelia Gondrel, Mrs. M. O. Coffin Graff, Mrs. Frances Marris, Mrs. M. Hathway, Mrs. W. P. S. Haep, Miss Elizabeth Harriety, Miss Eleanor Hubbard, Mrs. Ida Johnson, Miss Pette Johnson, Mrs. Annie Lawrence, Miss Mamie Lee, Mrs. Amanda J. McDonough, Mrs. Sarah A. McElroy, Miss Sara McIntyre, Miss S. McKibbin, Mrs. E. P. McLean, Mrs. V. P. Marshall, Miss L. Miller, Mrs. S. D. Mills, Mrs. A. M. Murdock, Miss Gerda Olson, Mrs. Elizabeth Ratten, Mrs. J. H. Rilme, Miss Gert Ryan, Miss Schwartz, Miss Lew Schollon, Miss Bela Sharp, Miss Annie Shire, Miss Estella Siefker, Miss Annie Sleeth, Mrs. Thomas E. Slocum, Miss H. S. Smith, Miss Gertrude Snydam, Miss Myrtle Spence, Mrs. W. Stewart, Miss Sue Stevenson, Miss Alice Straw, Miss Jose Suhel, Miss Rosie Teesey, Miss Forner, Mrs. M. W. Thomson, Mrs. Alexander Thomas, Mrs. Vaghan, Miss Annie Voight, Miss Edith Wade, Miss Margaret Walters, Elizabeth Margee, Mrs. A. Wiseman, Mrs. A. Wright, (Miss Bab. Lund (2); For. Mdse. 4th class).

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

William Bradnock (For); Harry Brown, Jno. Brunskill, Jno. C. Buss, Valborg Carlson, Samuel Champion (2); D. S. Cooper, Mr. Cox, John Cummins, Fred Dash, Charles H. Davis, Mr. Davis, J. D. Deaves, Matthew Dirks, John Dougherty, Vachiel Duffin (For. 2); Excello Electric Co., T. A. Foust, W. T. Foley, Jno. R. Fyre, G. Fulton, James Gray, James Houck, James Mumphrey, Robt. B. Ingraham, D. Keany, W. Kenworth, H. H. Lewis, Mr. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. I. Locke, Jno Melady, Joseph Muhl, Everett McCandless, Mr. McCarlin, C. F. Neille, R. Norris, M. O'Harren, Thomas Patrick, George Rambo, Jakob Reuje (For); Albert Ross, Adam G. Ruhl, C. F. Schandrett, Andreas Schafer (For); J. Harvey Smith, William Stevenson, N. M. Stewart (2); S. Sweeney, Homer A. Smith, Dr. H. Venn.

ARSENAL STATION.

Mrs. Anna Bland, Mrs. Mary Burk, Robert Burns, E. J. Callahan, Mrs. Jno. P. Canty, W. W. Cartland, L. Convery, P. Dane, H. Dixon, David S. Dunn, J. Fulton, M. George, John Gleason, Miss Lena Goode (2), Mrs. Graham, Mrs. B. Gunderman, I. Haren, J. B. Herris, S. Hurin, J. S. Hutchison, Mrs. Geo. Jacobs, M. Jahn, Geo. Johnson, Wm. Jones, J. Jungst, J. Kelly, Patrick Kamely, J. D. Kirk, L. Lance, P. Lantz, Dave McCarthy, J. McDonald, W. T. McDonald, Miss Mary McQuillan, C. Mathias, Mrs. Samuel Medcolf, Geo. Meyer, Mrs. Martha Miller, Wm. Moore, W. Munsloir, James H. Nesbit, Miss Lucille Nicholay, Miss Cathryn Noon, Mrs. G. Orr, Mrs. A. C. Patterson, J. Peter, Ernest Rees, Mrs. Rott, Miss M. Schaub, Mrs. Frank Schutzler, Frank Shaughnessy, A. Smith, Frank Tapping, Maria Tomko, Mrs. K. Veresford, Chas. H. Weale, Pat Welsh.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Carcezo Alejandro, Josef Arasim, Peter Barjakovic, Michal Burin, James Colton, Bronislaw Gostkiewicz, Otto Haack, Edward Jones, Maryanna Kryzewska, Martin Sataic, Mrs. Frank Mikula, Francesco Pelusi, Miss Katy Quinn, Jan Radomski, Milic Rostjevic, Franz Ruzicka, Amepuky Tomaszowi, Georgn Tymczyk, Meri Wawerczak.

CARSON STATION.

Chas. E. Ankerman, Miss Bertha Abram, Emil Becker, Miss A. E. Braun, Mrs. John Burke, Mrs. Nora Bernstead, Phillipp Baker, Bank of All Nations, Paul Carp, O. H. Clarke, H. Chisholm, Miss Mary Caines, Mrs. Cany, Charley Deamer, E. E. Dill, M. W. Davem, Miss Annie Dessamp, A. H. Burleigh, Mrs. Amanda Earl, John Eikley, Mr. Emet, Mrs. Sarah Hashley, J. McGuire, N. E. Hepler, Sofia Henning, Mrs. Haffick, Miss Daisy Jones, Frank Jones, Wm. Jones, Z. C. Konenkamp, Miss Katie Kuhn, Majk Kimpski, H. S. Lancaster, Miss Adaline Lorett, Mrs. Laughlin, Miss Tillie Linhart, Mary Sims, Denia Mitchel, Miss Mary Murphy, Jos. Mitchell, Adam Balaszies Marplik, Mrs. Miller, Wm. Maiks, John Miller, Mrs. Ottilie Meinner, J. McGuire, W. C. Prescott, Ema Piles, Mrs. Rankin, Mrs. Sophia Raum, H. Shaw, F. Seh, Charles Summers, B. F. Shaughnessy, William Stewart, Thos. Strong, Miss Ella Sloan, Daniel Seell, Peter Sharkentas, J. Schultz, Sevenich Strachar, Marija Tener, T. J. Thomas, Miss Florence Weiler (2), John A. Walden, 116 Washington ave., Willin Yenuskas.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Aleksander Arbartenowicz (2), Lina Breiss, Tadensz Dombrowski, Antoni Dombrowski, Yan Fijas, Tone Franjkovic, Bolestaw Grochowsky, Michal Hojsan, Emu Hiebik, Nukotai Hotowka, Werona Hincsak, Dieksa Krystyk, Franjo Kolic, Yosip Kosanovic, Eni Kavalzik, Mark Kawarbewski, Adam Krzieslensky, Lukasz Miski (2), Miko Matkovico, Kospony Pupnicki, Francisik Protek (2), Jerzy Teriecki Prokopowicz, Josef Slepek, F. Striiga, Endy Steimach, Marcori Szalacha (2), Frank Wilhelm, Katarzyna Wilk, Josef Zieba (2).

WILKINSBURG STATION.

T. E. Abbit, Mrs. Wm. Baker, Mrs. Margaret Black, Miss Florence Blackwell, Miss Annie Darlington, Miss Cora Diggs, Wm. Dittmer (2), Mrs. M. E. Foster (Ret.), Wm. Gangan, Gill (D. L.), Miss Minnie Gill (2), Mr. Giller, Miss Gertrude Grace, Mrs. Julia Greeney, J. J. Harter, Walter G. Haskin, Ray Hansack, T. F. Henning, David Herrick, Mrs. F. W. Hicks, Miss Florence Hoffman, G. J. Holman, Mrs. Elizabeth M. J. Horne, Charlie Hukill, Dan Jend, Mrs. George M. Kerr, Mrs. F. M. Laughlin, J. E. Lindeman, Oliver McCracken, Mrs. E. F. Maddux, Miss Marie Maine (2), F. N. Mercer, Mrs. Frank Miller, Miss Sophie Miller, James Minds, Leon Park, J. H. Pinkard, K. Piper, Jacob Porter, D. B. Reed, D. J. Robinsteen, Henry Schaefer, P. E. Schoonmaker, H. Scott, Geo. L. Shaner, C. L. Smith, D. H. Speer, Mrs. Catherine Stevenson, Miss F. L. Stronge, W. H. Toppingback, H. C. Tunish & Co., Harry Willmore, Miss Marion Winter.

FORBES STATION.
GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Louis Brown, William Brown, Guiseppe de Cepare, J. Daniels, Ernest M. Ditson (2), George D. Evans, J. Farner, E. N. Freidenberg (2), Geo. W. Green, C. Grunden (2), Charley Gardener, Prof. V. Guichard, F. O. Gallaher, George Kenderes, R. Healey, S. Hannah, J. Hansell, P. Joyce, E. Johnson, J. Jones (3), R. M. Jones, Wm. Johns, W. Janes, H. Johnston, W. H. Maddock, G. W. Miles, Wm. Martin, J. Murphy, F. Miller, G. Miller, S. Miller, R. T. McGill, Patsy McCoy, M. Pilger, J. Pierson, L. Phillips, W. Ryan, R. Radefer, Jno. Reden, F. Sunday (2), O. Smeth, F. Selbert, T. C. Thornton, J. Thornton, C. H. Venlin.

LADIES' LIST.

Mrs. Allristus, Miss Marg. S. Boswell, Miss Lulu Bader, Mrs. Agnes Cavanaugh, Mrs. Donahue, Mrs. Dickson, Mrs. F. E. Dickson, Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. Alice Epps, Miss H. M. Fuller (3), Miss Minnie Hall, Mrs. J. T. Hamilton, Mrs. Lillian Hubbard, Miss A. M. Lee, Mrs. J. W. Mill, Miss Moores, Miss Clara Mason, Ella McGraw, Miss E. McCulla, Miss Maud Nair, Miss Victoria Soissong, Mrs. F. R. Stower, Miss Mary Thompson.

HAZELWOOD STATION.

Mrs. Butter, Miss Mary Clark, Mr. Richard Gregg, Brilie Hanna, Joseph Hughes, Ed. C. Jones, Miss Pearl Knight, T. Keenan, Mr. C. E. Leslie, Geo. W. McIntyre, Mrs. Shaughnessy, Mr. Townsend.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Atrer Taki, Joan Varga, Maly Janos, Mike Pastir, Domenico Bucci.

SWISSVALE STATION.

W. H. Corbett, T. W. Cross, Mrs. Jacob Hatt, Miss Elsie McTwain, W. M. Richardson, G. E. Rissell, Mrs. Jennie Roberts, Jos. Schmitt.

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LOST—Lady's gold watch, initials L. L. S. Finder will be rewarded. Schlegel Grocery Store, 439 Sixth ave.

PATENTS.

H. C. EVERT & CO., Patent Attorneys, 305 Smithfield St., opposite postoffice.

BANK STATEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

LINCOLN NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,901,214 06
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,393 42
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		300,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		14,625 00
Stocks, securities, etc		6,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		7,632 73
Other real estate owned		17,460 15
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	79,466 13	
Due from state banks and bankers	7,232 75	
Due from approved reserve agents	220,859 56	
Checks and other cash items	2,85[illegible]	
Exchanges for clearing house	120,711 79	
Bills of other national banks	15,750 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,398 55	447,687 78
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$181,500 00	
Legal tender notes	142,250	323,750 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		15,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer other		
Total		$4,034,763 14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 600,000 00	
Surplus fund	650,000 00	
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	176,936 08	1,426,936 08
National bank notes outstanding		297,600 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	115,158 26	
Due to state banks and bankers	195,452 70	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	67,786 77	
Dividends unpaid	45 25	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,921,386 51	
Cashier's checks outstanding	10,397 57	2,310,227 06
Total		$4,034,763 14

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss.: I, W. R. Christian, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. R. CHRISTIAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2nd day of April, 1904.

GEO. F. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
E. H. UTLEY,
J. T. ARMSTRONG,
C. B. M'LEAN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$5,062,761 20
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,410 66
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		13,000 00
Other real estate owned		16,325 98
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		452,438 13
Due from state banks and bankers		93,331 89
Due from approved reserve agents		426,377 71
Checks and other cash items		53,473 41
Exchanges for clearing house		125,589 91
Bills of other national banks		70,520 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		791 01
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$556,400 00	
Legal tender notes	13[illegible],000 00	690,400 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		5,000 00
Total		$7,111,419 90

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 600,000 00
Surplus fund		1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		140,013 59
National bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$1,119,470 38	
Due to state banks and bankers	107,315 48	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	367,185 77	
Individual deposits subject to check	3,508,447 93	
Certified checks	11,729 37	
Cashier's checks outstanding	157,257 38	5,271,406 31
Total		$7,111,419 90

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, W. C. Lowrie, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. C. LOWRIE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of April, 1904.

CHAS. W. BAKER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
W. B. WATSON,
P. J. CLOSE,
F. A. GRIFFIN,
Directors.

CONDITION OF THE NATIONAL BANKS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS MARCH 28, 1904

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MELLON NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$15,684,129 53
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		6,748 41
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		1,050,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		138,863 49
Stocks, securities, etc.		1,074,690 25
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		404,835 65
Due from state banks and bankers		239,739 67
Due from approved reserve agents		1,658,920 64
Checks and other cash items		21,402 31
Exchanges for clearing house		424,179 98
Notes of other national banks		124,000 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		931 21
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$2,000,000 00	
Legal tender notes	1,000,000 00	3,000,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		52,500 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund		84,500 00
Total		$24,965,441 14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 2,000,000 00
Surplus fund		500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		84,578 55
National bank notes outstanding		1,050,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 4,726,811 67	
Due to state banks and bankers	1,350,868 62	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	2,517,738 79	
Due to approved reserve agents	474,304 77	
Individual deposits subject to check	10,410,014 15	
Time certificates of deposit	490,815 38	
Certified checks	9,091 94	
Cashier's checks outstanding	195,818 06	
United States deposits	689,267 94	
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	110,732 06	20,983,463 38
United States bond account		200,000 00
Discount collected but not earned		147,399 21
Total		$24,965,441 14

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, W. S. Mitchell, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. S. MITCHELL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April, 1904.

DE WALDT J. HICKS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
A. C. KNOX,
R. B. MELLON,
H. C. McELDOWNEY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,377,000 86
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		65 86
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		300,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		18,991 70
Stocks, securities, etc.		9,120 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		8,205 12
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$125,428 30	
Due from state banks and bankers	24,902 92	
Due from approved reserve agents	162,380 52	312,711 74
Checks and other cash items	3,328 41	
Exchanges for clearing house	86,771 21	
Bills of other national banks	17,710 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	838 47	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	109,756 05	
Legal-tender notes	50,000 00	268,404 14
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		15,000 00
Total		$2,309,499 42

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 300,000 00
Surplus fund		150,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		43,343 80
National bank notes outstanding		297,200 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$ 78,479 31	
Due to state banks and bankers	13,981 20	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	310,365 52	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,101,296 40	
Demand certificates of deposit	6,448 42	
Certified checks	11,509 56	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,875 21	1,518,955 62
Total		$2,309,499 42

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, H. W. Bickel, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. W. BICKEL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of April, 1904.

JOHN REBMAN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
JNO. W. HERRON,
JAMES J. BOOTH,
S. BAILEY, JR.,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,991,839 57
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		489 64
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		28,250 00
Stocks, securities, etc		210,500 00
Other real estate and mortgages owned		26,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 88,450 20	
Due from state banks and bankers	38,943 09	
Due from approved reserve agents	264,970 49	392,363 78
Checks and other cash items	$ 16,179 65	
Exchanges for clearing house	155,655 90	
Notes of other national banks	16,000 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	501 61	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	287,000 00	
Legal-tender notes	144,000 00	619,337 16
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		25,000 00
Total		$4,893,780 15

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		127,256 05
National bank notes outstanding		493,050 00
Due to other national banks	$ 501,634 06	
Due to state banks and bankers	211,996 98	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	644,227 08	
Dividends unpaid	391 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,863,347 38	
Demand certificates of deposit	2,600 00	
Certified checks	19,556 12	
Cashier's checks outstanding	29,721 48	3,273,474 10
Total		$4,893,780 15

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, W. W. Ramsey, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. W. RAMSEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of April, 1904.

H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
E. J. FRAUENHEIM,
L. S. M'KALLIP,
A. A. FRAUENHEIM,
Directors.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership of Edward E. Soxman and J. H. Krall, doing business under the firm name of Soxman and Krall, contractors and builders, have dissolved partnership on the 2d day of April, 1904, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by and all demands on said partnership are to be presented to T. Y. Cross, 103 Shady ave., E. E., Pittsburgh, Pa., for settlement of all accounts of said firm.

E. E. SOXMAN,
J. H. KRALL.

NOTICES.

NOTICE—Diamond Raffle, Anchoria Baseball Club—Lucky number A 1569. Diamond can be had by presenting above number to J. E. Daly, manager, 269 Main street, Pittsburgh, or at the West Penn Medical College, Pittsburgh.

PERSONALS.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MONONGAHELA NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Investment securities	$ 260,525 00	
Loans and discounts	4,372,942 28	$4,633,467 28
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,572 59
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		5,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		263,700 36
Other real estate and mortgages owned		15,551 70
Due from national banks (not reserve agens)	$148,903 83	
Due from state banks and bankers	125,458 22	
Due from approved reserve agents	299,981 64	
Checks and other cash items	39,338 82	
Exchanges for clearing house	86,151 96	
Notes of other national banks	20,000 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	451 69	$720,286 16
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$187,955 00	
Legal tender notes	263,484 00	451,439 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer, (5 per cent. of circulation)		5,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other that 5 per cent redemption fund		1,000 00
Total		$6,197,017 69

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		1,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		199,803 93
National bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Due to other national banks	490,352 45	
Due to state banks and bankers	68,013 95	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	759,613 06	
Dividends unpaid	32 00	
Individual deposits, subject to check	1,916,004 28	
Time certificates of deposit	2,250 00	
Certified checks	31,217 49	
Cashier's checks outstanding	129,730 53	3,397,213 76
Total		$6,197,017 69

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, John D. Fraser, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2nd day of April, 1904.

G. L. RODGERS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
D. P. BLACK,
CHAS. A. JAMISON,
GEO. M. JONES,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$2,507,614 04	
Investment securities	712,867 00	$3,220,481 04
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		587 26
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		700,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		19,300 00
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures		250,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 62,581 85	
Due from state banks and bankers	2,434 18	
Due from approved reserve agents	210,579 62	
Checks and other cash items	18,861 82	
Exchanges for clearing house	241,430 00	
Notes of other national banks	30,000 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	710 73	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	436,000 00	
Legal-tender notes	60,000 00	1,062,598 20
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		35,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		5,300 00
Total		$5,293,866 50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,200,000 00
Surplus fund		600,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		193,388 55
National bank notes outstanding		700,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 485,072 75	
Due from state banks and bankers	19,598 90	
Dividends unpaid	76 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	2,091,218 87	
Certified checks	690 10	
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,820 83	2,600,477 95
Total		$5,293,866 50

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, A. Long, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. LONG, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April 1904.

A. J. MALONEY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
A. H. CHILDS,
JAMES W. SCULLY,
L. W. DALZELL,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FARMERS DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$13,196,093 78	
Investment securities	2,142,532 74	15,338,626 52
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		100 61
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,821,098 44
Other real estate owned		51,790 25
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		550,942 42
Due from state banks and bankers		64,064 63
Due from approved reserve agents		1,017,295 91
Checks and other cash items		81,323 87
Exchanges for clearing house		256,439 71
Bills of other national banks		20,250 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		1,175 59
Lawful money reserve in bank viz.:		
Specie	$1,918,658 00	
Legal tender notes	500,000 00	2,418,658 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		25,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		25,000 00
Total		$25,172,361 45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 800,000 00
Surplus fund		4,100,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		2,387,085 95
National bank notes outstanding		487,550 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)		2,895,910 36
Due to state banks and bankers		565,157 73
Due to trust companies and savings banks		1,493,846 47
Due to approved reserve agents		9,234 56
Dividends unpaid		100 00
Individual deposits subject to check		12,330,166 30
Cashier's checks outstanding		103,310 08
Total		$25,172,361 45

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, J. W. Fleming, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. W. FLEMING, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April, 1904.

H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
JAMES H. REED,
HAY WALKER, JR.,
T. H. GIVEN,
Directors.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL—Sealed proposals marked "Proposals for Coal," will be received by the secretary of the borough of Braddock, Pa., until 7 p. m., April 4, 1904, for supplying the Braddock waterworks with the best steam coal (run of mine) for one year from April 10, 1904, to April 10, 1905. Amount required about 100 tons to 125 tons per week, to be delivered promptly at the request of the superintendent of public works of Braddock, f. o. b. on waterworks siding of P., McK. & Y. R. R., or in bins. Bidders must state from what mine coal is to be supplied and give a bond in sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars at the signing of contract, for the faithful performance of the same. Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids. William Howat, superintendent of public works.

INVESTMENTS.

15 Per Cent. INVESTMENT. 15 Per Cent. SOUTH SIDE PROPERTY of 9-room frame; present time rents for $47.50; in good, fair condition; price $2,500; mortgage $1,200.

HOWICK THOMPSON CO.,
336 Fourth ave., Office 616 Times bldg.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COSMOPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$663,866 22
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		66 26
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		4,906 25
Furniture and fixtures		5,036 40
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$82,707 40	
Due from approved reserve agents	68,056 72	
Checks and other cash items	851 50	
Notes of other national banks	4,150 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	131 34	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	1,950 00	
Legal-tender notes	86,050 00	243,896 96
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent circulation)		2,500 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		750 00
Total		$971,022 09

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$200,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		22,034 29
National bank notes outstanding		50,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 2,500 76	
Due to state banks and bankers	15,237 72	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	5,930 66	
Individual deposits subject to check	657,630 31	
Time certificates of deposit	180 00	
Certified checks	488 25	
Cashier's checks outstanding	920 10	682,887 80
Notes and bills rediscounted		16,100 00
Total		$971,022 09

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, D. J. Richardson, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

D. J. RICHARDSON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of April, 1904.

WILLIS L. CORNELL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
JOHN M'CLURG,
F. H. M'KINNIE,
A. L. RICHMOND, JR.,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

THIRD NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,301,365 42
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		849 19
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		22,100 00
Stocks, securities, etc		118,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		5,770 45
Other real estate owned		3,365 84
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		69,861 01
Due from state banks and bankers		1,525 69
Due from approved reserve agents		128,464 89
Checks and other cash items		13,371 57
Exchanges for clearing house		25,279 83
Bills of other national banks		4,564 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		1,809 30
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$44,260 40	
Legal tender notes	26,000 00	70,260 40
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		25,000 00
Total		$2,291,587 59

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		200,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		44,634 67
National bank notes outstanding		495,550 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$ 49,952 46	
Due to state banks and bankers	1,271 34	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	13,694 51	
Due to approved reserve agents	374 00	
Dividends unpaid	480 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	914,753 92	
Cashier's checks outstanding	38,876 19	1,019,402 92
Notes and bills rediscounted		32,000 00
Total		$2,291,587 59

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, Ogden Russell, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

OGDEN RUSSELL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 4th day of April, 1904.

J. V. M'CORMICK, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
LOUIS F. DEMMLER,
ROBERT GARLAND,
D. E. JACKMAN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FORT PITT NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,602,115 66
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		4,869 67
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		60,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc		38,382 50
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		952 10
Other real estate owned		4,954 73
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		86,471 34
Due from state banks and bankers		9,756 20
Due from approved reserve agents		25,613 53
Checks and other cash items		19,986 24
Exchanges for clearing house		81,277 48
Bills of other national banks		3,356 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		270 04
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$232,454 00	
Legal-tender notes	45,000 00	277,454 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5% of circulation)		3,000 00
Total		$2,218,459 49

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		200,000 00
Surplus fund		100,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		193,172 64
National bank notes outstanding		57,350 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$ 119,892 43	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	169,325 62	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,320,259 25	
Cashier's checks outstanding	58,359 55	1,667,936 85
Total		$2,218,459 49

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, Charles S. Lindsay, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHARLES S. LINDSAY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April, 1904.

I. M. FICKEISEN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
GEO. I. WHITNEY,
R. S. ROBB,
ANDREW W. HERRON,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

at Verona, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$185,482 93
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		39 68
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		20,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		450 00
Bonds, securities, etc		49,041 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		16,506 16
Due from approved reserve agents		29,176 66
Checks and other cash items		78 41
Notes of other national banks		470 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		217 43
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$2,709 00	
Legal-tender notes	4,675 00	7,384 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		1,000 00
Total		$309,846 27

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 50,000 00
Surplus fund		35,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		4,632 76
National bank notes outstanding		20,000 00
Dividends unpaid		45 00
Individual deposits, subject to check	176,103 71	
Time certificates of deposit	16,522 00	
Cashier's checks outstanding	7,522 80	200,148 51
Total		$309,846 27

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, Blaine L. Stoner, assistant cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

BLAINE L. STONER, Assistant Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of April, 1904.

LARUE TIERS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
R. D. ELWOOD,
H. W. ARMSTRONG,
KAUFMAN STONER,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

DIAMOND NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,985,397 26
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		19 14
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc		55,776 65
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		188,567 13
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		58,375 69
Due from state banks and bankers		29,187 84
Due from approved reserve agents		225,372 89
Checks and other cash items		456 97
Exchanges for clearing house		62,194 91
Bills of other national banks		9,884 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		810 73
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$252,318 75	
Legal-tender notes	29,654 00	281,972 75
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		10,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		15,000 00
Total		$4,122,997 96

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		1,200,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		116,434 08
National bank notes outstanding		198,350 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$ 195,963 59	
Due to State banks and bankers	49,884 46	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	137,969 19	
Dividends unpaid	267 50	
Individual deposits, subject to check	1,613,160 71	
Demand certificates of deposit	42,712 45	
Certified checks	4,493 98	
Cashier's checks outstanding	63,762 00	2,108,213 88
Total		$4,122,997 96

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, D. C. Wills, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

D. C. WILLS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of April, 1904.

FERD. H. PHILLIPS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
WILLIAM PRICE,
JOHN M'LEOD,
W. V. CALLERY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK,

at Allegheny, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$ 947,274 73	
Stocks, securities, etc.	2,023,718 13	$2,970,992 86
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,744 25
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		400,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		58,617 59
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		27,000 00
Other real estate owned		22,250 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		3,319 96
Due from state banks and bankers		4,427 56
Due from approved reserve agents		566,080 01
Checks and other cash items		14,962 69
Notes of other national banks		37,000 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		1,236 25
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$190,833 50	
Legal-tender notes	42,000 00	232,833 50
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		10,000 00
Total		$4,550,464 67

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 200,000 00
Surplus fund		700,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		40,373 23
National bank notes outstanding		162,350 00
Dividends unpaid		1,055 00
Due to trust companies and savings banks	$ 15,677 23	
Individual deposits subject to check	3,029,364 66	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,394 10	
Certified checks	118 60	
Cashier's checks outstanding	131 85	
U. S. deposits	400,000 00	3,446,686 44
Total		$4,550,464 67

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, Albert Helm, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ALBERT HELM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of April, 1904.

C. J. WEITERSHAUSEN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
F. N. HOFFSTOT,
J. W. FRIEND,
JOHN HELM,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

DUQUESNE NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,201,417 16
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		4,279 14
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Stocks, securities etc		47,225 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		75,000 00
Other real estate owned		22,882 43
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		153,773 40
Due from approved reserve agents		457,918 66
Checks and other cash items		366 17
Exchange for clearing house		45,493 38
Notes of other national banks		12,450 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		750 00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$ 80,000 00	
Legal-tender notes	146,250 00	226,250 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation		5,000 00
Total		$3,393,805 34

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		650,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		101,278 13
National bank notes outstanding		100 000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 52,661 37	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	310,231 69	
Dividends unpaid	297 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,520,854 80	
Demand certificates of deposit	6,238 76	
Certified checks	29,885 43	
Cashier's checks, outstanding	122,357 66	2,042,527 21
Total		$3,393,805 34

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, A. H. Patterson, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. H. PATTERSON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April, 1904.

J. A. MEANS, Notary Public.
My commission expires April 18, 1907.

Correct—Attest:
WILLIS F. M'COOK,
WM. MUNHALL,
JOHN BINDLEY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PENNSYLVANIA NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 697,473 98
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		527 70
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		2,500 00
Stocks, securities, etc		94,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		83,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		53,677 50
Due from approved reserve agents		96,494 16
Checks and other cash items		8,425 85
Exchanges for clearing house		18,638 99
Notes of other national banks		10,355 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		354 85
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$50,220 00	
Legal-tender notes	72,605 00	122,825 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer 5 per cent of circulation)		5,000 00
Total		$1,293,273 03

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 200,000 00
Surplus fund		125,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		23,922 13
National bank notes outstanding		98,850 00
Due to other banks and bankers	$ 34,167 30	
Individual deposits, subject to check	807,984 44	
Certified checks	1,539 04	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,810 12	845,500 90
Total		$1,293,273 03

State of Pennsylvania, County of Allegheny, ss: I, R. M. Davis, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. M. DAVIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April, 1904.

THOS. M'CAFFREY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
A. S. M. MORGAN,
E. J. VILSACK,
J. B. SHEA,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 5,927,525 70
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		664 22
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		600,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		98,550 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		4,342,847 79
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		280,000 00
Other real estate owned		17,348 85
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 474,320 11	
Due from state banks and bankers	283,721 71	
Due from approved reserve agents	1,209,589 62	
Checks and other cash items	18,328 90	
Exchanges for clearing house	276,339 94	2,262,300 28
Bills of other national banks	$ 45,275 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	755 50	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	770,182 00	
Legal-tender notes	319,650 00	1,135,862 50
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent circulation)		30,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		17,500 00
Total		$15,212,599 34

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 600,000 00
Surplus fund		2,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		670,006 94
National bank notes outstanding		600,000 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$3,967,059 68	
Due to state banks and bankers	853,259 17	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	410,049 77	
Due to approved reserve agents	295,604 34	
Dividends unpaid	462 50	
Individual deposits, subject to check	4,964,539 63	
Demand certificates of deposit	29,142 47	
Certified checks	17,495 04	
Cashier's checks outstanding	4,979 80	
U. S. deposits	500,000 00	10,842,592 40
Total		$15,212,599 34

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, Thos. W. Welsh, Jr., cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THOS. W. WELSH, JR., Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April, 1904.

WILLIS L. CORNELL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
WILLIAM CURRY,
ROBERT D. ELLWOOD,
EDWARD B. TAYLOR,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$11,096,030 38
Overdrafts secured and unsecured		846 19
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		240,000 00
U. S. bonds on hand		60,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc		732,085 04
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		500,000 00
Other real estate owned		28,100 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 544,620 80	
Due from state banks and bankers	756,691 30	
Due from approved reserve agents	1,117,197 92	2,418,510 02
Checks and other cash items	33,061 36	
Echanges for clearing house	242,023 58	
Bills of other national banks	30,000 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,441 18	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	1,636,600 00	
Legal tender notes	510,600 00	2,454,326 12
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		10,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		10,000 00
Total		$17,749,897 75

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 1,000,000 00
Surplus fund	$1,500,000 00	
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	817,820 94	2,317,820 94
National bank notes outstanding		200,000 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$3,015,521 03	
Due to state banks and bankers	1,075,002 26	
Dividends unpaid	128 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	9,844,442 48	
Demand certificates of deposit	3,030 66	
Certified checks	13,196 19	
Cashier's checks outstanding	40,756 85	
United States deposits	240,000 00	14,232,076 81
Total		$17,749,897 75

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, F. H. Skelding, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. H. SKELDING, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of April, 1904.

M. L. NEWELL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
CHAS. E. SPEER,
CHAS. DONNELLY,
JNO. D. CULBERTSON,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Investment securities	$2,079,509 48	
Loans and discounts	7,450,899 23	$ 9,530,408 71
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,702 00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		900,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		600,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		150,000 00
Other real estate, 411 Wood st.		102,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 321,923 88	
Due from state banks and bankers	24,947 60	
Due from approved reserve agents	1,331,784 97	1,678,656 45
Checks and other cash items	$ 460,346 18	
Exchanges for clearing house	583,851 21	
Notes of other national banks	60,000 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,094 05	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	755,405 00	
Legal-tender notes	280,000 00	2,140,696 44
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		37,500 00
Total		$15,140,963 60

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		407,785 04
National bank notes outstanding		900,000 00
Due to other national banks	$1,575,968 99	
Due to state banks and bankers	415,317 83	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	2,944,826 37	
Dividends unpaid	260 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	5,316,703 69	
Demand certificates of deposit	31,516 30	
Certified checks	1,455 00	
Cashier's checks outstanding	22,130 38	
United States deposits	600,000 00	
United States bond account	925,000 00	11,833,178 56
Total		$15,140,963 60

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, Hervey Schumacher, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

HERVEY SCHUMACHER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of April, 1904.

ROBT. C. MOORE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
ROBT. WARDROP,
HENRY CHALFANT,
W. D. GEORGE,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,110,298 00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		169 77
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		150,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		8,250 00
Stocks and securities		4,500 00
Investment securities		366,417 22
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		90,000 00
Other real estate owned		9,750 86
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 37,478 90	
Due from state banks and bankers	10,895 55	
Due from approved reserve agents	73,292 42	121,666 87
Checks and other cash items	4,261 61	
Exchanges for clearing house	46,064 41	
Bills of other national banks	18,600 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	403 63	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	611,543 00	
Legal-tender notes	175,000 00	856,772 65
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		7,500 00
Total		$4,725,366 07

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		600,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		61,585 97
National bank notes outstanding		149,047 50
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$ 443,539 96	
Due to state banks and bankers	115,024 35	
Dividends unpaid	2,643 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	2,048,869 48	
Demand certificates of deposit	36,600 00	
Time certificates of deposit	5,000 00	
Certified checks	10,146 83	
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,904 98	3,264,728 60
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed		150,000 00
Total		$4,725,366 07

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, W. Montgomery, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. MONTGOMERY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April, 1904.

H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
WM. STEWART,
WALTER CHESS,
THOS. EVANS,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

INDUSTRIAL NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,422,237 49
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,429 17
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		5,562 50
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		323,065 43
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		44,090 27
Due from state banks and bankers		76,610 05
Due from approved reserve agents		102,589 67
Checks and other cash items		6,085 59
Exchanges for clearing house		81,534 99
Notes of other national banks		4,000 00
Fractional paper currency, nickles and cents		469 70
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie		10,752 00
Legal tender notes		90,424 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer, (5 per cent of circulation)		5,000 00
Total		$2,223,940 26

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 800,000 00
Surplus fund		250,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		25,456 04
National bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Due to other national banks	174,823 70	
Due to state banks and bankers	12,067 55	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	57,967 63	
Individual deposits subject to check	714,131 98	
Time certificates of deposit	2,500 00	
Certified checks	11,491 18	
Cashier's checks outstanding	501 56	973,483 60
Liabilities other than those above stated: Purchase money mortgage		125,000 00
Total		$2,223,940 26

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: I, C. M. Gerwig, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. M. GERWIG, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of April, 1904.

F. C. HODKINSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
JOHN W. GARLAND,
A. R. HAMILTON,
JAS. A. HENDERSON,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

at Sewickley, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$289,898 59
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		182 60
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		12,500 00
Stocks, securities, etc		159,086 51
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		27,271 55
Due from approved reserve agents		76,305 13
Checks and other cash items		1,448 13
Bills of other national banks		1,270 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		313 77
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$18,919 20	
Legal-tender notes	5,000 00	23,919 20
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		625 00
Total		$592,789 68

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 50,000 00
Surplus fund		50,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		13,020 34
National bank notes outstanding		12,500 00
Dividends unpaid		40 00
Individual deposits, subject to check	$214,859 70	
Demand certificates of deposit	195,015 57	
Time deposits, savings department	56,776 34	
Cashier's checks outstanding	577 13	467,228 74
Total		$592,789 68

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss.: I, E. P. Coffin, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. P. COFFIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April, 1904.

O. S. RICHARDSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
R. J. MURRAY,
E. B. TAYLOR,
C. G. WOODS,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,172,798 64
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		3,265 60
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		400,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		12,611 52
Stocks, securities, etc		9,308 93
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		27,000 00
Other real estate owned		33,853 52
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		28,875 12
Due from approved reserve agents		92,926 88
Checks and other cash items		20,184 35
Exchanges for clearing house		3,564 47
Notes of other national banks		4,000 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		224 60
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$37,034 50	
Legal-tender notes	43,315 00	80,349 50
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		18,000
New building (on account)		28,745 00
Total		$1,944,635 54

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 400,000 00
Surplus fund		300,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		54,237 14
National bank notes outstanding		400,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 15,470 84	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	26,322 64	
Dividends unpaid	108 00	
Individual deposits, subject to check	735,714 63	
Time certificates of deposit	4,575 00	
Cashier's checks outstanding	8,198 31	790,398 42
Total		$1,944,635 54

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss.: I, Geo. Seebick, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. SEEBICK, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of April, 1904.

J. B. RICHARDS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
JOHN BUNNETTE,
JAMES SCOTT,
GEO. V. MILLIKEN,
Directors.

NSEEN FORCES RULE THE WORLD

More Unconventional Men Like Roosevelt, Eliot and Bowne Are Needed.

A DEAD LEVEL OF MEDIOCRITY

"When, by the accident of fate, a man like Theodore Roosevelt is called to the presidential chair, who wears his sovereignty under his hat and does his own thinking, the exception is so startling that some of the hidebound politicians and financiers raise the cry that he is not safe," declared the Rev. Dr. Daniel Dorchester, Jr., in Christ Methodist Episcopal church, yesterday, during his sermon on "Seen and Unseen." Dr. Dorchester continued:

"We do not know what he will do next," they say. Thank God that we have one man whose acts cannot be predicted, but are determined by the exigencies which arise and the inspiration or wisdom which is born of the country's needs! Many men make the mistake of supposing that in order to get on in the world they must always be posing in the public eye. The man who gets the most votes in the church and state is seldom the spontaneous choice of the people. He is often the man who has a bureau of publicity, lives in public gatherings, does an immense amount of handshaking and carefully organizes public opinion. As a consequence we are served in church and state, in many cases, by weathercock-men without individuality and utterly incapable of intellectual or moral leadership.

Twenty Years of Opposition.

President Elliot of Harvard university has just been celebrating his 70th birthday, and says that in the first 20 years of his life he had continually to speak to people who did not agree with him. He kept proclaiming higher ideals in the face of criticism and opposition and the whole educational system of this country has been greatly benefited.

In the church there is the same idolatry of the seen and the conventional. When a rare thinker like Prof. Bowne of the Boston university proclaims truth in a larger, saner and more living way, traditionalism raises the cry of "Heretic." Every one who has given to the world a new truth, or uttered the old truth with increasing fullness and meaning, has been called a heretic. Martin Luther was a heretic. John Wesley, who stood on his father's tomb and preached a truer gospel than his father ever did, was regarded as a dangerous fellow, liable to turn the church upside down. Phillip Brooks was antagonized by a party in the church. So was Horace Bushnell. All these men lived in the unseen. They drew their truth fresh and living from the invisible, and were not careful to square their utterances to certain ecclesiastical standards. In truth the world is badly served by men in church and state who are always in it; never draw apart from it; never think or act outside of certain grooves. The danger is not that we have men like Roosevelt and Elliot and Bowne, but that there are not enough of them. The lamentable fact about America is that we are becoming so ironed down by conventionalism that society will be only a dead level of mediocrity. Genius and original force will be crushed out.

The seen in Easter, and the unseen—what a contrast! The seen is the least important. Worshiping congregations, jubilant music, blooming flowers, the joyful festivities of society—do not mean so much as that unseen, glorious realm where reigns our risen Lord.

Worlds Seen and Unseen.

There are two worlds. The world we see—the starry heavens, the populous earth, the vast ocean, where go the swift ships, swarm with activity. The world that we do not see is far greater, far more wonderful. It stretches beyond the stars, surrounds us like the atmosphere, and continually acts upon us. We talk of the wonders of light, heat and electricity, but these are only the flashes of mightier forces which are hidden from view.

Fifteen hundred millions of persons on the face of the earth are actors in the great drama of human life and destiny, no two the same in form and character. They are under all sorts of government. They represent every stage of civilization. Nation wars against nation. Have all these diverse activities any unity or significance? What means these movements out of barbarism into civilization? This growing conformity to an invisible standard of justice, which no nation dares disregard? Why does Russia take so much pains to persuade the world that Japan, when she began hostilities so suddenly, violated the principle of international law? Because she knows the power of that indefinable, invisible something called "public opinion," the justice which demands and seeks to turn it in her favor. Self-aggrandizement, national or individual, must be subordinated to the universal gravitation toward the eternal right.

We get into a periodical fever about politics, about parties and elections, and the spoils of office. These are seen, but the essential thing in politics is the science of man's common citizenship. We have not realized this yet. So, too, with those remedial agencies known as law, ethics, philanthropy and religion. What we see is provisional and tentative.

The city directory tells where a man resides. His absorbing interest shows where he lives. Our appetites and aspirations determine our real dwelling. They convoy our spirit to its own place. The saintly and sinful in character are as far apart as the poles, though they may stay in the same room.

MASSACHUSETTS MAN SPEAKS THREE TIMES

The Rev. Ora Samuel Gray, D. D., Begins a Series of Addresses.

Three addresses were delivered yesterday in the two cities by the Rev. Dr. Ora Samuel Gray of Amherst, Mass., a noted Bible expounder, who will remain here for several weeks and will speak under the auspices of the Young Men's Bible Society of Allegheny County.

The Rev. Ora Samuel Gray, D. D.

Dr. Gray spoke yesterday morning on "The Peerless Book" in the First United Presbyterian church, Allegheny; at 4 p. m. he addressed a men's meeting in the Central Y. M. C. A. building, and last evening he delivered an address in the Fourth United Presbyterian church, Pittsburgh. Tomorrow evening he will speak in the Avalon Presbyterian church.

Dr. Gray is an orator of repute and has been engaged for several months in arousing interest in the distribution of the Scriptures throughout the country, speaking under the auspices of the local branches of the Bible society.

DECLINED THE CALL.

Rev. H. U. Davis of Ford City Will Not Go to Monaca.

The announcement was made to the Presbyterian church of Monaca yesterday morning, that the Rev. Herman Ulysses Davis of Ford City had declined its call. The Rev. H. L. Griffith of Canonsburg filled the pulpit by appointment of the Pittsburgh presbytery and made the formal announcement. The news was received with great regrest, as the congregation had heard a score of candidates and had united unanimously on Mr. Davis.

This leaves the list of vacant churches in the Pittsburgh presbytery as long as ever. The Monaca church will take a new start on the reserve list of candidates with the hope that it may obtain a pastor before the May meeting of the presbytery. Some new applications have been filed and more are expected as soon as the declination of Mr. Davis becomes known.

Dr. Jane Blanchard opens for business next week. 418 Sixth avenue, Opp. Nixon.

THREE STEPS IN THE PLAN TO SAVE MAN FROM HIS SIN

Pastor C. T. Russell's Sermon in the Bible House Chapel, Allegheny.

FALSE THEORY MANY HAVE

Bible House chapel, in Allegheny, was crowded yesterday when Pastor C. T. Russell spoke on Christ's resurrection. The text and discourse follow:

Dear Friends: It is appropriate that we notice that the most important steps in the divine plan for the recovery of man from sin and its penalty are three in number. The first of these was our Lord's death as the redemption price of Adam and his race from the "wages of sin"—death. This we celebrated on its anniversary during the week just past. I am confident that I reflect the sentiments of all who participated on that occasion—that it was a most blessed and refreshing season, and that our hearts took fresh courage as we considered the love of God manifested in the gift of His Son, who died for our sins.

The second of these important steps in the plan of salvation was our Lord's resurrection from the dead; for be it noted that the redemption could have profited us nothing whatever had the Redeemer Himself remained under "the curse"—the death penalty—which he bore for us. Had our Lord Jesus remained under the power of death he could never have saved us; for the salvation promised us is a resurrection from the dead, and a dead savior would be no savior at all—Himself under the power of death how could He have released Adam or any of his family?

The third important step in the divine plan of salvation is the second coming of Christ, to actually bestow upon the faithful ones of His church the blessings promised to them, and to actually proffer to the world in general opportunities for reconciliation to the Father secured by the redemption sacrifice. Our topic for today is the second of these important items—our Lord's resurrection from the dead, and we choose as our text the words of the apostle:

"Now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first-fruits of them that slept. For since by man came death, by man comes also the resurrection of the dead. For as all in Adam die, even so all in Christ shall be made alive; but every man in his own order."—I Cor. xv.:20-23.

Resurrection Obscured by Error.

It is unfortunate that a false theory respecting the penalty of sin (death) has so engrafted itself upon the minds of Christian people as to distort their views and really make meaningless much that the scriptures state respecting the resurrection of the dead. From the ordinary standpoint it would matter little to us whether our Lord Jesus arose from the dead or not—it would matter little whether anyone ever rose from the dead or not. The usual thought respecting resurrection is that it relates merely to the body and not to the soul. The theory is that the soul, so far from dying with the body, really becomes more alive without the body, and hence some speak of getting "free" from the body—being "liberated from the prison house of clay." To such as have been misled by such false conceptions of the facts as are implied in this language, the resurrection must mean to a greater or less degree a reimprisonment, a restraint of liberties, a limitation of powers and attributes.

Such persons in reading the scriptures must feel more or less confused when they come across statements by the Lord and by the apostles and the prophets implying a great necessity for a resurrection—an absolute necessity—implying the utter nothingness of the person in death if there be no resurrection for him. In the preceding context the apostle has been discussing this very subject with some who, apparently, had come under the teaching of Greek philosophies, called Platonic philosophy—the same error which so generally prevails among Christian people today. Note the apostle's words, "If Christ be preached that he rose from the dead, how say some amongst you that there is no resurrection of the dead?"—or as some now would perhaps state it, there is no necessity for a resurrection from the dead.

The apostle could not agree with any such suggestion. In his theology, as in that which prevails throughout the scriptures every hope of future life hinges upon a resurrection from the dead. The apostle states this in so many words: "If there be no resurrection of the dead, then is Christ not risen (if a resurrection of the dead is an impossibility, it must have been an impossibility in our Lord's case, is the argument), and if Christ be not risen, then is our preaching vain, and your faith is also vain. Yea, and we are found false witnesses of God, because we have testified of God that He raised up Christ: whom He raised not up if so be that the dead rise not. For if the dead rise not, then is Christ not raised; and if Christ be not raised, your faith is vain; ye are yet in your sins. Then they also which are fallen asleep in Christ are perished."—Verses 12-18.

Faith Vain Without a Resurrection.

What strong language the apostle uses! He lays the whole stress of future salvation upon a future resurrection of the dead, and he unites the resurrection hope of mankind with the resurrection of our Lord. If Christ did not rise from the dead, no one will rise from the dead; if Christ did rise from the dead, it proves the possibility of a fulfillment of God's promise—the hope of a resurrection for every member of Adam's race sentenced because of Adam's sin and redeemed by our Lord's sacrifice.

All Christian faith is vain if there is no resurrection, all Christian preaching is vain, and all those who have gone down into death have perished—are without hope of any future life anywhere or of any kind—if there be no resurrection of the dead. Read these words of the apostle over to yourself quietly at home, ponder their meaning, and you will agree with me that our Lord's resurrection was a most momentous event.

The scriptural presentation of this subject is that God's penalty for sin includes the soul as well as the body—the intelligent and mental and moral qualities as well as the physical. From the scriptural standpoint Adam's soul was sentenced to death, "The soul that sinneth it shall die." It was necessary therefore in order to Adam's redemption, that whoever would pay his ransom price to justice must die, not only physically but in every sense of the word—must fill the conditions of the penalty.

In Adam's case this penalty was represented in our Lord's words, "Thou shalt surely die," addressing the intelligence of Adam, and not merely saying Thy body shall die and leave thee more alive than ever. The scriptural presentation of the sentence upon Adam is, "Dust thou art and unto dust shalt thou return." We have already seen on a previous occasion that the human soul or intelligence or existence is the result of a combination of life force ("spirit of life") with physical organism, and that the death of the man is the death of the soul, resulting from the separation of the spirit or vital spark of life from the organism or body.

This penalty which came upon Adam has been transmitted in a natural way to all humanity as his children, as the text declares—all who were in Adam at the time of his fall have inherited the dying qualities implied in his sentence.

The scriptures represent that the whole world of mankind, thus dying, go into oblivion, into unconsciousness, into dissolution. Thus we see that the death penalty upon man took from him all the rights and privileges which had belonged to him as a creature of higher intelligence, endowed with the moral likeness of his Creator—the privilege or boon of everlasting life.

This special provision of God for man above the provision for the lower animals having been lost by disobedience, man really was, therefore, on the same plane as the brute creation—without any right in God's promise or any character of his own which could call to justice for everlasting life.

Whatever, therefore, God shall at any time proffer to man in the nature of a hope or prospect for eternal life must be wholly as a free gift on God's part, entirely independent of any rights or privileges with which mankind was endowed at the time of his creation—for all these were "lost." But our Lord Jesus explains to us the object of His first coming, saying: "The son of man is come to seek and save that which was lost." Men by disobedience had "lost" the right to eternal life, and all the privileges and blessings and opportunities attaching to that great boon.

It was this life-right that man needed and that Christ came to give back to him. The Lord explains this in so many words, saying, "I am come that they might have life—and that they might have it more abundantly." (John x.:10.) He tells us again that he came not to destroy men's lives but to save them—to save them from the death sentence, the death penalty under which the race had then been for more than 6,000 years.—Luke ix.:56.

Christ's Soul Died and Revived.

Our Lord explained further how he intended to give the world life, saying, "The son of man came not to be served unto, but to serve, and to give His life a ransom for many." (Matt. xx.:28.) From this standpoint our Lord's life was laid down in death in exactly the same manner in which Adam's life was laid down, and for the very purpose of securing to Adam (and to the race in him when he was condemned) a release from the original sentence—a release from the death penalty.

In view of this, dear friends, what should we expect to find the Scriptures to teach respecting the character of our Lord's death? Do they teach, as is generally believed, that our Lord only appeared to die, but that in reality He did not die, and merely allowed His body to die on the cross? Not so; the Scriptures teach very explicitly that "He made His soul an offering for sin" (Isa. 53:10). Again they tell us that "He poured out His soul unto death" (Isa. 53:12). They tell us further that eventually "He shall see of the travail of His soul and shall be satisfied" (Isa. 53:11). It is evident, then, from these Scriptures that our Lord's "soul" died and thus fully met the penalty against sinners—"the soul that sinneth it shall die."

Whoever sees this clearly and distinctly sees that justice has been fully met, and that God, having thus laid upon His Son the penalty of Adam, can now be just in setting at liberty from death the soul of Adam and the souls of all of Adam's posterity, all of whom came under this death sentence through his disobedience, as the apostle most explicitly states the matter.—Rom. v:12.

Not only have we this evidence that Christ poured out His "soul" unto death and made His "soul" an offering for sin—for our sins—but additionally we have the Scriptural testimony that His "soul" was delivered from death in His resurrection—thus proving beyond peradventure that he did pay mankind's penalty, that He did pay the "wages of sin"—the soul that sinneth it shall die. The prophet David, speaking of our Lord, distinctly tells us that His "soul" was not left in sheol—the grave, the death state.—Psa. 16:10.

Let us notice the Apostle Peter's testimony on this subject, as recorded in Acts ii:24-34. He is discussing our Lord's resurrection, in full harmony with the words of the Apostle Paul in our text. Does not the frequency of the Scriptural references to the resurrection of the dead and the infrequent mention of it in the pulpits of our day attest clearly what we have already been showing, namely, that a great and serious error has crept into the Christian faith which bears upon this subject, and which tends to make the word of God of none effect to them that are beclouded with the error? It surely does.

It must surely strike Christian people in general as remarkable that so much emphasis is laid upon the absolute necessity of the resurrection of Christ and of the church and of the world in the Bible mention of these matters, while the majority of Christian people have perhaps never heard the subject of the resurrection preached upon a single time in all their lives. Why? Because of the erroneous thought that men who have died know more than they knew before they died.

It all comes from the ignoring of the Scriptural testimony on this subject, to wit, that "the dead know not anything—so that their sons come to honor and they know it not, or to dishonor and they perceive it not of them. For there is neither work nor device nor knowledge nor wisdom in the grave whither thou goest."—Job xiv:21; Eccl. ix:10.

Began at Christ's Baptism.

The Apostle Peter's argument is quite to the point. He was preaching on the day of Pentecost; he was charging home to his hearers the fact that they had crucified Jesus, and then in offset declares that God raised Him up from the dead—that it was not possible that He should be holden of death. It was the Father's promise that our Lord's faithful sacrifice of His life as the man Christ Jesus should not signify to Him an utter blotting out of His existence.

It would indeed mean the termination, the complete blotting out of Him as a man—His human existence, which He had assumed in exchange for a previous spirit existence, being given up as a "ransom" price for Father Adam and thus for all who were involved in Father Adam's disobedience. He could not rise from the dead as a man, as a human being, as flesh—his flesh being given once and for all and forever for the life of the world, for Adam and his race.—Heb., ii:9; Matt., xx:28; 1 Tim., ii:6.

But nothing in this arrangement for the complete laying down of His life as "the man Christ Jesus" interfered with another arrangement which the Father provided, namely, that at the time of His consecration when 30 years of age, He should be "begotten again" of the Holy Spirit to a new nature—a spiritual nature, higher than human. This spiritual nature developed as the earthly nature of our Lord was sacrificed day by day in obedience to the Father's plan.

The new nature, however, was merely the new will, the spirit-begotten mind of our Lord, and was entirely dependent upon His physical organization: and when, therefore, He was crucified, when He died, the new mind as well as the fleshly body was involved. With Him, as with all others, there was neither wisdom nor knowledge nor device in sheol.

Our Lord's resurrection, therefore, was not as a man, but as a spirit being—such as He was before He undertook the work of man's redemption and left the glory which He had with the Father before the world was—only that now His exalted position is still a superior one to that which He previously enjoyed. (Phil., ii:9.) This is the teaching of the apostle when he says: "He was put to death in the flesh, but quickened in the spirit." Speaking of our Lord's faithfulness unto death and the glorious exaltation to which it led, he says: He left the glory of the Father and took a bondsman's form and was made flesh for the suffering of death—that He, by the grace of God, should taste death for every man. And, being found in fashion a man, He humbled Himself even unto death, even the death of the cross. Therefore God hath highly exalted Him and given Him a name which is above every name; that at the name of Jesus every knee should bow and every tongue confess to the glory of God the Father.—Phil., ii:7-11; Heb., ii:9.

St. Peter, after declaring our Lord's resurrection from the dead, makes various quotations from the Prophet David, showing that our Lord's resurrection and future glory were foretold. Then, proving that David was not speaking these things respecting Himself, but respecting Christ, he says: "Men and brethren, let me speak freely to you of the Patriarch David, that he is both dead and buried and his sepulcher is with us unto this day."

The fact of his burial proved that David's flesh did see corruption, that God did not deliver him from the power of death, and his sepulcher was a standing memorial, not of his resurrection, but of his death and corruption and hope of a future resurrection through Christ. The apostle, in the words of our text, proceeds to show that David, as a prophet, foretold the resurrection of Christ from the dead, to be the heir of the throne of Israel and the world, as God had declared to David, and as He had previously declared to Abraham.

"This Jesus hath God raised up, whereof we all are witnesses," said St. Peter; and then he referred to the miraculous power of the holy spirit displayed in the eleven apostles as proofs that Jesus not only had arisen from the condition of death, but that He had ascended up on high to the Father and had sent forth the holy spirit, whose manifestations were generally perceived. As though to clinch his argument, and to prove that David was speaking of our Lord and not of himself, the Apostle adds in verse 34. "For David is not ascended into the heaven"—his prophetic reference therefore was to Jesus the one whom he represented in type and prophetically.

Results from Christ's Resurrection.

As the fact of Christ's death attests His love and devotion to us and that the penalty for the sins of the whole world has been fully paid, so His resurrection from the dead on the third day assures us that the Father was pleased with the sacrifice, that justice accepted it, and that therefore it will be possible to justly exonerate the whole world of mankind from the Adamic sin and all the penalties and consequences, depravities and hereditary weaknesses which have come down to us through that original sin.

God can be just and yet justify all mankind from all things—from all the sins that are the result of our original impairment as a race, mental, moral and physical degeneracy. The resurrection of Christ assures us further that God, who changes not, is carrying out the stupendous plan of salvation which he at first arranged, concerning which the Apostle prayed that the early church might more and more have the eyes of their understanding opened, that they might be able to comprehend with all saints the lengths and breadths and heights and depths of the love of God, which passeth all understanding.

This great, wide and deep and high plan of God relates to and has blessing for every member of our fallen race. As all who are in Adam shared his penalty, so all who shall come into obedient relation with Christ will in Him share the life which He has secured for the race. As yet only the church, only the "little flock," have had the eyes of their understanding and the ears of appreciation opened to grasp the situation and to appreciate the love of God which passeth all understanding.

This "little flock"—as we shall see, the Lord willing, next Sunday—is to have a special resurrection to spiritual favors and blessings and position, and from that standpoint in association with the Lord shall dispense blessings to the whole world of mankind in due time.

The due time for the world to have its resurrection privileges will be the next age, but this also we leave for consideration next Lord's day. Today we are dealing with the fundamental fact that our dear Redeemer died for our sins, and, as the apostle expresses it, "rose again on the third day from the dead for our justification." Blessed are our eyes and our ears which see and hear now of the grace of God! A special blessing comes to all of us who thus learn in advance of the world of the precious boon secured by the dear Redeemer's death, and which He lieves to bestow. The bestowment of this blessing upon the world waits for the election of the church, the bride class, to be joint heirs with Jesus in His heavenly kingdom.

In view of this wonderful outcome—in view of how much was dependent upon the Lord's death, and then dependent upon his resurrection and is still dependent upon His coming in the power of His kingdom to pour out the blessings secured by his death—how much may we rejoice today and give glory to God that the grave no longer holds our Master. We rejoice that the bars of the prison house of death have been broken so far as He is concerned, and that shortly they shall be broken so far as the church, His consort, is concerned, and that the hour is coming in which all that are in their graves shall come forth—shall be released or have the opportunity of being released, from the bonds of death, as well as the bonds of sin, shall have the privilege of being delivered from the bondage of corruption into the glorious liberty of the sons of God.

We do not wonder that farther along in the same chapter in which our text is found, the apostle—still discussing this momentous question of the resurrection of our Lord and its import of resurrection to the church and to the world—pointing down into the future accomplishment of divine promises, breaks out into the exclamation, "Then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written, death is swallowed up in victory. O, death! Where is thy sting? O, grave, where is thy victory? Thanks be unto God, who giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ"—victory over sin, victory over death!

Our Lord's last great message to His people refers to the same victory, triumphantly saying: "I am He that was dead (not merely apparently dead, but really so) and, behold, I am alive forever more, and have the keys (the authority, the power over) death and hades (the grave or death state)."—Rev. 1:18.

STUBBORN COLDS

For obstinate colds, lingering coughs and persistent bronchitis Scott's Emulsion is a standard remedy and a reliable cure. You can feel the good effects of even a small bottle. Easy to take.

REVIEW OF THE WEEK IN LOCAL MARKETS

Egg Market Bore Out Predictions—Close of Fast Season Has Effect.

Eggs attracted a great deal of attention last week on account of the approach of Easter. The market grew stronger gradually up to Saturday, and then broke; quotations today are 18½ to 19 cents; the Easter supply Saturday was ample and the demand has dropped off some. There was considerable speculation as to probable Easter prices, but the local market bore out predictions made in this column. Produce showed better than usual all week. So did provisions and live stock markets. This was due to the usual rush during the closing days of the Lenten fast. Good weather was also favorable to nearly all kinds of trade. New Orleans stuff moved out exceedingly well. Prices have been changed radically during the past week. Potatoes were very firm and sold around $1 20. Sweets are also up. Bananas are higher owing to a scarcity. In line with the general upward tendency, poultry advanced.

In groceries dealers reported a brisk trade, owing to more passable roads and the usual spring opening at this time of year. Flour was very quiet and excited little notice. Beans were reduced and so were dried fruits, owing to the heavy movement. Canned goods are enjoying a good season now and prices hold firm. Hay held firm to steady all week. Oats slumped and showed better at the close. Corn was very firm, and little is moving. The present crop is damp, and for this reason owners are slow to ship. The present quotations are the high record for this crop. Rye is still holding its own.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Sales reported: Corn, 1 car No. 2 yellow ear, at 55c; 1 car No. 3 yellow ear, at 55c. Oats, 1 car No. 2 white, at 47½c; 1 car No. 3 white, at 47c; 1 car sample, at 47c. Hay, 1 car No. 1 timothy hay, at $15 00; 1 car No. 1 timothy and 1 clover, at $14 75 and $12 50; 5 cars No. 2, at $14 00; 3 cars No. 2, at $14 25; 1 car No. 1 and 2 timothy, at $14 25; 1 car No. 1 and 2 timothy, at $14 75; 2 cars No. 2 timothy, with bales of No. 3, at $13 75; 2 cars No. 2 and 3 timothy, at $13 50; 1 car No. 3 timothy, at $11 00; 1 car No. 1 clover mixed, at $13 50; 1 car clover, mixed with bales of No. 2, at $13 25; 1 car sample, at $12 50; 1 car no grade, $9.25. Feed, 1 car sack feed, at $21 75.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania, 19 cars hay, 12 cars oats, 3 cars corn, 1 car feed; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 7 cars hay, 1 car oats; Baltimore & Ohio, 1 car corn, 1 car hay.

Hay, No. 1 timothy...$14.50@15.00
do No. 2.$14.00@14.50
No. 1 clov.$13.00@13.50
No. 1 mix.$13.00@13.50
Loose, from wagon.$15.00@17.00
Straw, oat...$9.00@9.50
do wheat..$9.00@9.50
do rye...$11.50@12.00
Oats, No. 2 white......47@47½c
do No. 3....46½@47c
do No. 4....46@46½c
Rye, No. 2 Mich.....85½@86½c
White middlings, No. 2, ton..$21.00@21.50
do brown.$20.50@21.00
Bran, ton...$20.00@20.50
Wheat, No. 2 red..........96@97c
Corn, No. 2 yellow shelled.......55@56c
High mix.......[illegible]@50c
No. 2 mix.......[illegible]@50c
No. 2 yellow ear..........55@56c

GROCERIES.

Flour.
Fancy spg. patent.......$5.50@5.55
Fancy winter patent......$4.75@4.80
Straight win.$4.50@4.55
Bakers' spg..$5.40@5.50
Rye........$4.25@4.30
Graham.....$4.75@4.80
Cornmeal bbl$3.15@3.25
do 10-lb cotton bags........17@18c
Rolled oats, bbl...$5.35
do kegs.......$2.85
Roasted Coffee.
Rio...........13@15c
Santos.....22½@23½c
Maracaibo....15½@16c
Peaberry.....17½@18c
Golden Rio....14@14½c
Caracas.......18@18½c
Standard pkgs...$10.35@11.05
High gr'd..$17.80@19.20
Molasses, fancy refined......35@37c
do choice.....32@35c
do open ket...38@40c
Syrup.
Fancy syrup....28@30c
Sug. and cane..24@25c
Prime.......24@25c
2½-lb cans, doz....[illegible]
3-lb cans, doz....$1 10
5-lb cans, doz....$1.85
10-lb cans, doz...$3.40
Maple, gal...75c@$1.00
Oatmeal, bbl.....$5.75
do kegs.........$3.00
Sugar, st. gran..4.75c
do bags........4.70c
do 2-lb carton..4.80c
do 5-lb bags....4.80c
do cubes........4.80c
do cut loaf......5.15c
do coff. A..4.50@4.60c
do No. 1 yellow.4.30c
do No. 2 yellow.4.25c
do No. 3 yellow.4.20c
Beans.
Navy, choice H. P.....$2.10@2.15
do prime H. P..$2.00
Red kidney..$3.40@3.45
Cal. lima, lb....4½@5c
Peas, dried, bu........$1.30@1.35
do split, lb.........4c
do marrow, bu.........$2.00@2.10
Oil, carbon, 110 deg..........12¼c
do headlight...13¼c
do water white..........13½c
do Ohio W. W. 150 deg......13¼c
do miners'...25¾@40c
do Elaine......16½c
do special brands.....26@43c
Rice, ex-fancy head, lb....6½@7c
do fancy Japan....4¼@5½c
do choice Carolina..........6@7c
Salt, No. 1 bbl...$1.00
do No. 1 extra..$1.10
do gran. rock.....95c
do pocket..$1.55@1.85
do dairy.........$1.30
Sauer kraut, cask$11.00
do bbls.........$8.25
do half bbls.....$4.25
Lentils, fancy, "6-O," lb...4¾@5c
do powdered....4.80c
do pow'd xxxx.4.85c

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, sta. pie..$1.10
do pie, gal$2.50@3.00
do California L. C....$1.90@2.35
do Maryland....$1.30@1.65
do California Y. F....$1.80@2.00
Corn, fancy.$1.35@1.[illegible]
do std....$1.25@1.40
Cherries, Cal. white..$2.50@2.75
Lima beans.$1.20@1.45
do soaked.....75@80c
String beans, 2-lb..70c
do 3-lb..........95c
Stringless beans...$1.25@1.75
Peas, marrowfat......95c@$1.00
do early June.....95c@$1.00
do soaked.......55@65c
Apples, N. Y., gal. cans.$2.20@2.40
Pineapples.$1.20@2.25
Plums, California....$1.60@1.70
Raspberries....85@95c
Gooseberries....85@90c
Tomatoes, standard...82½@90c
do fancy...$1.15@1.35
do gal.....$2.50@2.55
Succotash, 1-lb cans......$1.25@1.40
Baked beans, cans, tomato sc.75c@$1.00
Salmon, doz..95c@$2.00
Chipped beef.$2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans....$2.35@2.40
do 1-lb cans....$1.30@1.35
Mackerel, broiled....$1.90@2.50
Sardines, domestic, ¼s..$3.45@3.60
do mustards, ¾s $2.65
do French.$9.00@15.75

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl.....$32.00
do half bbl....$16.50
do quar. bbl...$8.50
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl....$26.00
do half bbls..$13.40
do quar bbls...$6.75
do 20-lb pails...$3.00
do 10-lb pails...$1.45
Mackerel, No. 2 large, bbls....$20.00
do half bbls....$10.40
do quar bbls....$5.50
do 20-lb pails....$2.20
do 10-lb pails....$1.25
do No. 2 Irish, 50-lb tubs......$6.00
Lake herring, 100 lbs.............$3.65
do 30-lb........$1.40
do 10-lb..........52c

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap., bags........10@12c
do 25-lb boxes....10½@12½c
Apples, bulk..6¾@8½c
do 1-lb cartons.........7½@8c
Peaches......7@10½c
Raspberries...25@27c
Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs...9½@10c
Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown 50-lb boxes.6¾@7¼c
do Ondaria Val........8@8¼c
do Cal. Val....7@7½c
Currants, cleaned, 25 and 60-lb pkgs.......6¾@7c
Prunes........3½@10c
Figs, Cal.........6@9c
do Turk.....12½@14c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu.small.$7.10@7.25
do mammoth...$7.20@7.35
do crimson$4.50@4.75
do white Dutch..$14.00@18.00
Alsike......$7.50@7.60
Alfalfa.....$8.50@9.00
Millet.......$1.35@1.50
Grass, Hungarian.....90c@$1.10
do lawn, lb...16@18c
do blue, 14-lb bu......$1.65@1.75
do red top, 14-lb bu..$1.10@1.60
Timothy....$1.50@1.55

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, store....$1.20@1.25
do track..$1.05@1.10
do Bermuda, bbl..........$10.00
Jersey sweets, boxes....$1.20@1.25
do bbls....$3.50@3.75
do hamper, No. 1....$1.50@1.75
do No. 2..$1.00@1.10
do medium $1.75@[illegible]
Turnips, bbl.$3.00@3.25
Onions, bbl..$3.[illegible]
do bulk.bu.$1.25@1.40
do Spanish, crate....$1.75@2.00
Havana onions, bu crates.$2.00@2.25
do Valencia, crate....$4.00@4.25
do Bermuda, crates...$2.40@2.50
Green onions, New Orleans.75@85c
Cucumbers, hothouse, doz.....$1.50@1.75
Green peas, per bu...$2.50@3.00
Cabbage, Danish.$55.00@60.00
do lb.........3½@4c
do Florida, new.....$3.50@4.00
Parsley, doz....40@50c
Radishes, doz...25@35c
Kale, bu.....25@30c
Celery, Florida..$1.75@2.00
do doz........85@90c
do New Orleans, doz.........50@60c
Lettuce, home, doz..........50@70c
do Ashtabula, basket........50@60c
do box........65@75c
do Florida, hamper...$1.75@2.00
do box, head.....$2.50@3.00
do head, bbl........$6.00@6.50
Garlic, lb.......12@15c
Carrots, bbl..$2.75@3.00
do new, doz...65@75c
String beans, green.....$2.00@2.50
Rhubarb, per doz.........85c@$1.00
Cauliflower, crate.......$2.50@3.00
Watercress, doz.25@30c
Brussels sprouts, quart.........18@20c
Florida tomatoes, 6-basket carrier, fancy.....$2.75@3.00
do choice..$2.25@2.50
Spinach, bbl..75c@$1.00
do baskets..90c@$1.00
do New Orleans, doz...........65@75c
Honey, new.....13@14c
Parsnips, bbl $3.00@3.25
Rutabagas..$1.75@2.00
Beets, bbl....$3.00@3.25
do new........60@75c
Popcorn, lb.......4@5c
Horseradish, bbl.........$7.50@8.00
Egg plant, hamper...$3.00@4.00
Strawberries, per qt.......25@35c
Peppers, 6-basket carriers..$3.00@3.50
Mushrooms, per lb......$35@40c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live chickens...15@16c
Roosters.........9@10c
Turkeys.......15@16c
Live ducks, lb..14@15c
Geese.........11@12c
Dressed hens....18@19c
Dressed springs18@19c
Roasters.......18@19c
Turkeys, fresh, dressed......20@23c
Roosters.......13@14c
Ducks.........19@20c
Capon, lb.......22@23c
Squab, doz........$4.50
do No. 2..........$3.00
Ducks, mallard, pair......$1.50@1.75
do teal..........$1.00
do blue bill.....$1.25
do ruddy.........$1.25
do red head$1.75@2.00
do canvasback.....$2.75@3.00
Impt. golden plover, doz..............$5.50
do black plover..$4.50
do grouse.......$2.50
do partridges....$2.25
Dressed suckling pigs, pair.$5.00@6.00
Large frogs, doz..$2.50
Snappers, per lb....10c

FRUITS.

Lemons, Messina......$2.50@3.00
do California.......$2.40@2.50
Limes, per 100.....$1.00
Oranges, California, navel......$2.25@2.75
do Florida.$2.75@3.25
Cocoanuts, bags..$2.50
Figs, cartons75c@$1.00
Bananas, 1st$1.75@2.50
do 2ds....$1.50@2.00
Pineapples, crate.....$4.00@4.50
Pears, California, W. Nellis.......$3.50
do Clairgeau....$2.75
Grapes, Almeria..$3.50@6.00
Grape fruit..$5.00@5.50
Apples, fancy, bbl.......$3.25@3.50
do choice..$2.00@2.50
Cranberries, box.......$1.75@2.00

NUTS.

Chestnuts, lb...10@11c
Filberts.........11c
Eng. walnuts..11@14c
S. S. almonds......16c
Tar. almonds......15c
Mixed.............12c
Brazil.............11c
Italian chestnuts.6@8c
Shellbarks, bu.........$1.75@2.00
Pecans..............12c
Walnuts....$1.00@1.25
Butternuts.........$1.00
Peanuts, fancy, roasted.........$1.35
do choice.........$1.65

PROVISIONS.

Hams.
18 lbs and up.....11c
Over 14 to 18 lbs...11c
Over 10 to 14 lbs....11c
10 lbs and under....11c
Skinned.........11¾c
Boneless boiled...17½c
California.........8c
Shoulders, N. Y. cut...............8c
do skinned......8½c
Ribs, 8 to 10 lbs.11½c
do 10 to 12 lbs..10½c
do back strips..10¼c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs..........11¾c
do 10 to 12 lbs..11¾c
Breakfast bacon, back strips....10¼c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears....8¾c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs.............8¾c
do 16 to 20 lbs..8¼c
do under 16 lbs..8¾c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears....9¼c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs..........9½c
do 16 to 20 lbs..9¾c
do under 16 lbs..9¾c
Lard, pure, tierces..........7¾c

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.
Prints.......27½@28c
Tubs.......26½@27c
Ohio cream.24½@25½c
Dairy.........15@16c
Country roll...15@16c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream.....11½@12c
do Ohio.....11@11½c
do ¾ crm.10¼@10½c
Cheese, Ohio Swiss.........13@13½c
do Wis. Swiss, tubs........15@15½c
do 20-lb block Swiss, new.......15@15½c
do Limberger.........13@13½c
do Brickstein.15@15½c
Eggs, fresh....18½@19c

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer, heavy...........8c
do light, under 60 lbs. and cows, all weights......7c
No. 1 green bulls....6c
Calfskin, No. 1....10c
do No. 2.........8c
Green salt or cured No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs......9c
do No. 2..........8c
Cows and light No. 1.............8c
do No. 2..........7c
Calfskin, No. 1.....11c

IN THE OIL FIELDS

The vigil that operators kept during the week for new oil developments in the lower southwest fields went unrewarded, for the little discovered had little bearing on the field situation and was of no particular interest to the operator in general. The wells completed are located for the most part inside of the old districts in West Virginia and Southeastern Ohio that have been under development for a long time, and they added nothing to the producing area of the respective districts in which they are located and very little in the way of new production. The wells completed numbered about the same as for previous weeks, but the average new production furnished was low. The deep sand territory, which has been rather regular in furnishing good producers each week, fell behind and had but one offer above the 100-barrel a day mark.

Despite the fact that this territory still shows the greatest activity in the lower southwest and has for more than two years been the main source of a supply of new production, it is now on the wane. The best well drilled in this district during the week is the property of the Wallace Oil & Gas Company, a new operating company, when it struck the Gordon pay at its test on the I. L. Talkington farm, located on the east side of the Folsom district, and got a producer that started at better than 200 barrels a day.

Fewer wells were completed in the Salem district, Harrison county, and all came in small. The chances for extending the producing limits of this district are diminishing, and the interior holds out inducements for nothing better than small pumpers. This district has more work of an experimental nature under way than any other of the deep sand districts.

In the Pine Grove district, Wetzel county, about the same conditions prevail as in other deep sand developments. The wells recently completed have come in light as compared with those found early in the development of the extension. At that time gushers were occasionally encountered, but nothing of the kind has enlivened operations in that quarter for a number of months.

In the shallow sand district, nothing out of the ordinary occurred during the week. The new Maxon sand development, near Middlebourne, Tyler county, is not coming up to what was expected of it when the South Penn Oil Company drilled in a 30-barrel producer on the J. R. Maloy farm. The South Penn drilled in its No. 2 on this farm a few days ago, and like No. 4 on the same farm, failed to get a producer in the Maxon formation. Unless the wells now drilling bring better results than the last four completed in this district, the territory will soon be deserted.

There is a little more encouragement for those operating in the Big Injun sand development near Wick, in the same county, for now and again a good producer is encountered, and the old wells show creditable staying qualities. Like other districts the producing limits of this pool have been defined, and the work is now confined almost exclusively to the drilling of the locations inside of the district.

In Calhoun county new work is increasing, and the prospects are favorable for a slight increase in production. Some gratifying producers are still found in the Berea grit development on Yellow creek, and interest is increasing in the new salt sand development to the northeast of the Yellow Creek district. In the vicinity of the South Penn Oil Company's producer on the Camden Sommers farm, a half dozen new wells have been started and the locations were made for as many more. The initial well in this development is holding up at about 25 barrels a day.

Operators on the Ohio side have not had any new attractions to claim attention. East of the Harper pool, in Monroe county, in the vicinity of the Beallsville Oil Company's good producer on the Griffith farm, a duster was drilled in on the T. D. Gibbons farm. This is the only district in this county that has any considerable amount of experimental work starting. In the Lewisville district the Carter Oil Company completed a test that started at 100 barrels a day.

Near Hopedale, Harrison county, the new wells have come in light and will not be the incentive for starting active development work. In the Adams development, in the same county, another 30-barrel producer was completed on the Adams farm. This district looks capable of supplying some new production.

In the shallow sand district in Washington county there has been a falling off in development work. The dry hole list is being inflated from this district. The Rays Run district is on the decline and no prospects of a revival. The limits of the development have been defined and the work consists of developing the interior. It was in this district, it was thought a month or two ago that the Berea grit would be found to be a prolific producing formation, but all of the late wells have proved failures in that formation.

There was but little developed in the local fields during the week to call for special mention. In the Burgettstown district, in Washington county, the Southern Oil Company & Greenlee completed a brace of good producers. This is still the most active district in the local district.

Shipments and Runs.

Shipments and runs of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana fields:

PENNSYLVANIA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
March 31	59,751	March 30-31	1,211,832
Prev. reported	1,866,649	Prev. reported	2,201,468
Total	1,926,400	Total	2,413,250
Daily avg.	62,142	Daily avg.	77,847

LIMA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
March 31	59,751	March 30-31	160,080
Prev. reported	1,979,188	Prev. reported	1,550,966
Total	2,038,939	Total	1,711,046
Daily avg.	65,772	Daily avg.	55,195

Pennsylvania shipments April 1........ 31,772
Lima shipments April 1................ 80,888

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223 Fourth Avenue.

BANK STATEMENT.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

NATIONAL BANK OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904:

RESOURCES		
Loans and discounts		$2,296,649 75
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		701 38
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		30,709 36
Stocks, securities, etc.		121 187 52
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		173 500 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$173,761 23	
Due from state banks and bankers	9,357 42	
Due from approved reserve agents	270,941 90	
Checks and other cash items	7,004 80	
Exchanges for clearing house	134,894 26	
Bills of other national banks	83,180 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	586 60	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	360.418 55	
Legal tender notes	71,410 00	
		1,061,594 76
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		25,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		7,000 00
Total		$4,216,342 77
LIABILITIES		
Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		400,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		32,261 24
National bank notes outstanding		500,000 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$ 653,746 50	
Due to state banks and bankers	21,024 49	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	18,827 65	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,964,648 29	
Demand certificates of deposit	112,632 50	
Certified checks	7,012 03	
Cashier's checks outstanding	6,190 07	
		2,784,081 53
Total		$4,216,342 77

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:
I, George S. Macrum, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEO. S. MACRUM, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of April, 1904.
H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
CHARLES McKNIGHT,
WM. L. ABBOTT,
GEO. H. FLINN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNION NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business March 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.		
Investment securities	$1,160,612 12	
Loans and discounts	4,771,415 73	
		$5,932,027 85
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		528 20
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		400,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		138,181 25
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		148,449 71
Other real estate and mortgages owned		10,562 67
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		157,968 61
Due from state banks and bankers		3,883 80
Due from approved reserve agents		433,824 42
Checks and other cash items		26,502 30
Exchanges for clearing house		77,708 10
Notes of other national banks		19,558 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		892 41
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie—Gold, $163,722.50; silver, $32,370.00	$196,092 50	
Legal tender notes	314,750 00	
		510,842 50
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer, (5 per cent of circulation)		25,000 00
Total		$8,386,329 88
LIABILITIES		
Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		3,250,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		409,321 83
National bank notes outstanding		495,500 00
Due to other national banks	$ 103,597 08	
Due to state banks and bankers	32,441 33	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	195,415 96	
Dividends unpaid	77 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	2,982,538 68	
Certified checks	4,437 55	
Cashier's checks outstanding	13,000 00	
United States deposits	400,000 00	
		3,731,508 05
Total		$8,386,329 88

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:
I, C. F. Dean, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. C. F. DEAN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of April, 1904.
H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
WM. M. REES,
T. M. ARMSTRONG,
ROBERT A. ORR,
Directors.

BANKERS AND BROKERS. BANKERS AND BROKERS.

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FARMERS' DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
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FOREIGN EXCHANGE BOUGHT AND SOLD.
DIRECTORS:
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Commercial Letters of Credit Issued by this bank afford merchants, importers and manufacturers the simplest and safest way of paying for goods purchased abroad.
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SENTIMENT IS UNCHANGED TOWARD WALL STREET

No Basis for Conclusion That Public Is Favorably Inclined—Action of Steel Corporation Directors May Have an Infiuence.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, April 3.—The developments of the week in the security market, though interesting in many ways, were not particularly illuminating. To the close of the interval the true purport of the chief demonstrations in stocks continued obscured, with as fair ground for the assumption that they were the result of the professional maneuvering as anything else. As such, possibly, they pointed to the fact that the speculative market has developed two sides, and may present better opportunities for trading in the near future than in the recent past. Unattended, however, by any enlargement of public interest, and with no very decided improvement in the division of bonds and investments, they did not afford a basis for a conclusion that there is any change in the temper of the community. They contributed not in the slightest to the solution of future problems. It is a matter of general comment that most of the stock market movement of the week developed in some way or other from the Northern Securities decision and the plan proposed for the liquidation of that company. They afforded the basis for the St. Paul-Union Pacific yarn, and this by a natural evolution suggested the equally picturesque theory that Atchison and Missouri Pacific would be forced to establish some alliance.

An event of the coming week which may throw considerable light on the business situation, or, at least, one important branch of it, and at the same time prove an influencing factor in the market, will be the meeting on Tuesday, to act on the preferred-stock dividend, of the United States Steel Corporation. Opinions as to the action of the directors is widely divergent, but probably the majority of well-informed bankers in Wall street at the close of the week inclined to the belief that the regular rate, on the basis of 7 per cent per annum, would be declared for this quarter. It is an important question, however, and the directors' action will be gauged not alone by the dividend they determine, but by the earnings reported for the quarterly period. Wall street is in a curious frame of mind—intensely critical — and it is difficult to say how it would view the payment of the dividend at the regular rate of the earnings of the corporation, for the quarter does not show the dividend to have been earned.

The steel corporation on December 31, 1903, showed a surplus of $66,096,682. Though it is expected to make a poor statement of earnings for the quarter, the result of very poor busines continuing up to comparatively recent date, when improvement was noted, it is doubtless fully able to pay the regular dividend. The unfortunate cumulative feature of the preferred shares will naturally induce the directors to strain a point, for the rate, if reduced, still becomes a deferred charge against future earnings and would prove an injury to the common stock. Doubtless most persons will draw the conclusion, if the dividend is paid but not earned, that the administration believes that the recent improvement in the industry is permanent and will continue. However, unless this point is accurately gauged, the outcome of the regular declaration would be unfortunate. If there is uncertainty it would certainly be wiser to meet the problem by a moderate reduction now and restore it at the succeeding quarter, than to mislead the army of shareholders and incur the possible charge of ulterior and selfish personal motive.

What the steel earnings will be is a mere matter of conjucture and whether the improvement in business marks the turn of the tide in the industry or merely the natural spring improvement, is a most puzzling question. It is known that the improvement is in the lighter products of the company. These, too, are the less productive of profit as well as the less considerable in output. In the heavier forms, rails, blooms, billets, slabs, tin plate bars and plates, the improvement has not been marked. In 1903 these furnished 38.6 per cent of the total business. There is an average reduction of about $6 a ton in price on the remaining 61.4 per cent of output. While reductions in wages have made savings, cuts in price for export have reduced profits heavily, and the shrinkage in earnings must be very extensive. The problem of the future of dividends on the Steel preferred stock is well known. The total fixed charges of the company, allowing for sinking funds and depreciation, are about $70,000,000. The total output of finished product is about 9,000,000. The question is, can an average profit of $8 a ton be earned and 9,000,000 tons be sold. The finished product in 1902 figured out a profit of $16 26 a ton. In 1903, with only the latter part of the year showing up bad, the profit on finished product figured out $14 30 per ton.

Several of the later developments of the steel corporation are not thoroughly clear, such as its purchase of 175,000 tons of pig iron at $13 a ton, when on December 31 it reported in its inventory ore on hand valued at $42,000,000, and pig iron and scrap valued at $5,800,000. It has been suggested that this was bought below cost of production, which would simply indicate that the general industry had been up to March 11, when the purchase was made, in worse condition than had been believed. If the purchase, on the other hand, shows profit to the furnaces, what becomes of the theory that, owning mines and transportation routes and everything else, the corporation could manufacture cheaper than any other producer in the world? The future of the great corporation is certainly a matter of great interest and the outcome of Tuesday's meeting will be watched with great interest, whatever action be taken on the dividend.

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Statement of the associated banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house, as required under section 16 of the Constitution, for the week ended April 2:

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	*Deposits.	Circulation.
Bank of N. Y. N. B. A.	$ 18,366,000	$3,201,000	$ 1,546,000	$ 17,843,000	$995,000
Bank of the Manhattan Co.	20,228,000	9,181,000	2,226,000	28,126,000	....
Merchants National Bank	13,799,200	3,022,100	1,347,500	16,168,700	....
Mechanics National Bank	13,400,000	2,387,000	1,611,000	13,939,000	....
Bank of America	21,307,000	4,515,000	2,058,200	23,680,400	....
Phoenix National Bank	3,804,000	850,000	205,000	3,566,000	46,500
National City Bank	162,720,000	38,284,300	7,896,800	166,066,900	1,520,000
Chemical National Bank	24,073,300	5,902,700	1,722,400	24,314,000	....
Merchants Ex. National Bank	5,902,700	936,100	547,900	5,824,300	181,900
Gallatin National Bank	7,979,700	951,400	484,900	5,688,500	986,400
Nat. Butch. & Drovers Bank	2,029,900	593,300	25,900	2,271,200	45,100
Mechanics and Traders Bank	4,260,900	566,500	450,000	4,430,000	....
Greenwich Bank	2,201,200	506,700	407,600	2,101,500	....
Leather Manuf. Nat. Bank	5,301,200	2,595,200	361,900	6,995,200	488,800
American Exchange Nat. Bank	31,066,000	3,627,000	1,867,000	23,602,000	4,475,000
National Bank of Commerce	160,133,600	30,277,000	10,052,600	151,958,000	11,335,500
Mercantile National Bank	25,021,100	4,628,400	1,179,400	22,101,400	1,775,700
Pacific Bank	2,977,600	410,600	446,100	3,596,100	....
Chatham National Bank	6,253,600	835,300	844,200	6,359,000	40,000
Peoples Bank	2,129,300	204,400	457,700	2,568,700	....
National Bank of North America	16,751,000	2,165,100	1,596,400	15,684,700	840,000
Hanover National Bank	47,821,500	11,465,105	4,211,300	58,790,100	250,000
Irving National Bank	6,251,600	959,600	430,900	5,577,000	244,900
Citizens Central Nat. Bank	14,405,300	3,258,300	1,538,400	17,383,800	609,100
Nassau Bank	2,645,500	313,500	325,500	3,129,900	....
Market & Fulton Nat. Bank	6,544,100	1,574,000	551,900	6,929,800	44,700
National Shoe and Leather Bank	6,978,000	1,922,200	174,700	8,317,900	99,700
Corn Exchange Bank	30,224,000	6,227,000	2,933,000	36,857,000	....
Oriental Bank	7,058,300	1,421,700	408,600	7,134,400	....
Imp. & Traders Natl. Bank	23,669,000	3,947,000	1,239,000	26,878,000	46,600
National Park Bank	65,720,000	16,610,000	4,043,000	75,745,000	2,879,500
East River National Bank	1,155,000	184,300	180,200	1,277,100	50,000
Fourth National Bank	19,869,900	3,341,300	2,796,500	22,465,800	50,000
Second National Bank	8,561,000	1,114,000	1,447,000	10,112,000	261,000
First National Bank	84,028,400	25,025,000	2,040,000	82,252,200	6,877,000
New York Natl Ex. Bank	7,376,000	1,261,400	488,100	6,652,200	616,700
Bowery Bank	2,801,000	380,000	257,000	3,164,000	....
New York County Natl. Bank	4,323,900	953,800	476,800	5,690,300	50,000
German American Bank	3,474,500	647,100	222,700	3,370,500	....
Chase National Bank	40,257,900	11,599,700	1,666,600	48,555,100	50,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	8,669,600	2,139,500	252,500	9,326,300	....
German Exchange Bank	2,663,600	170,000	688,000	3,172,300	....
Germania Bank	3,127,300	422,500	628,900	4,913,900	....
Lincoln National Bank	9,956,500	535,300	2,000,000	10,179,200	248,300
Garfield National Bank	7,197,700	1,620,200	286,100	7,222,800	49,400
Fifth National Bank	2,431,900	507,900	139,700	2,682,900	243,700
Bank of the Metropolis	8,575,000	1,586,700	770,600	9,806,400	....
West Side Bank	3,121,000	668,000	302,000	3,979,000	....
Seaboard National Bank	13,804,000	2,491,000	1,639,000	16,021,000	50,000
First Natl. Bank, Brooklyn	4,315,000	566,000	696,000	4,613,000	75,000
Liberty National Bank	11,050,900	2,177,900	240,000	9,744,100	795,500
N. Y. Produce Exch. Bank	4,916,500	926,600	328,200	5,130,400	....
New Amsterdam Natl. Bank	5,640,400	801,900	667,700	6,393,300	100,000
Astor National Bank	4,863,000	940,000	300,000	4,887,000	350,000
Totals	$1,022,707,100	$223,390,100	$71,707,300	*$1,069,369,400	$36,880,000
	Increase.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
	$14,843,400	$5,663,000	$201,600	$20,700,900	$56,000

Reserve on total deposits, increase $286,175. Reserve on deposits other than United States, increase $2,826,000.

*United States deposits included, $56,107,400.

Clearings for week, $1,064,278,688 32. Balances for week, $67,274,148 25.

DECREASE IN WORLD'S SHIPMENTS AIDS WHEAT

Closes at Net Advance, and Corn, Oats and Provisions Gain at Chicago.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, April 2.—Before trading began in the wheat pit news from across the sea was scant, owing to foreign exchanges being closed. About the only figures of any consequence were those of Bradstreet's showing small world's shipments of wheat and flour. Under the influence of the decreased movement a firm tone prevailed at the opening, July being up ⅛@⅜c at 87¾@88c. The market became still stronger in sympathy with strength in corn and oats. Shorts who did not care to carry lines over Sunday covered freely. Prices responded to the demand and advanced, July selling up to 88¼c. Great preponderance of shipments over receipts of wheat at St. Louis and Kansas City was also a bull factor. Receipts at the two points amounted to only 48,000 bushels and shipments to 363,000 bushels. That feature of the situation, combined with the fact that everywhere throughout the winter wheat country millers were paying a premium on milling grain, aided in giving a strong undertone to the market. Toward the latter part of the session, however, sentiment temporarily changed to the bear side. A reaction had occurred in coarse grains which induced considerable selling of wheat. Private crop reports gave indications of a fair yield and this information brought out additional sales. Under this selling July declined to 87⅝c. The market rallied again just before the close, a firm tone being manifested. Final figures on July were at 87¾@87⅞c. May sold between 95⅜c and 96⅜c, closing at 96⅛c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 331,700 bushels. Primary receipts were 643,000 bushels, against 411,700 bushels a year ago. Exports of wheat and flour for the week, as shown by Bradstreet's were 1,257,000 bushels. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 470 cars, against 220 cars last week and 259 a year ago.

Sentiment in the corn pit was bullish, due to renewed purchases by a big holder. Small receipts and an improvement in cash demand were additional factors. During the early part of the session offerings were comparatively light, but late in the day considerable long corn came out from small traders, causing a recession from the high point. Offerings were well taken, however, and the undertone continued strong. July opened ¼@⅜c higher at 53½c, sold between 53¼@53⅝c and 54c and closed at 53¾c. Local receipts were 234 cars. The feature in trading in oats was covering by local shorts. Offerings were not large and a firm tone prevailed. Small receipts and an excellent cash demand were supporting influences. After opening ⅛c higher at 39½c July sold between 39⅜c and 40c, closing at 39⅝c. Local receipts were 197 cars.

Provisions were strong on an active demand for all products. The interest of trading centered in pork, there being heavy buying in that product, credited to eastern traders. A small run of hogs and an advance of 10c to 15c in prices at the yards were early bull factors, while the strength in corn was an influence later in the day. The market closed strong with July pork up 17½c at $13 52½. July lard closed 2½@5c higher at $7 17½@7 20. Ribs were up 2½c at $7 10.

The board will be closed Tuesday, election day.

The leading futures reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago board of trade, Farmers Bank building, are as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Thursday's Close.
WHEAT No. 2.					
May	96	96⅝	95¾	96¼	95⅞
July o	89½	89¾	89	89¾	89¼
July n	88	88¼	87⅝	87⅞	87⅝
Sep. o.	82⅞	83½	82¾	83¼	83
Sep. n.	81¾	82¼	81½	82	83
CORN No. 2.					
May	56⅞	57½	56¾	57	56½
July	53½	54	53⅛	53¾	53⅛
Sept.	52⅜	52¾	52⅛	52⅝	52
OATS No. 2.					
May	41⅜	42¼	41⅝	41⅞	41⅝
July	39½	40	39⅜	39⅝	39⅝
Sept.	33⅞	33½	33	33⅞	33
MESS PORK.					
May	13 20	13 47½	13 20	13 30	13 15
July	13 40	13 70	13 40	13 52½	13 35
LARD.					
May	7 02½	7 07½	7 00	7 02½	6 97½
July	7 20	7 25	7 17½	7 20	7 15
SHORT RIBS.					
May	6 92½	7 00	6 92½	6 95	6 90
July	7 10	7 15	7 07½	7 10	7 07½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour quiet and steady; winter patents, $4 80@5 00; straights, $4 50@4 70; spring patents, 4 40@4 70; straights, $4 00@4 20; bakers, $3 00@3 50; No. 2 spring wheat, 75c@1 00; No. 3, 88c@$1 00; No. 2 red, 96½c@$1 02⅜; No. 2 corn, 56½@56⅝c; No 2 yellow, 56¾@57c; No. 2 oats, 41⅜@41⅞c; No. 3 white, 42½@44¼c; No. 2 rye, 72c; good feeding barley, 38@40c; fair to choice malting, 45@55c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 09; No. 1 northwestern, $1 16; prime timothy seed, $2 80; mess pork, per bbls, $13 50@13 37½; lard, per 100 lbs., $6 95@6 97; short ribs, sides, loose, $6 62½@6 87½; short clear sides, boxed, $7 25@7 50; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 28; clover, contract grade, $10 50@10 60.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bls.	51,500	71,500
Wheat, bu.	72,000	76,000
Corn, bu.	293,000	240,000
Oats, bu.	468,400	478,400
Rye, bu.	30,200	13,600
Barley, bu.	131,900	56,800

I. W. SCOTT & CO.
Field and Garden Seeds,
Agricultural Implements,
Poultry Supplies.
5 UNION ST.
514 LIBERTY ST. PITTSBURGH, PA.

U. S. STEEL PFD.
At its present selling price pays the investor
11.80%
We will carry this and other stocks for you on a
5% MARGIN
E. B. JENKINS & CO., Inc.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
314 Fourth Ave. Pittsburgh, Pa.

BANKERS AND BROKERS. BANKERS AND BROKERS.

The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh
335, 337, 339 FOURTH AVENUE

CAPITAL..................$ 1,500,000
SURPLUS..................$16,000,000

WILLS

MAKING A WILL—Disposing of one's property is usually a simple matter, and the selection of **THE UNION TRUST CO. OF PITTSBURGH** as Executor will insure the carrying out of your wishes by an Executor having the requisite EXPERIENCE, ABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY.

Receives Deposits and Allows Interest at the Rate of Two Per Cent Per Annum on Daily Balances Subject to Check.

THE COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $9,544,112.87

Functions of a Trust Company
No. 48—Banking

A strong trust company is a desirable depository because it not only affords all the facilities of a first-class bank, but is ready to advise and assist its depositors in all their monetary affairs.

2% on Checking Accounts
4% on Savings Accounts

317 FOURTH AVENUE

United States Depository
PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK
of Pittsburgh
Capital $1,000,000
Surplus $1,000,000
Adequate resources and thorough equipment enable this bank to render prompt, efficient service—
409 WOOD STREET.

DUQUESNE NATIONAL BANK
No. 409 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Capital - - - - - - $500,000
Surplus - - - - - - 650,000
SOLICITS BUSINESS.

2 PER CENT
On Checking Accounts.
TREASURY TRUST COMPANY
219 Fourth Avenue.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

HENRY SPROUL & CO.
BROKERS.
NEW YORK OFFICE,
Johnson Bldg., 30 Broad St.
PITTSBURGH OFFICE,
Peoples Savings Bank Bldg.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

Established 1822
N. Holmes & Sons,
Bankers,
Wood St., Cor. Fourth Ave.
Exceptional Facilities for Handling Accounts. Foreign Exchange. Letters of Credit. Investment Securities.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
DIAMOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.
At Close of Business March, 28, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Investments	$3,041,155.91
Overdrafts	19.14
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	200,000.00
Banking House	188,567.13
Cash and Due from Banks	668,255.78
Due from U. S. Treasurer	25,000.00
	$4,122,997.96

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$ 500,000.00
Surplus and Profits	1,316,434.08
Circulation	198,350.00
Deposits	2,108,213.88
	$4,122,997.96

OFFICERS:
WILLIAM PRICE, President.
D. C. WILLS, Cashier. W. O. PHILLIPS, Asst. Cashier.

DO YOUR BANKING WHERE $4,000,000 GUARD YOUR DEPOSITS.
That amount in Capital, Surplus and Profits is the security afforded every depositor with
Real Estate Trust Co.
311 FOURTH AVENUE.
4% On Time Deposits. 2% On Check Accounts.

Investment Department. Capital, Surplus and Profits, $7,200,000.

Farmers Deposit National Bank
Fifth Ave. and Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
OWNS AND OFFERS FOR SUBSCRIPTION
$700,000 First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Twenty-Year Gold Bonds
—OF THE—
ORIENT COKE COMPANY,
DATED APRIL 1st, 1904. DUE APRIL 1st, 1924.
Interest Payable April 1st and October 1st, at Farmers Deposit National Bank.
FIDELITY TITLE & TRUST CO., TRUSTEE.
Coupon Bonds of $1000 denomination, with the privilege of registration as to principal and interest, or both.

TAXES.

All payments upon these bonds, both of principal and interest, are made without deduction of any United States, State, County or Municipal tax or taxes, which the Company, its successors or assigns, will be required to pay, deduct or retain therefrom under any present or future law, the Company agreeing to pay all such tax or taxes. Said payments to be made in gold coin of the United States, of the present standard of weight and fineness.

REDEMPTION.

The right is reserved to redeem the whole or any part of the issue at any semi-annual interest period after April 1st, 1909, at 110, upon six weeks' prior notice by publication.

SINKING FUND.

A sinking fund is required by the mortgage of 10 cents on every ton of coal shipped, or 15 cents on every ton of coke shipped. It is to be used in the retirement of the bonds or to be invested in additional coal acreage, with the consent of the trustee. If used for the latter purpose the coal so purchased becomes part of the mortgaged premises and subject to all the provisions of the mortgage.

ORGANIZATION.

The Company is organized under the laws of Pennsylvania with

Capital Stock, - - $1,400,000
Bonds - - - 700,000

for the purpose of manufacturing coke exclusively, although coal may be shipped if deemed desirable.

The Directors of the Company are Mr. Julian Kennedy, the well-known mechanical engineer, President; Mr. Charles J. Morse, Secretary and Treasurer; Mr. Robert Bentley, Secretary and General Manager of the Ohio Iron and Steel Co.; Mr. Henry M. Robinson, of the law firm of Arrel, McVay & Robinson, Youngstown, Ohio; Mr. Howard M. Hooker, of H. M. Hooker & Co., Coke and Pig Iron Brokers, Farmers Bank Building, Pittsburgh; Mr. C. W. Jackson, Manager Coke Department of Messrs. Rogers Brown & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio; and Mr. Reid Kennedy, President of the Monongahela Trust Co., Homestead, Pa.

Other large stockholders are the Ohio Iron and Steel Co., of Youngstown, Ohio, Messrs. Rogers Brown & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, and interests who are connected with the Iroquois Furnace Co., of Chicago, all of whom are large consumers of coke, thus insuring to the Company customers at all times for its full output.

We beg to call attention to the letter overleaf of Mr. Julian Kennedy, President of the Company, which sets forth more particularly the Company's affairs.

LEGALITIES.

The mortgage has been prepared and all legal details supervised by Messrs. Reed, Smith, Shaw & Beal, Attorneys, Pittsburgh, Pa. Copies of the mortgage and any further information desired may be had on application at this bank.

Subscriptions at par and accrued interest will be received from March 31st, 1904, until April 4th, 1904, at 3 o'clock, to be accompanied by check for ten per cent of subscription.

Allotment will be made as quickly thereafter as possible and final payment made April 6th, 1904.

Negotiable receipts will be issued, exchangeable for bonds when engraved.

The right is reserved to reject applications, to close subscriptions earlier than said date, and to allot smaller amounts than those applied for.

These bonds, being free of tax, make a five per cent investment, which we unhesitatingly recommend to our friends and customers as safe and desirable.

Farmers Deposit National Bank.
Pittsburgh, March 30th, 1904.

Farmers Deposit National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 13, 1904.

Gentlemen—The Orient Coke Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, purchased a tract of Connellsville coal of 1,151 acres, located in what is known as the Klondike Field, and an additional purchase was made of 200 acres of surface land located on Dunlap's Creek, Fayette County, Pennsylvania, and covering the entire width of that valley on which the works are located.

This tract is about one mile in breadth and two miles in length, and is exceedingly well situated for the building of the plant, railroad facilities and economical mining. The property adjoins the coal lands and coke works of the H. C. Frick Coke Company on the east, the tract of the Republic Iron and Steel Company on the west, and of the Briar Hill Coke Company on the north.

A diamond drill and other drill holes were sunk on the tract to develop the depth and contour of the coal bed, and the results proved to be exceedingly satisfactory. Almost the entire tract will drain to the shafts.

The new through line of the Monongahela Railroad now in process of construction from New Salem due north to Brownsville, along Dunlap's Creek, to be operated jointly by the P. R. R. and P. & L. E. R. R. interests, crosses the propery and connects directly with the Company's works, thus furnishing excellent facilities for shipments both east and west. The line has already been completed to the Company's works. A railroad called the Brownsville Southern Railroad, the stock of which this Company controls, has been chartered and a valuable location made and perfected, connecting Merrittstown, a village about one mile below the location of the works on Dunlap's Creek, with the Masontown and New Salem Railroad (Monongahela Railroad), at New Salem, and the B. & O. R. R. near Leckrone, thus furnishing an independent connection for any future lines building into this valley.

Two shafts have been sunk on the property and are now completed. The coal in the hoisting shaft was found to be 9' 3" thick, and in the air shaft 9' 1" thick. The analysis and general appearance of the coal indicate that it is of an excellent quality for coking and to be soft and easily mined.

It is customary to estimate for coking purposes that one acre will furnish 1,500 tons of coal per foot of thickness of vein. Allowing for waste in mining and estimating the thickness of vein at only 8 feet, the Company's property will yield 12,000,000 net tons of coking coal. The amount to be placed in the sinking fund of 10c on each ton of coal shipped, or the equivalent amount of 15c on each ton of coke shipped, would by the time the coal is exhausted, make a total of $1,200,000, showing ample provision for the retirement of the bonds.

The plant has been designed with ample power and capacity of at least 500 ovens, 300 of which are already in process of building. It has been built in a thorough and durable manner, with a view to the minimum cost of operation for the period of its probable duration, and the machinery and equipment is believed to be the best of its kind and of ample size throughout for the purpose intended.

It is the purpose of the Company to erect 150 more ovens, the cost of which will be provided out of the earnings.

It is designed, as soon as the development will justify, to equip the mine with air locomotive haulage, the grades being very favorable for an economical installation of that kind.

All the necessary houses for miners and their families have been built in a thorough and substantial manner, with stone foundations and slate roofs. A large store, the office building, and all others necessary for the operation of the plant are of the same substantial character.

Since the purchase of the Company's coal tract in November, 1902, the Republic Iron and Steel Co. purchased the adjoining tract on the east, and since that time all of the coal of the quality of the Company's tract has passed into strong hands for permanent operation, and it is believed it is worth fully $1,000 per acre at this time. Small tracts have recently been purchased in the neighborhood for as much as $1,500 per acre.

The fact that iron men are more than ever keenly alive to the necessity of using high grade coke in the manufacture of pig iron, and that they recognize Connellsville Coke as the standard, taken in connection with the enormous tonnage being taken out of this region, which necessitates a comparatively early exhaustion of this unique source of supply, makes it sure that the property in this district must appreciate still more in value.

Mr. Orin W. Kennedy, for 15 years Superintendent of the H. C. Frick Coke Company, made an examination of this property and invested in a large block of the stock, becoming the Manager.

The annual production of coke with 300 ovens in operation is estimated at 180,000 tons, and with 450 ovens would reach 270,000 tons.

Estimated Gross Earnings of Plant With 300 Ovens In Operation:

300 ovens, 180,000 tons of coke per annum (at average price per net ton of $1.85)		$333,000
Taxes on Mortgage at 4 mills	$ 2,800	
Sinking Fund of 15c per net ton coke	27,000	
Cost of Operating	171,000	200,800
Net Profit		$132,200

Or nearly four times the interest on the bonds.

Estimated Gross Earnings of Plant With 450 Ovens In Operation:

450 ovens, 270,000 tons of coke per annum (at average price per net ton of $1.85)		$499,500
Taxes on Mortgage at 4 mills	$ 2,800	
Sinking Fund of 15c per net ton coke	40,500	
Operating Expenses	256,500	299,800
Net Profits		$199,700

Or nearly six times the interest on the bonds.

Yours truly, JULIAN KENNEDY, President.

UST NOT MOVE THIEL COLLEGE

Judge Miller Will Make Injunction Permanent Against Trustees.

VICTORY FOR GREENVILLE

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

MERCER, April 3.—(Special.)—Judge Miller will file his opinion tomorrow in the injunction proceedings of John R. Packard and L. L. Keck against the trustees of Thiel college, making permanent the preliminary injunction granted September 5, 1903, restraining the trustees from removing or selling the personal property of the Thiel college and from selling, dismantling or committing any act that will lessen the value of the real estate and from removing the college from Greenville.

The defendants are required to pay the plaintiffs the legal costs of the proceedings. Judge Miller, after answering the law points submitted to him, will say:

> In view of the requests and answers for finding of facts it seems so plain to us that the location of Thiel college is an essential part of its charter. That argument in support of this fact is unnecessary. Ordinarily the act of incorporation or the charter fixes the corporate location by name, but in the present case the act left the location to be determined by the trustees, the words of the act being, "to be permanently located at such a place in Western Pennsylvania as the trustees may hereafter determine."
>
> Manifestly the act contemplated but one location, and this should be permanent, in the same sense that it would have been if the name of the place to be selected had been written in the act itself. No power is given to them to make a second location or re-location. The act simply authorizes the trustees to make one single location. The college having been actually located by the trustes at Greenville in the year 1872, a site procured, college buildings erected and the work of the college carried on without interruption for more than 30 years, it seems too plain for argument that the college could not be removed from Greenville, at least without any amendment of its charter.
>
> The only other question to be determined is the standing of the plaintiffs to maintain this suit to remove the college. To hold that the plaintiffs have no standing, would be to declare they never acquired any rights whatever under their contracts for the location of the college, and for which they paid their money. Certainly the act giving the courts to restrain by injunction unlawful rights of individuals are injured or invaded is broad enough in its terms to cover the injury complained of in this case and includes the plaintiffs in the class of persons for whom these provisions are intended.

Much Oil Lost in Floods.

BUTLER, PA., April 3.—(Special.)—The South Penn Oil Company employes state the company lost 100,000 barrels of oil during the March floods through the breaking of pipe lines and the washing away of tanks. The greatest loss resulted at the Eldeman pump station, two miles west of Evans City, where the big main pipe line was broken in seven places within a distance of one mile, by the waters of Breakneck creek. The monetary loss amounted to $200,000.

Saloon Riot May End in Death.

NEW BETHLEHEM, PA., April 3.—(Special.)—A riot occurred at the New Alcola hotel, at Oak Ridge station, three miles east of this place, Friday, and John Summers lies in a serious condition. It was the opening day of the new hotel, it having been granted its first license, being twice refused at the recent term of court. Summers was brutally kicked in the face and body.

JAPAN BUYS MUCH FROM THIS LAND

Iron, Steel and Other Exports to Mikado's Realm Are Very Heavy.

GREAT GROWTH OF TRADE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.

"Commercial Japan in 1904" is the title of a monograph just issued by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics. It shows that the trade relations between the United States and Japan in recent years have grown with greater rapidity than between Japan and any other nation.

In 1881 the imports from the United States formed less than 6 per cent of the total importations into Japan, while in 1902 they formed nearly 18 per cent of the total importations. Meantime Great Britain's share in the imports of Japan fell from 52 per cent to 18 per cent in 1902. The United States is also Japan's largest customer. The total exports from Japan in 1900 amounted to 204,429,994 yen (yen is equal to 51 cents, United States currency) in value, and of this amount 52,566,395 yen went to the United States, 39,177,455 to Hongkong, 31,871,576 to China, 19,150,423 to France and 11,262,997 to the United Kingdom; the total exports of 1902 amounted to 258,303,065 yen, of which 80,232,805 yen in value went to the United States, 25,876,959 to Hongkong, 46,838,545 to China, 27,283,458 to France and 17,346,149 to the United Kingdom.

The exports of Japan to the United States are chiefly of articles which are not produced in this country, and are required by our manufacturers.

Japan's imports from the United States have grown with even greater rapidity than her exports to the United States. In 1881 they amounted to but 1,781,108 yen, and in 1900 reached 62,761,196 yen in value. Proportionately, they have grown with much greater rapidity than the total importations of Japan, our share of her import trade having increased from 5.72 per cent in 1891 to 17.91 per cent in 1902, while the United Kingdom, our principal competitor in that market, which furnished, in 1881, 52.57 per cent of the total imports of Japan, supplied, in 1902, 18.53 per cent. In the fiscal year 1892 our total exports of domestic merchandise to Japan amounted to $3,288,282, and in 1902 to $21,139,726. Of this total the largest item of export was raw cotton, which aggregated $9,058,290, the next largest, illuminating oil, with a total of $5,195,665.

Third in rank is manufactures of iron and steel, with a total of $1,923,607. The exports of locomotive engines in 1902 amounted to $129,352 in value; builders' hardware, $106,651; sewing machines, $15,980; firearms, $9,513; car wheels, $11,955; other machinery, $734,696; and miscellaneous manufactures of iron and steel, $915,460.

The exports of raw cotton have grown from but $85,211 in 1890 to $9,058,290 in 1902. Illuminating oil, the exports of which amounted in 1890 to $3,559,395 in value, showed in 1902 a total of $5,195,665.

The entire area of Japan is but 161,159 square miles, or less than the state of California, while but about 12 per cent of the land is under cultivation.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

GOVERNOR'S EYE ON PEACE GUARDIANS

Indiscriminate Appointment of Coal and Iron Police at an End.

LICENSES TO BE LIMITED

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
HARRISBURG, April 3.

Gov. Pennypacker has adopted a new policy in the appointment of coal and iron policemen, and hereafter a limitation will be placed on the commissions issued to such officers.

The custom has been to commission coal and iron policemen for an indefinite period, with the result in some cases the authority of the state to make arrests is held by men appointed years ago for a specific purpose and for an emergency that no longer exists. This is one of the principal objections of organized labor to the act of 1865, by authority of which the appointments are made, and for the repeal of which the United Mine Workers and other labor organizations have for years been working.

Appointments are frequently made without regard to the character or fitness of the appointees, especially during a labor disturbance in the coal regions, when as many as 300 and 400 coal and iron police are appointed in one day at the request of the coal operators and railroad companies. The governor's policy is to issue a commission for only one year, at the end of which time the commission may be renewed if the circumstances justify. Before making appointments of this character the governor must be furnished with the following information by the applicants:

"The name of the corporation owning or using a railroad applying for the appointment of policemen or of the company, firm or individual so applying. Whether or not the corporation, company, firm or individual so applying owns or operates a railroad or leases or is in possession of a colliery, furnace or rolling mill and whether or not it is in operation at the time the application is made."

The governor will also require the applicant to state the circumstances of the case which require such appointment; the capabilities of the persons whom he is asked to appoint; what are their reputation for sobriety and peaceableness, and whether or not the persons recommended for appointment are citizens of the United States, their residence and how long such residence has continued.

Failed to Break the Record.

SHARON, April 3.—(Special.)—The attempt to break the world's record for monthly production of pig iron held by the Duquesne blast furnace, by the South Sharon furnace of the Carnegie Steel Company, failed. An important factor in the failure was the fact that the furnace was idle two days during March on account of high water. The record for the month at South Sharon was 16,385 tons, which is regarded as a remarkable output for a furnace of 550 tons capacity. The Duquesne record is 19,000 tons in one month.

New Trolley Extension Assured.

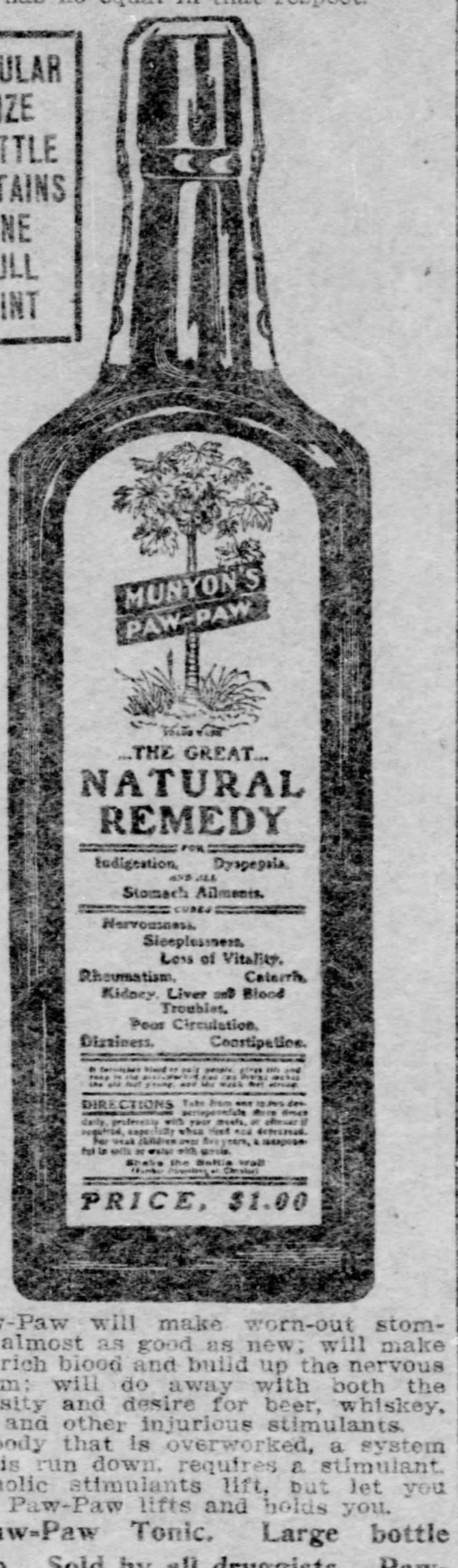
WASHINGTON, PA., April 3.—That the Wheeling Traction Company will extend its line from the present terminus at West Alexander to Claysville, seems to be indicated by the payment yesterday of $40,000 for rights of way between the two towns. The original survey has been changed and a somewhat shorter and more direct route has been secured.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW CURES DYSPEPSIA

What Thos. F. Downing Says:

Mr. Downing is Secretary and Treasurer of the Chicago Car Heating Co. Hear what he says: "I have been a severe sufferer from Stomach trouble, which brought on Nervousness and Insomnia. Two bottles of Munyon's Paw-Paw cured me completely of these troubles, but I continue its use as a tonic, as it has no equal in that respect."

REGULAR SIZE BOTTLE CONTAINS ONE FULL PINT


MUNYON'S PAW-PAW
THE GREAT NATURAL REMEDY
FOR Indigestion, Dyspepsia, AND ALL Stomach Ailments.
CURES Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Loss of Vitality, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Kidney, Liver and Blood Troubles, Poor Circulation, Dizziness, Constipation.
DIRECTIONS
Shake the Bottle well
PRICE, $1.00

Paw-Paw will make worn-out stomachs almost as good as new; will make good rich blood and build up the nervous system; will do away with both the necessity and desire for beer, whiskey, wine and other injurious stimulants.

A body that is overworked, a system that is run down, requires a stimulant. Alcoholic stimulants lift, but let you fall. Paw-Paw lifts and holds you.

Paw-Paw Tonic. Large bottle $1.00. Sold by all druggists. Paw-Paw Laxative Pills, best Stomach and Liver Pills known. 25c a bottle.

1871 1904

COMMENCING Monday, April 4th, we celebrate our thirty-third birthday by giving the people of Greater Pittsburgh such a galaxy of bargains as was never presented by this or any other store.

REALIZING that the season has been a backward one for the manufacturer and retailer alike, we had our force of buyers scouring the eastern markets for bargain lots the past week, and they have come back loaded down with good things—which we will offer at such wondrously low prices as to make every frugal shopper drop everything else in their wild endeavor to get their share of the unprecedented savings afforded.

YOU CAN SAVE HEAPS OF MONEY BY SPENDING IT HERE

ANNIVERSARY

Campbell's
"THE PEOPLE'S STORE"

ANNIVERSARY

This $2.50 Skirt $1.39

Just 78 of these stylish Walking Skirts (exactly like cut,) carefully tailored from fine melton cloth, full flare, self-trimmed and perfect hanging—the last hundred of these went in less than 2 hours, so get here early Monday morning if you want one of this lot.

Anniversary Sale Price **$1.39**

Lot of Ladies' Stylish Silk Waists—made of extra quality black taffeta and peau de soie—beautifully tucked and hemstitched—in sizes 32 and 34 only—were $3.98 to $8.75,

Anniversary Sale Price **$1.98**

Lot of Girls' Spring Dresses—carefully made of plaids and novelty materials—yoke, cuffs and belt of plain colored cashmeres—an elegant school garment—regularly $1.25,

Anniversary Sale Price **75c**

This $6 Chiffonier $3.50

Lot of solid golden oak Chiffoniers, in pattern exactly like cut, good construction, highly polished with 5 roomy drawers fitted with lock and key, easy running casters—our regular price is $6.00—only one to a customer,

Anniversary Sale Price **$3.50**

Lot of Dining Chairs—made of hard wood, rich golden oak finish, high back reinforced with side arms, shaped seat—sold usually for $1.00,

Anniversary Sale Price **69c**

Iron Beds—massive styles, posts and top rods are continuous pieces, fancy pattern filling, extended foot, with 3 coats of enamel baked on—regularly $6.00,

Anniversary Sale Price **$4.75**

Regular $1.00 Roxbury Carpets, the famous 10-wire grade with "Railroad Stripe" woven on the back,

Anniversary Sale Price **79c**

75c All-Wool Ingrain Carpets, extra super, full yard wide and the best quality made,

Anniversary Sale Price **55c**

An Even 100 Wilton Back Velvet Rugs, size 9x12 feet, and all new spring patterns; regular price $25,

Anniversary Sale Price **$19.50**

Nottingham Lace Curtains, in a big line of new spring patterns, 50 to 60 inches wide, and full length; regularly $1.50 and $1.75 a pair,

Anniversary Sale Price **85c**

200 Pairs of White Ruffled Swiss Curtains, for the bedroom; regular price 69c a pair,

Anniversary Sale Price **39c**

Varnished Tile Wall Papers, made of best quality rice paper, choice of our entire spring stock; best quality made and the same grade sold all over town for 30c a bolt,

Anniversary Sale Price **15c**

Babies' Mull Caps, with corded and tucked lace, full ruche and hemstitched finish; regular 39c goods,

Anniversary Sale Price **23c**

Ladies' Spring Hats, made in our own workroom, of plain and fancy mixed braids, shapes and trimmings, all the very latest designs; the kind that we make a special at $5.00,

Anniversary Sale Price **$3.98**

Ladies' Lace Shoes, in vici kid with patent tip, new spring lasts; regular price $2.00 a pair,

Anniversary Sale Price **75c**

Girls' Lace Shoes, in vici kid with patent tip, spring heel; regular $2.00 a pair,

Anniversary Sale Price **75c**

8,500 Yards of Cambric Embroideries—these are loom ends, running from 4 to 6 yards long, in widths up to 12 inches, with insertions to match; all fine quality goods, worked on good quality muslin, and worth up to 25c a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **10c**

10,000 Yards of English Torchon Laces and Insertions, assorted widths and patterns; all this spring's goods; regular price 5c a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **1½c**

Lot of Swiss Embroidered Stock Collars and Turn-Overs, an importer's sample lot; worth up to 25c each,

Anniversary Sale Price **10c**

Ladies' Belts—a manufacturer's entire sample line of fancy fabric belts; new spring styles, with handsome buckles and back pieces to match; regular price 25c,

Anniversary Sale Price **15c**

Lot of Ladies' Colored Leather Pocketbooks, plain or mounted; extra fine goods; regular prices 50c and 75c,

Anniversary Sale Price **25c**

Chiffon Foundation Stock Collars, new pointed styles in all heights and sizes; regular price 10c,

Anniversary Sale Price **5c**

Lot of Fine Quality All Pure Silk Ribbons, average width 3 inches, including satin taffetas, double faced liberty satins and gros grains, mostly whites and pinks; regular price 15c a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **8c**

Lot of 1-inch Colored Satin Ribbons, in a full line of colors; regular price 6c a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **3c**

1,200 Pairs of Ladies' Lisle Gloves, in the new Jersey wrist effect, 2 clasps and embroidered back; white, gray and mode; regular price 25c a pair,

Anniversary Sale Price **10c**

Ladies' Hose, guaranteed fast black and seamless, with spliced heel and toe; regular price 12½c a pair,

Anniversary Sale Price **6c**

Men's Half Hose—the heavy mixed cotton kind; regular price 10c a pair,

Anniversary Sale Price **5c**

Men's Colored Shirts, in percale and madras; both negligee and laundered stiff bosom styles, detached cuffs; more or less soiled; were 75c, $1.00 and $1.50,

Anniversary Sale Price **25c**

2 Bales of Unbleached Muslin, good heavy, closely woven grade,

Anniversary Sale Price **4c**

Indigo Blue Calicoes, a big lot that we sell every day in the week at 6¼c a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **4c**

White Fancy Waistings, in a great variety of new spring patterns; also a lot of corded Dimities; regular price 25c a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **12½c**

36-inch Black Taffeta Silks, a big lot we closed out from one of the largest silk manufacturers in the country, who needed the money more than the goods—so we got them at about half price; they are all pure silk with that soft rustling finish so much demanded; regularly 75c a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **39c**

36-inch Black peau de soie Silk, magnificent quality for waists, coats and full suits; every thread pure silk and a soft lustrous finish; regular price $1.50 a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **98c**

Very Best Quality Japanese Wash Silks, pink, blue and white stripes and cream cords, in 4 different styles; quality sold everywhere at 50c yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **31c**

Regular 50c Black Albatross and Batiste, fine all-wool goods, 40 inches wide, in a rich jet black, in great demand just now for waists and dresses; never sold for less than 50c a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **35c**

Regular 60c All-Wool Serges, just 2,000 yards in the lot; all the new spring shades, including black; in a good weight and a very serviceable material; quality never sold for less than 60c a yard,

Anniversary Sale Price **39c**

Regular $1.00 and $1.25 Voiles and Etamines, in a beautiful line of new spring figured effects; good, clean, fresh fabrics; all pure worsted, and 48 inches wide,

Anniversary Sale Price **69c**

$1.00 R. & G. Corsets 39c

Special lot of 350 pairs of the celebrated R. & G. Corsets, in all the best stylos, and a full line of sizes, in white, black and drab—some have slight imperfections, scarcely noticeable, however, and not enough to interfere with the wearing qualities—Regular price $1.00 a pair.

Anniversary Sale Price **39c**

Lot of Wash Petticoats—in striped seersucker—made with deep flounce and ruffle, extra width, regular price 75c.

Anniversary Sale Price **48c**

Ladies' Spring Vests—Egyptian ribbed and shaped—short sleeves and taped neck—regular price 15c.

Anniversary Sale Price **5c**

Boys' $2.50 Vestee Suits 98c

Sale of good, reliable School Suits for less than the pants alone are worth—come in plain blues and blacks and fancy cheviots—all carefully tailored—in sizes 3, 4 and 5 years only—no larger sizes at this price—were $2.50 and $3.00,

Anniversary Sale Price **98c**

Boys' Blouse Suits—in plain reds, cadet blue and green—cheviots, serges and corduroys—Sailor and Russian styles—these are all-wool sample suits, and some are slightly soiled—sizes 3 to 8 years—were $3.50 and $5.00,

Anniversary Sale Price **$2.00**

33d SALE JUBILEE 33d

SPRING RESORT HOTELS AND STEAMSHIP ANNOUNCEMENTS

ATLANTIC CITY.

Visitors to Atlantic City from Pittsburgh are invited to make free use of the facilities at The Gazette and Chronicle Telegraph bureau, on Young's ocean pier.

The facilities include stationery and a private postoffice. Letters addressed in care of The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Atlantic City, will be promptly delivered to the addressee.

Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at The Gazette office.

The Gazette's advertising representative in Atlantic City is John C. Benson, Gen'l Mgr. of The Resort Advertising Co., Bartlett Building, North Carolina and Atlantic aves. All advertisements will be accepted at the same rates as at the home office of The Gazette.

Grand Atlantic Hotel

Virginia ave. and Beach. Atlantic City, N. J. Under new management. Capacity 600. Sea water baths; 300 rooms, 100 en suite with bath. Sun Parlors. 'Phones in bed rooms. Orchestra. Cafe attached. Improved cuisine. Rates, American plan, $12.50, $15, $17.50 and upward weekly. European plan, $1.50 per day up. New photographic booklet. Coaches meet trains. Long distance 'phone 173.

A. C. Mitchell & Co., Proprs.
D. P. Rahter, Mgr.

Royal Palace Hotel

Atlantic City, New Jersey.

Directly on the Beach; the finest location on the Atlantic coast; new and modern; open from March 26th to October 1st; 300 fine ocean front rooms, en suite, with hot and cold, fresh and sea water baths, exceptional casino service. American plan. Special low Spring rates. Send for illustrated booklet.

CHAS. B. PRETTYMAN, Owner and Prop.
Lyman J. Watrous, Manager.

THE ALBEMARLE

Virginia ave., near the Beach. This elegant and thoroughly modern hotel, new throughout, contains 100 large, sunny front rooms, thoroughly steam heated, has every equipment and comfort for the entertainment of Spring guests, including private and public baths, elevator service, etc. Over 2,000 ft. of beautiful sun-parlors, a feature. Offers for the Spring season special terms for superior accommodations, and excellent table, of $8, $10, $12.50 weekly; $2 up daily. Orchestral concerts daily and evening. Booklet upon request. J. P. COPE.

HOTEL MORTON,

VIRGINIA AVE., NEAR BEACH.

Open all the year. Special rates for Winter. Refurnished and decorated. Rooms en suite, with private baths. Sun parlor. Elevator from street level. Fine table. Write for booklet and terms.

MRS. N. R. HAINES,
Owner and Prop'r.

HOTEL RUDOLF.

Open all year. American and European plans; rooms with hot and cold sea and fresh water baths; location direct on Ocean Front and Promenade. Booklets and literature can be had at the Resort Bureau, The Gazette building. C. R. MYERS, Proprietor.

THE HOLMHURST.

Pennsylvania ave., close to Beach. Central and select location. The extensive improvements, renovation and refurnishing makes this a new hotel and one of the best. Equipped with elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, private baths, running water in rooms, etc. Special Winter and Spring rates. Booklet.

HENRY DARNELL.

Hotel Dennis.

Directly facing the Ocean and the famous Boardwalk.

Hot and cold sea water in private baths.

WALTER J. BUZBY.

NEW BRICK BOSCOBEL.

Every known hotel appointment with exceptional luxury. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Elegantly furnished throughout. Rooms single and en suite, with large luxurious baths, scientific sanitary arrangements. Write for illustrated literature. Elevator to street level.

A. E. MARION, Owner and Manager.

HOTEL AUSTIN—Pacific and New York Aves. Near Beach. New and elegant. Capacity 200. Complete with steam heat, baths, etc. Special—$8 to $15 weekly. E. L. Austin.

ATLANTIC CITY.

THE GARDEN HOTEL

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
American and European Plan.
White Service Exclusively.
Sea-Water Baths.
$5.00 Per Day and Upwards.
W. I. FINCH.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND.

Ocean end South Carolina ave. Very convenient to Boardwalk, Piers and all Amusements. Rooms en suite with private baths, steam heat, sun parlor, elevator from street level. Special rates for the Spring and Easter seasons. Booklet on application. Bryan & Williams.

New Hotel PIERREPONT

OCEAN END NEW JERSEY AVE.
Now open. Capacity 500.
American and European plans.
A. C. McCLELLAN & SON

HOTEL BELMONT.

Virginia ave. near the Beach. Open all year. Absolutely fireproof. Has all Home Comforts. Elevator, Steam Heat, Sun Parlor. Special Winter rates, $10, $12, $15 weekly. No better accommodations given by any hotel on the coast. Booklet. E. S. Watson, Manager.

THE STRATH HAVEN.

Open all year. Kentucky ave., near Beach. Steam heat. Special rates. Special attention given to cuisine and service. Albert E. Glennie, manager, formerly Grand Pacific, Chicago, and Hotel Pierrepont, New York.

HOTEL ARLINGTON.

Michigan ave. and Beach. Offering Special Rates $10 up weekly. Excellent and modern. Steam heat, elevator, sun parlor, private baths, etc. Superior table. Booklet mailed.

L. A. KUNZ.

THE CHETWOODE.

Open all year, with every comfort for guests at reasonable winter rates. Heated sun parlor, private baths, spacious exchange and parlors. Near Beach and Piers. Write for booklet. EMILY M. DEMPSEY, Owner and Manager.

HOTEL RALEIGH.

Ocean end of St. Charles Place. Finest location. Open all year. Capacity 400. Elevator, private baths, sun parlor, etc. Special spring rates. Booklet mailed. C. C. SHINN.

THE RUNNYMEDE.

Park Place, close to Beach, facing City Park. Select location. New and strictly modern. Elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, rooms en suite with bath. Cuisine of the highest standard. Booklet mailed. I. M'ILWAIN.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL—Tennessee ave. Central to all attractions, every comfort for guests. American, European plan, weekly rates $8, $10, $12; transient $1.50-$2. Special rates to families and commercial trade. Music. New management. GRAHAM & CO.

HOTEL IMPERIAL. Ocean End Maryland Avenue. Admirably situated and modern in every detail. Excellent table. $2.50 to $3.50 per day; $10 to $20 a week. Send stamp for guide book of Atlantic City.

W. CHANDLER STEWART, Manager.

HOTEL ISLESWORTH.

American and European plan. Hot and cold sea water in all baths. Long distance 'phone service in bed rooms. Pure water from private artesian well. Cafe. Orchestra.

OSBORNE & PAINTER.

Hotel Ponce De Leon

Virginia ave., second house from Beach. Capacity 350. Cuisine unexcelled.

S. E. SWEENEY, Owner and Propr.

SEASIDE HOUSE.

Ocean front. Every comfort, including sea water baths, elevator, sun parlors, golf, etc. F. P. Cook & Son, formerly of Hotel Senate.

HOTEL WARREN.

Managed by CLIFFORD C. HERR of Pittsburgh. European plan. Cafe and bar. Open all year. Atlantic and New Jersey aves.; 2 blocks to boardwalk.

The Shelburne

R. E. R. RAMSEY

HOTEL STRAND.

BUILT OF BRICK.

ATLANTIC CITY.

THE LORAINE.

St. Charles Place and Beach. Hot and cold sea water baths, elevator, etc. Special Winter and Spring rates. Booklet. Samuel Wagner & Son.

THE ELWOOD.

Sea end St. James Place. Open all year. Fireproof. Rooms en suite with bath; steam heat; elevator from street level. $10 weekly and up. ROBERT S. SMITH.

HOTEL GLENDALE.

St. James Place and Beach. Rooms en suite with bath. Steam heat. Elevator from street level; $10 per week and upward. Open all year. Write for booklet. L. F. BURCH.

BERKSHIRE INN.

Ocean end Virginia ave. $2 to $3 daily; $8, $10, $12.50, $15 weekly. Capacity 300. Elevator, private baths, etc. J. O. & J. E. Dickinson.

THE WESTMINSTER.

Kentucky ave., near beach; steam heat; sun parlor; baths; elevator from street and all conveniences. Rates $8 to $12.50. Chas. Buhrs.

HOTEL MAJESTIC.

Virginia ave. and Beach. Open all year. Steam heat, elevator, sun parlor. Superior table. $10 weekly and up. Booklet. Samuel Ellis.

HOTEL MT. VERNON—Pacific, above Michigan ave. Ocean view; capacity 200. New and thoroughly appointed. Elevator, steam heat, private baths, sun-parlor, etc. Special—$10 up weekly.

CHESTER INN.

New York ave., near Beach. Open all year. Steam heat, sun parlor, elevator. Modern in detail with moderate rates. Booklet. D. Knauer.

THE PENNHURST.

Michigan ave. and Beach. Elegantly equipped; finest location. Elevator, steam heat, private baths, etc. Spring rates. W. R. HOOD.

HOTEL IROQUOIS—So. Carolina Ave. and the Beach. High class. Elevator, sun parlor, private baths, amusement hall, etc. Capacity 350. Special, $10 up weekly. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

THE SCARBOROUGH Beach Front of Maryland Ave. Write now for ocean-front rooms. Special Rates. WALTER R. DAVIS, Mgr.

HOTEL ABBEY—Pacific and Mt. Vernon aves., near Beach. Steam heat. Electric lights, elevator, suites with baths. American and European plan. Cafe attached. JOHN T. DEVER, Mgr.

THE BRUNSWICK—St. James Place and Beach. Most Central Location. All Conveniences. Steam Heat, Good Table. Special $8 Up Weekly. Booklet. Chas. H. Sasse & Son.

HOTEL MORRIS.

St. James Place.

J. Barrie Smith, Propr. Two minutes' walk from Young's Pier and the Beach.

THE WILTSHIRE—Va. ave. and Beach. Open all year. Music. Delft cafe. Long distance 'phones in rooms. Am. plan, $2.50 daily up; Epn. plan, $1.50 daily up. S. S. Phoebus.

HOTEL MERVINE—New York Ave. and the Beach. New; brick; rooms en suite with baths, $1.50 to $2.50—$9 to $14 weekly. MRS. EELLS.

PHILLIPS HOUSE—So. Conn. Ave. Enlarged with modern improvements. Terms reasonable. P. H. PHILLIPS.

THE NEW CLARION.

Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Excellent and modern. Special $10 up weekly. J. P. Giberson.

BREVOORT HOTEL—So. Carolina ave. Centrally located. Modern conveniences, terms reasonable. MARGARET WALSH, Prop.

ACME—Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Thoroughly modern. Special winter and spring rates. MRS. G. W. STODDARD.

COLWYN—21 So. Michigan Ave. Open all year. Steam heat, home comforts. Special Winter rates. E. C. Warburton.

WALDORF—New York Ave., near Beach. Home-like; cheerful. Steam heat, sun parlor. Special rates. H. E. Wright.

BEAUMONT—Tennessee Ave. near Beach. Steam heat. Open all year. $1.50 up daily. Special weekly. J. B. CORE.

MEYERDALE—21 So. Carolina Ave. Home comforts. Steam heat; $7 to $12 weekly. J. FRIES SMITH.

HOT SPRINGS, VA.

VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS,

2,500 FEET ELEVATION,
IN THE VIRGINIA MOUNTAINS
Where the Early Spring Climate, the Waters, Baths, Hotels and Scenery have no Equal in America.

Rheumatism, gout, obesity and nervous troubles cured. New Golf Club House with Squash Court, Lounging Rooms, Cafe, Ping-Pong, etc. Fine Golf Course. Tennis Courts, Pleasure Pool, excellent livery and all outdoor pastimes.

THE NEW HOMESTEAD is unquestionably the finest all-year-round resort hotel in America. Modern in the strictest sense, conducted on the broadest lines and patronized by the highest class. Broker's office with direct N. Y. wire.

Pullman Compartment Car leaves Washington 11:10 p. m., arrives Hot Springs 8:25 a. m., via Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Excursion tickets at office of connecting lines. Address FRED STERRY, Manager, Hot Springs, Va.

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Semi-Weekly Twin Screw Service
FOR PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, HAMBURG.
THE GREAT OCEAN FLYER,
S. S. DEUTSCHLAND
686½ ft. long—23½ knots average speed.
Sails Apr. 7, May 12, June 9, July 7.

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New York—Naples—Genoa.
By superb new Twin Screw Steamers.

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Cabin, $50, $60, $75, Upward.
According to Steamer.
•Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers and Genoa—Ample time allowed at each port of call for sightseeing.

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Superior Accommodations at Lowest Rates for all classes of passengers.
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For rates, Books of Information for passengers and New Illustrated Book of Tours, apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents, 17 and 19 Broadway, N. Y., or J. J. M'CORMICK, 506 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

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Compagnie Generale Transatlantique.
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier No. 42, North River, Foot Morton St., New York.
La Touraine......April 7 | •La Savoie........April 28
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General Agency, 32 Broadway, New York; McCormick & Co., 506 Smithfield st.; First National Bank, Fifth ave. and Wood st.; C. R. Feltershausen, 717 E. Ohio st., Allegheny.

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—fruits, jellies, pickles or catsup are more easily, more quickly, more healthfully sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Dozens of other uses will be found for

Refined Paraffine Wax

in every household. It is clean, tasteless and odorless—air, water and acid proof. Get a pound cake of it with a list of its many uses from your druggist or grocer.

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STANDARD OIL CO.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 201.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the construction of a public sewer on Richey avenue, from a point 163 feet east of Perrysville avenue to a ten (10) foot alley, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the construction of a public sewer on Richey avenue, from a point 163 feet east of Perrysville avenue to a ten (10) foot alley, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor, according to the provisions of the acts of assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 17th day of March, A. D. 1904.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., March 26, A. D. 1904. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 200.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the construction of a public sewer on Dunlap avenue, Richey avenue and an unnamed alley, from a point 150 feet east of Perrysville avenue to East street, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the construction of a public sewer on Dunlap avenue, Richey avenue and an unnamed alley, from a point 150 feet east of Perrysville avenue to East street, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor, according to the provisions of the acts of assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining therato and regulating the same.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 17th day of March, A. D. 1904.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., March 26, A. D. 1904. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.